

NEW DATA UPDATE 8

NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION



FEBRUARY 1983

ALMAC ELECTRONICS CORPORATION

A DKM ELECTRONICS COMPANY

14360 S.E. EASTGATE WAY
BELLEVUE, WA 98007
206-643-9992
IN WASHINGTON — 1-800-562-3287
OUT-OF-STATE — 1-800-426-1410

8022 S.W. NIMBUS
KOLL BUSINESS CENTER, BLDG. #7
BEAVERTON, OREGON 97005
503-641-9070
IN OREGON — 1-800-452-9185

NEW DATA UPDATE 8

NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION

The New Data Update 8 is provided by National Semiconductor in order to keep you abreast of the latest products available. This special issue features the first pages of data sheets published October 1982 through January 1983 (1 quarter). Two alphanumerical indexes, one by device number and one by device function, serve as guides to the contents of this Update. These indexes/tables of contents are located in the front of the book. One additional index serves as an ordering guide for all other application notes and briefs which are still available (this index is located in the back of the book).

Circle the appropriate update number on the business reply card (centerfold), add postage, and drop it in the mail to receive the complete data sheet of your choice. To order publications without an update number, please use the order number provided in the index and write it in one of the blanks provided on the reply card. Due to the costs of handling and mailing, we ask that you limit your requests to no more than 5 items.

To purchase any of the Data Bookshelf volumes, please use the order form immediately following the Data Bookshelf listings in the back of the book.

Please note the special discount coupons, for databooks, in the centerfold of the book.

As integrated circuits become more and more complex, the benefit of consistently high quality products becomes increasingly more important to customers, many of whom have long recognized National as *the* outstanding supplier of top quality products. Such recognition is the result of a management-driven Quality Improvement Program that has pervaded every manufacturing operation, from product design through assembly and packaging at National Semiconductor Corporation. Progress has been nothing less than dramatic, and National's commitment to quality will remain unrelenting in the decades to come.

TABLE OF CONTENTS/INDEX

BY DEVICE NUMBER:

	UPDATE NUMBER		UPDATE NUMBER
ADC0833 8-Bit Serial I/O A/D Converter with 4-Channel Multiplexer	100595	MM54HC10/MM74HC10 Triple 3-Input NAND Gate ..	111601
BLC-0512B 512K-Byte Memory Card Family	101527	MM54HC14/MM74HC14 Hex Inverting Schmitt Trigger	111535
BLMX-80C Board Level, Multitasking Executive for NSC800™-Based Systems	114300	MM54HC32/MM74HC32 Quad 2-Input OR Gate	111538
CIM™-100/104/108 Memory Expansion Boards	114300	MM54HC73/MM74HC73 MM54HC107/MM74HC107 Dual J-K Flip-Flops with Clear	111542
CIM-201 Serial Input/Output Board	114300	MM54HC74/MM74HC74 Dual D Flip-Flop with Preset and Clear	111543
CIM-230 Distributed I/O Bus (DIB™) Interface Board	114300	MM54HC113/MM74HC113 Dual J-K Flip-Flops with Preset	111560
CIM-311 Power I/O DIB™ Board	114300	MM54HC138/MM74HC138 3-to-8 Line Decoder	111612
CIM-411 Analog Input Board	114300	MM54HC153/MM74HC153 Dual 4-Input Multiplexer ..	111563
CIM-421 Analog Output Board	114300	MM54HC160/MM74HC160 Synchronous Decade Counter with Asynchronous Clear	
CIM-602/604 CIMBUS™ Card Cages	114300	MM54HC161/MM74HC161 Synchronous Binary Counter with Asynchronous Clear	
CIM-610 Voltage Regulator Board	114300	MM54HC162/MM74HC162 Synchronous Decade Counter with Synchronous Clear	
CIM-611 Battery Charger Board	114300	MM54HC163/MM74HC163 Synchronous Binary Counter with Synchronous Clear	111570
CIM-630 Prototyping Board	114300	MM54HC192/MM74HC192 Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counters	
CIM-640 Extender Board	114300	MM54HC193/MM74HC193 Synchronous Binary Up/Down Counters	111616
CIM-660 Firmware Monitor	114300	MM54HC253/MM74HC253 Dual 4-Channel TRI-STATE® Multiplexer	111621
CIM-802 Industrial Microcomputer COP™440R/COP2440R	114300	MM54HC280/MM74HC280 9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker	111623
Piggyback-EPROM Microcontroller	101989	MM54HC374/MM74HC374 TRI-STATE Octal D-Type Flip-Flop	
DAC1280A, DAC1280 12-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converters	102421	MM54HC534/MM74HC534 TRI-STATE Octal D-Type Flip-Flop with Inverted Outputs	111580
DM75S68/DM85S68 16 x 4 Edge Triggered Registers	102715	MM54HC4002/MM74HC4002 Dual 4-Input NOR Gate	111649
DM77/87S321 and DM77/87S421 (4,096 x 8) 32,768-Bit TTL PROMs	102868	MM54HC4075/MM74HC4075 Triple 3-Input OR Gate	111653
DM77S401/DM87S401, DM77S402/DM87S402 First-In, First-Out (FiFo) 64 x 4 Serial Memories	102860	MM54HC4078/MM74HC4078 8-Input NOR/OR Gate	111652
DP8400 — E2C2 Expandable Error Checker and Corrector	103060	MM74C945, MM74C947 4-Digit Up/Down Counter/Latch/Decoder Driver	111709
DP8409 Multi-Mode Dynamic RAM Controller/Driver	103069	MM74C946 4½-Digit Counter/Decoder/Driver for LCD Displays	111710
DS8908 AM/FM Digital Phase-Locked Loop Frequency Synthesizer	103658	National Masked Logic (NML) Family	114350
DTSW-500 Digitaltalker™ Vocabulary Selection System	103800	NS16008S-6, NS16008S-4 High-Performance 8-Bit Microprocessors	112348
FOE380B-1/FOE380B-2 Fiber-Optic Emitter	104300	NS16081 Floating-Point Unit	630490
FOR261F-1/FOR261F-2 Monolithic TTL Fiber-Optic Receiver	104315	NS16201-6 Timing Control Unit	112360
FOR361B-1/FOR361B-2 Fiber-Optic Receiver	104325	NS16202 Interrupt Control Unit	112357
FOT180B Fiber-Optic Transmitter	540095	NS16032S-6, NS16032S-4 High-Performance Microprocessors	112361
ISE/16™ NS16000 Family In-System Emulator	105600	PASCAL — PASCAL High Level Language Compiler For STARPLEX™ Development Systems	114404
LM194/LM394 Supermatch Pair	106614	SCX 6224A High-Performance 2.4k CMOS Gate Array With 2μ Gate Feature Sizes	113587
LM1949 Injector Drive Controller	107690	SCX 6324A M ² CMOS™ Gate Array NS000U Option User's Note	113588
LP165/LP365 Micropower Programmable Quad Comparator	108469		
MA1136 12 V _{DC} Automotive/Instrument Clock Module	108674		
MA1142/MA1143 Series Low Cost Digital High Efficiency LED Clock Modules	108677		
MCA600ECL/MCA1200ECL ECL 10,000 Macrocell Arrays	111850		
MM52632 32,768-Bit (4096 x 8) MAXI-ROM®	110670		
MM52664 65,536-Bit (8192 x 8) MAXI-ROM	110690		

TABLE OF CONTENTS/INDEX

Continued

BY DEVICE FUNCTION:

	UPDATE NUMBER	UPDATE NUMBER
A/D, D/A CONVERTERS		
ADC0833 8-Bit Serial I/O A/D Converter with 4-Channel Multiplexer	100595	
DAC1280A, DAC1280 12-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converters	102421	
AMPLIFIERS		
LP165/LP365 Micropower Programmable Quad Comparator	108469	
AUDIO/RADIO/VIDEO		
DTSW-500 Digitalker Vocabulary Selection System	103800	
LM194/LM394 Supermatch Pair	106614	
LM1949 Injector Drive Controller	107690	
BOARD LEVEL COMPUTER AND DEVELOPMENT SYSTEMS		
BLC-0512B 512K-Byte Memory Card Family	101527	
PASCAL — PASCAL High Level Language Compiler For STARPLEX Development Systems	114404	
CLOCKS/TIMERS/MODULES/OPTOELECTRONICS		
FOE380B-1/FOE380B-2 Fiber-Optic Emitter	104300	
FOR261F-1/FOR261F-2 Monolithic TTL Fiber-Optic Receiver	104315	
FOR361B-1/FOR361B-2 Fiber-Optic Receiver	104325	
FOT180B Fiber-Optic Transmitter	540095	
MA1136 12 V _{DC} Automotive/Instrument Clock Module	108674	
MA1142/MA1143 Series Low Cost Digital High Efficiency LED Clock Modules	108677	
CMOS		
BLMX-80C Board Level, Multitasking Executive for NSC800-Based Systems	114300	
CIM-100/104/108 Memory Expansion Boards	114300	
CIM-201 Serial Input/Output Board	114300	
CIM-230 Distributed I/O Bus (DIB™) Interface Board	114300	
CIM-311 Power I/O DIB™ Board	114300	
CIM-411 Analog Input Board	114300	
CIM-421 Analog Output Board	114300	
CIM-602/604 CIMBUS™ Card Cages	114300	
CIM-610 Voltage Regulator Board	114300	
CIM-611 Battery Charger Board	114300	
CIM-630 Prototyping Board	114300	
CIM-640 Extender Board	114300	
CIM-660 Firmware Monitor	114300	
CIM-802 Industrial Microcomputer	114300	
MM54HC10/MM74HC10 Triple 3-Input NAND Gate ..	111601	
MM54HC14/MM74HC14 Hex Inverting Schmitt Trigger	111535	
MM54HC32/MM74HC32 Quad 2-Input OR Gate	111538	
MM54HC73/MM74HC73 MM54HC107/MM74HC107 Dual J-K Flip-Flops with Clear	111542	
MM54HC74/MM74HC74 Dual D Flip-Flop with Preset and Clear	111543	
MM54HC113/MM74HC113 Dual J-K Flip-Flops with Preset	111560	
MM54HC138/MM74HC138 3-to-8 Line Decoder	111612	
MM54HC153/MM74HC153 Dual 4-Input Multiplexer ..	111563	
MM54HC160/MM74HC160 Synchronous Decade Counter with Asynchronous Clear MM54HC161/MM74HC161 Synchronous Binary Counter with Asynchronous Clear MM54HC162/MM74HC162 Synchronous Decade Counter with Synchronous Clear MM54HC163/MM74HC163 Synchronous Binary Counter with Synchronous Clear	111570	
MM54HC192/MM74HC192 Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counters MM54HC193/MM74HC193 Synchronous Binary Up/Down Counters	111616	
MM54HC253/MM74HC253 Dual 4-Channel TRI-STATE Multiplexer	111621	
MM54HC280/MM74HC280 9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker	111623	
MM54HC374/MM74HC374 TRI-STATE Octal D-Type Flip-Flop MM54HC534/MM74HC534 TRI-STATE Octal D-Type Flip-Flop with Inverted Outputs	111580	
MM54HC4002/MM74HC4002 Dual 4-Input NOR Gate	111649	
MM54HC4075/MM74HC4075 Triple 3-Input OR Gate	111653	
MM54HC4078/MM74HC4078 8-Input NOR/OR Gate	111652	
MM74C945, MM74C947 4-Digit Up/Down Counter/Latch/Decoder Driver	111709	
MM74C946 4½-Digit Counter/Decoder/Driver for LCD Displays	111710	
GATE ARRAYS		
MCA600ECL/MCA1200ECL ECL 10,000 Macrocell Arrays	111850	
SCX 6224A High-Performance 2.4k CMOS Gate Array With 2μ Gate Feature Sizes	113587	
SCX 6324A M ² CMOS Gate Array NS000U Option User's Note	113588	
INTERFACE		
DM75S68/DM85S68 16 x 4 Edge Triggered Registers	102715	
DP8400 — E ² C ² Expandable Error Checker and Corrector	103060	

TABLE OF CONTENTS/INDEX

Continued

BY DEVICE FUNCTION:

	UPDATE NUMBER		UPDATE NUMBER
DP8409 Multi-Mode Dynamic RAM		NS16201-6 Timing Control Unit	112360
Controller/Driver	103069	NS16202 Interrupt Control Unit	112357
DS8908 AM/FM Digital Phase-Locked		NS16032S-6, NS16032S-4	
Loop Frequency Synthesizer	103658	High-Performance Microprocessors	112361
MICROPROCESSORS/MICROCONTROLLERS		RAMS	
COP440R/COP2440R		DM77/87S321 and DM77/87S421	
Piggyback-EPROM Microcontroller	101989	(4,096 x 8) 32,768-Bit TTL PROMs	102868
ISE/16 NS16000 Family In-System Emulator	105600	DM77S401/DM87S401, DM77S402/DM87S402	
National Masked Logic (NML) Family	114350	First-In, First-Out (FiFo)	
NS16008S-6, NS16008S-4		64 x 4, 64 x 5 Serial Memories	102860
High-Performance 8-Bit Microprocessors	112348	MM52632 32,768-Bit (4096 x 8) MAXI-ROM	110670
NS16081 Floating-Point Unit	630490	MM52664 65,536-Bit (8192 x 8) MAXI-ROM	110690

MAXI-ROM® and TRI-STATE® are registered trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.
CIM™, CIMBUS™, COPS™, DIB™, DIGITALKER™, ISE™, ISE/16™, MICROBUS™, MICROWIRE™,
M2CMOS™, NSC800™, P2CMOS™, SERIES/800™, STARPLEX™, STARPLEX II™, TRI-SAFE™, and XMOS™
are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.

AMP™ is a trademark of AMP Corp.

Amphenol™ is a trademark of Amphenol, an Allied Company.

DEC®, VAX®, VMS® are registered trademarks of Digital Equipment Corporation.

MULTIBUS™ is a trademark of Intel Corp.

PAL® is a registered trademark of Digital Equipment Corporation.

Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog Corp.

National Semiconductor Corporation 2900 Semiconductor Drive Santa Clara, California 95051 Tel: (408) 721-5000 TWX: (908) 339-9240

National does not assume any responsibility for use of any circuitry described, no circuit patent licenses are implied and National reserves the right at any time without notice to change said circuitry.

ADC0833 8-Bit Serial I/O A/D Converter with 4-Channel Multiplexer

General Description

The ADC0833 series is an 8-bit successive approximation A/D converter with a serial I/O and configurable input multiplexer with 4 channels. The serial I/O is configured to comply with the NSC MICROWIRE™ serial data exchange standard for easy interface to the COPS™ family of processors, as well as with standard shift registers or μ Ps.

The 4-channel multiplexer is software configured for single-ended or differential inputs when channel assigned by a 4-bit serial word.

The differential analog voltage input allows increasing the common-mode rejection and offsetting the analog zero input voltage value. In addition, the voltage reference input can be adjusted to allow encoding any smaller analog voltage span to the full 8 bits of resolution.

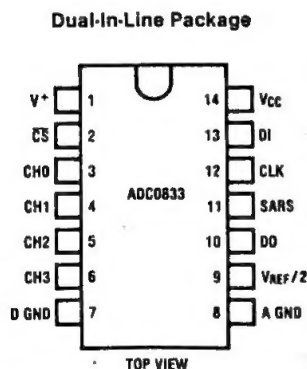
Features

- NSC MICROWIRE compatible—direct interface to COPS family processors
- Easy interface to all microprocessors, or operates "stand alone"
- Works with 2.5V (LM336) voltage reference
- No full-scale or zero adjust required
- Differential analog voltage inputs
- 4-channel analog multiplexer
- Shunt regulator allows operation with high voltage supplies
- 0V to 5V input range with single 5V power supply
- Remote operation with serial digital data link
- T²L/MOS input/output compatible
- 0.3" standard width 14-pin DIP package

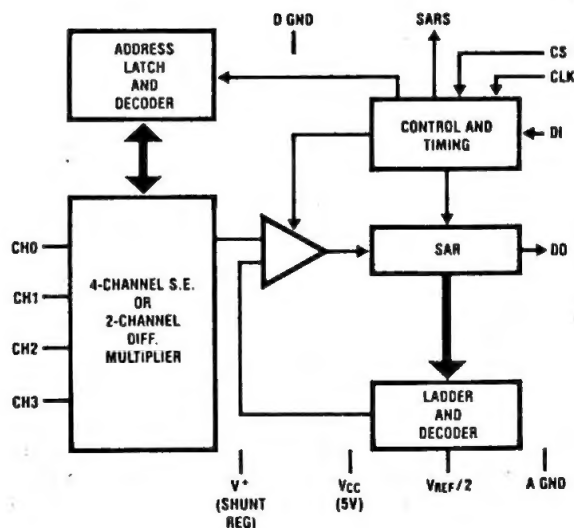
Key Specifications

■ Resolution	8 Bits
■ Total Unadjusted Error	$\pm 1/2$ LSB and ± 1 LSB
■ Single Supply	5 V _{DC}
■ Low Power	25 mW
■ Conversion Time	32 μ s

Connection Diagram



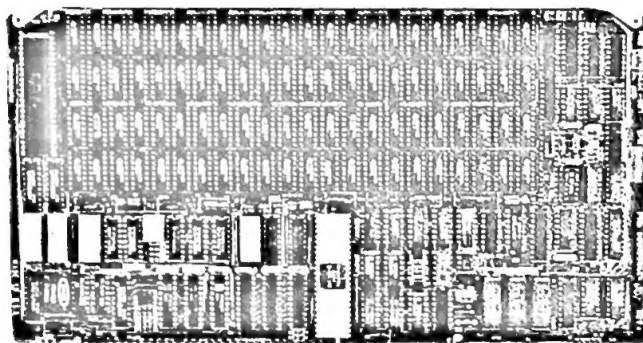
Functional Diagram



COPS™ and MICROWIRE™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.
TRI-STATE™ is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

BLC-0512B

512K-Byte Memory Card Family



■ Features

- Error checking and correction
- Selectable interrupt for un-correctable errors
- Selectable interrupt for single bit errors

■ Enhanced Systems Performance

- On-board refresh and control logic
- Internal (transparent) refresh
- Optional external refresh
- Battery backup capability

■ MULTIBUS™ IEEE 796 Standard

■ Compatible with all Series/80 Boards and Card Cages

■ Flexible Systems Capability

- 8- or 16-bit data bus
- 16-, 20- or 24-bit memory addressing
- 8- or 16-bit I/O addressing

■ Ease of Maintenance

- Control status register logs failures for CPU
- All RAMs socketed

■ One Year Warranty

Product Overview

The BLC-0512B RAM memory cards are designed to meet the user's increasing memory requirements while maintaining a high level of data integrity. The card is available in 128, 256, 384, and 512K bytes of memory. The error correction feature enhances data integrity.

ECC is a method to detect and correct errors which may occur while reading data from the RAM. In the event a data error occurs, the CPU is notified. Error information is also logged in the Control Status Register (CSR). Selectable interrupts allow the user to determine which interrupt request line is used. Any two of eight interrupt lines may be selected. Single bit errors set one interrupt and double bit errors set a separate interrupt. Both may be assigned the same interrupt.

Functional Description

The BLC-0512B is a 512K byte (256K × 22) random access memory card designed to be compatible with all Series/80 microcomputers. Utilizing the available options, the BLC-0512B is operational in a wide variety of configurations including 8- or 16-bit I/O addressing. Set via a DIP switch, the starting address may be set on any 4K byte boundary within the 16M byte range.

Control Status Register

ECC error information is stored in an on-board CSR. The CSR is a software addressable 16-bit Control Status Register. The CSR may be set to respond to 1 of 64,536 word addresses, or if operated in the byte mode, it will respond to two consecutive byte addresses. By performing a minor jumper change, the CSR will operate with an 8- or 16-bit I/O address.

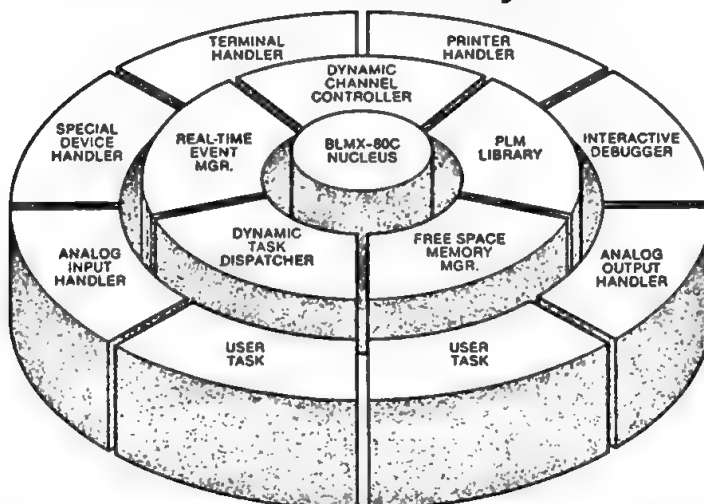
MULTIBUS is a trademark of Intel Corp.

© 1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL/E5078

Circle DATA UPDATE No. 101527

BLMX-80C

Board-Level, Multitasking Executive for NSC800™-Based Systems



■ Configurability

- Fully user configurable
- Menu selection procedure
- Hardware Independent

■ Compatibility

- NSC800, Z80®
- Bus-like structure

■ Reliability

- Small, efficient nucleus
- Simple user interface
- Standard data structures

■ User-Oriented Support

- Extensive I/O handlers
- Analog handlers
- Linkable interactive debugger

■ Easy-to-Use

- Prompting menus guide system configuration
- Comprehensive system functions
- Functional similarity for internal and external calls
- Reconfigurable

Product Overview

The BLMX-80C software system is a real-time, multitasking executive, specifically designed for use with National Semiconductor Corporation's CMOS Industrial Microcomputer (CIM™) products, but is equally usable for any NSC800-based system. It has been optimized for real-time applications such as process control, manufacturing monitoring, and data acquisition systems. The BLMX-80C Executive is fully modular and can readily be configured to suit applications needs. It is completely hardware and location independent, thereby providing a fundamental base upon which users can build a wide range of applications systems. In addition, BLMX-80C provides a bus-like structure that helps to integrate software with its underlying hardware through predefined data structures and interconnect procedures. This concept of software-bus

architecture ensures maximum quality of standardization for compatibility and future expandability.

The BLMX-80C nucleus requires only 512 bytes of RAM and 2K bytes of ROM. The system contains all major real-time functions including task scheduling, intertask communication and synchronization, interrupt handling and I/O control, as well as many optional features.

BLMX-80C provides support for all CIM CPU boards: CIM-801, CIM-802, and CIM-804, as well as the CIM-201 Serial I/O Board and the CIM-411 and CIM-421 Analog I/O Boards. Real-time modules include a handler for the System-Level Fail-Safe Timer and cold/warm start initialization. A linkable, interactive, system-level debugger is also supplied.

CIM™, NSC800™, STARPLEX™, and ISETM are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.
Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

© 1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TLJ75088

CIM™-100/104/108 Memory Expansion Boards



- Adds RAM and/or PROM to a SERIES/800™ system
- Supports 2k x 8 PROM/RAM and 4k x 8 PROM devices
- Address-assignable on 16k boundaries
- High performance, low power P²CMOS™ and CMOS technology
- Fits CIM-602/604 card cage
- All required connections for CIMBUS™ compatibility provided on-board
- Single 5 V_{DC} power supply
- -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F) operating temperature range
- Built solely with components burned in to A+ levels

Product Overview

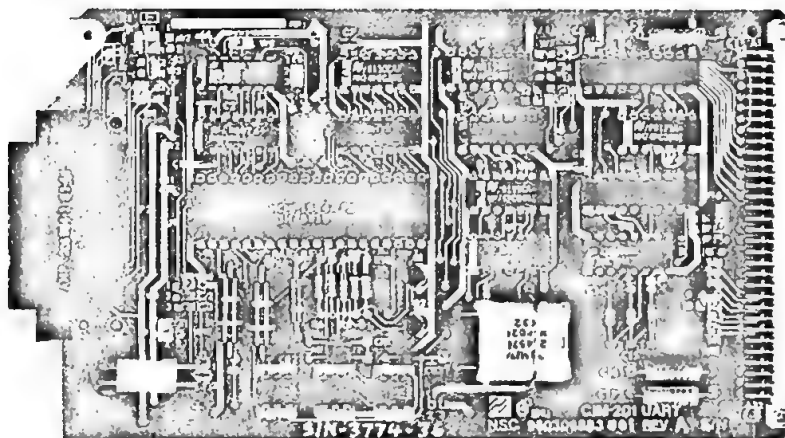
The CIM-100 series of PROM/RAM Memory Expansion Boards are members of the SERIES/800 line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P²CMOS NSC800™ microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for many applications in harsh environments, such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterruptible power supplies.

The CIM-100/104/108 PROM/RAM Memory Expansion Boards are the memory expansion boards for the SERIES/800 CMOS industrial microcomputers from National Semiconductor Corporation. The CIM-100/104/108 boards are identical except for the amount of factory-installed RAM: the CIM-100 has no RAM installed, the CIM-104 has 8k RAM installed, and the CIM-108 has 16k RAM installed. The CIM-100 series boards allow various combinations of PROM and RAM to be added to a CIMBUS system, up to a maximum of 8k PROM + 8k RAM, 16k PROM, 16k RAM, or 32k PROM. The CIM-100 series memory expansion boards, only 100 mm x 160 mm (3.9" x 6.3") in size, fit the CIM-602/604 series card cages, and are connected to the CIMBUS by 64-pin, pin-in-socket DIN 41612 connectors. See the CIMBUS System Bus Specification Manual for a description of the CIMBUS (order as CIMBUSM or Manual #420306681-001). The use of P²CMOS and CMOS technology gives high performance at low power consumption levels, and, in keeping with the aims of the SERIES/800 line, the CIM-100 series boards are designed for reliable performance over a wide range of harsh environmental conditions.

SERIES/800™, CIM™, CIMBUS™, DIB™, P²CMOS™ and NSC800™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.
Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

©1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL/T/5090

CIM™-201 Serial Input/Output Board



- Single-channel asynchronous transfer of serial data
- RS-232C or optically isolated 20 mA current loop operation
- Interfaces with wide variety of terminals, computers, printers, and other peripheral equipment
- May be configured as either data set (DCE) or data terminal (DTE)
- Can be used in pairs in demand/response mode
- User-selectable baud rates from 50 to 153600
- Standard 25-pin "D" connector for serial data
- CIMBUS™-compatible with SERIES/800™ line
- Small 100 mm x 160 mm Eurocard form fits directly into CIM-602/604 card cages
- P2CMOS™ and CMOS technology give high reliability at low power consumption
- -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F) operating temperature range
- Designed for demanding use under harsh environmental conditions
- Built solely with components burned in to A+ levels

Product Overview

The CIM™-201 Serial I/O Board is a member of the SERIES/800™ line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P2CMOS™ NSC800™ microprocessor, which com-

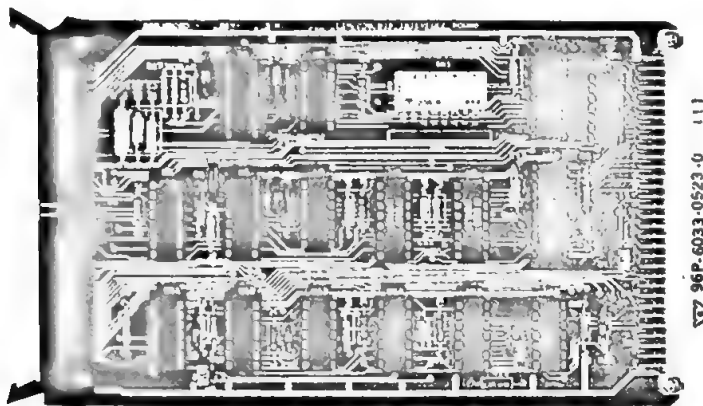
bins the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS™, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the

SERIES/800™, CIM™, CIMBUS™, D8™, NSC800™, and P2CMOS™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.

Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

©1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL7/5081

CIM™-230 Distributed I/O Bus (DIB™) Interface Board



- Provides the interface between the CIMBUS™ and the DIB
- Small (100 mm x 160 mm) single-wide Eurocard form fits CIM-602/604 card cages
- P²CMOS™ and CMOS technology give high reliability at low power consumption
- -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F) operating temperature range
- Built solely with components burned in to A+ levels
- DIB offers advantages for many applications
 - Software I/O routines are the same for all DIB I/O
 - Single 60-pin flat cable used to interface/multi-drop up to 256 input ports and 256 output ports
 - Polarized interface hardware ensures correct connections
 - Switched high voltage/current interfaces remote from card cage
 - Form factor and mounting method for user-designed DIB boards dictated only by application convenience

Product Overview

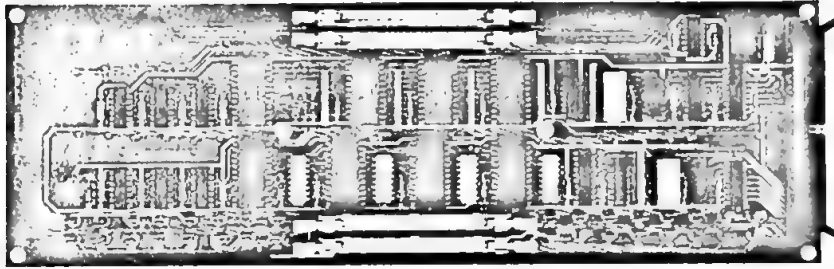
The CIM-230 Distributed I/O Bus (DIB) Interface Board is a member of the SERIES/800™ line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P²CMOS NSC800™ microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of

CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for many applications in harsh environments, such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterruptable power supplies.

SERIES/800™, CIM™, DIB™, CIMBUS™, P²CMOS™ and NSC800™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.
Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

© 1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL/T15097

CIM™-311 Power I/O DIB™ Board



- **Allows the instant addition of popular solid state relay racks to a CIMBUS™ system**
 - Provides high voltage/current switching
 - Isolates switching-induced noise from the computer bus
 - Provides terminal strips for interface connections
- **Four maskable interrupts on positive or negative-going signals, or on any change of state**
- **Interfaces to a CIMBUS system via the Distributed I/O Bus (DIB)**
- **–40°C to +85°C (–40°F to +185°F) operating temperature range**
- **P²CMOS™ and CMOS technology provides high reliability**
- **Built solely with components burned in to A+ levels**

Product Overview

The CIM™-311 Power I/O DIB™ Board is a member of the SERIES/800™ line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P²CMOS™ NSC800™ microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes

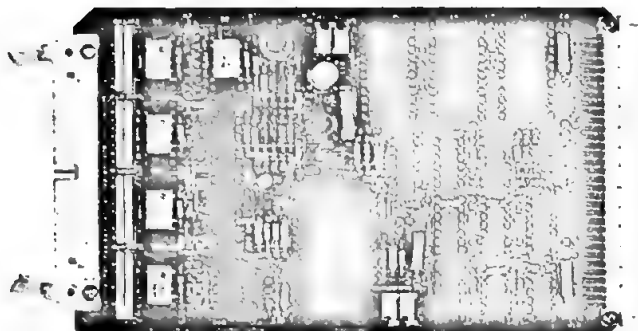
the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS™, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for many applications in harsh environments, such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterruptable power supplies.

SERIES/800™, CIM™, DIB™, CIMBUS™, NSC800™, P²CMOS™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.

Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

©1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL/R/5112

CIM™-411 Analog Input Board



- 32 single-ended, 16 differential, or 8 differential and 16 single-ended channels
- CPU program scan control: interrupt, hold, poll, or hold and poll
- Continuously adjustable input ranges between 1 to 2 and 10 to 20, or 4 mA to 20 mA current loop
- 12-bit resolution
- 50 μ s conversion time
- P²CMOS™ and CMOS technology give high reliability at low power consumption
- -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F) operating temperature range
- CIMBUS™-compatible with SERIES/800™ line
- Small (100 mm x 160 mm) single-wide Eurocard form fits CIM-602/604 card cages
- Built solely with components burned in to A+ levels

Product Overview

The CIM-411 Analog-To-Digital Converter Board is a member of the SERIES/800 line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P²CMOS NSC800™ microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the

boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for many applications in harsh environments, such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterruptable power supplies.

The CIM-411 A/D board provides analog-to-digital input for a SERIES/800 system. Under program control, it will bring 12 bits of converted analog data into the system in an interrupt, hold, poll, or hold and poll mode. The CIM-411 is capable of receiving 32 single-ended inputs, 16 differential inputs, or a combination of 8 differential and 16 single-ended inputs. Conversion time is 50 μ s with a full-scale input sensitivity selectable in two ranges, ± 0.5 V to ± 0.7 V or ± 5.0 V to ± 7.0 V differential, or 0.5V to 0.7V or 5.0V to 7.0V

SERIES/800™, CIM™, CIMBUS™, DIS™, P²CMOS™ and NSC800™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.

Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

© 1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL7/5083

CIM™-421

Analog Output Board

- Two output channels
- 12-bit resolution
- Voltage or current-mode outputs
 - 0V to +10V
 - -10V to +10V
 - 4 mA to 20 mA current loop
- P²CMOS™ and CMOS technology give high reliability at low power consumption
- -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F) operating temperature range
- CIMBUS™-compatible with SERIES/800™ line
- Small (100 mm × 160 mm) single-wide Eurocard form fits CIM-602/604 card cages
- Built solely with components burned in to A+ levels

Product Overview

The CIM-421 Analog Output Board is a member of the SERIES/800 line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P²CMOS NSC800™ microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for many applications in harsh environments, such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterruptible power supplies.

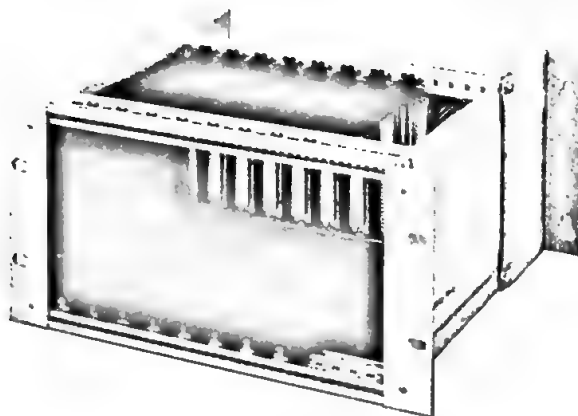
The CIM-421 analog output board provides the capability for digital-to-analog output from a CIMBUS system. Under program control of the CIMBUS microcomputer board, it will convert 12 bits of digital data to an analog signal of 0V to +10V, -10V to +10V, or 4 mA to 20 mA on either of two available output channels. The P²CMOS and CMOS technology employed allows an operating temperature range of -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F).

The CIM-421 shares the small 100 mm × 160 mm (3.9" × 6.3") single-wide Eurocard form factor with the rest of the SERIES/800 line and fits the CIM-602/604 card cages. It is completely CIMBUS compatible through pin-in-socket DIN 41612 connectors, which provide an added element of mechanical and electrical reliability by eliminating the usual card-edge connector. See the CIMBUS System Bus Specification (#420206681-001) for a description of the CIMBUS. The CIM-610 voltage regulator board supplies the +5V and ±15 V_{DC} power for the D/A converter.

SERIES/800™, CIM™, CIMBUS™, DIB™, P²CMOS™ and NSC800™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.
Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

©1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL/T75094

CIM™-602/604 CIMBUS™ Card Cages



- **Two versions**
CIM-602: 8 slots, 10.5 inches wide
CIM-604: 18 slots, 19 inches wide
- **Backplane and power supply connectors included**
- **Prototyping slots included in CIM-604**
- **Full access to active system components/signals available with CIM-640 Extender Board**
- **Provisions for front or rear mounting**
- **NEMA enclosure and RETMA chassis-compatible**
- **-40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F) operating temperature range**
- **CIMBUS-compatible with SERIES/800™ line**

Product Overview

The CIM-602/604 card cages are members of the SERIES/800 line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P²CMOS™ NSC800™ microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for

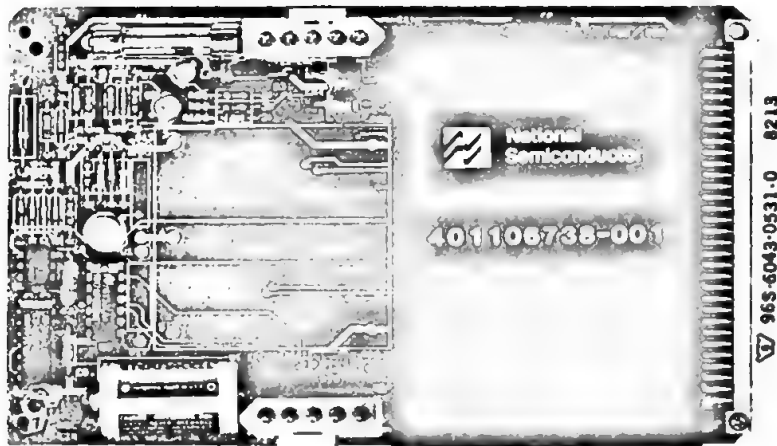
many applications in harsh environments, such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterruptable power supplies.

The CIM-602/604 card cages are the standard enclosures for SERIES/800 systems. The CIM-602 is 10.5 in. (267 mm) wide and has 8 backplane slots; the CIM-604 is 19 in. (483 mm) wide and has 18 backplane slots. Both versions contain all the power and board connectors required by the CIMBUS specification, both are compatible with NEMA enclosures and RETMA cabinets, and both may be either front or rear mounted. When fully enclosed, both the CIM-602 and CIM-604 provide a rigid, durable, environment-resistant enclosure for a SERIES/800 system.

SERIES/800™, CIM™, DIB™, CIMBUS™, P²CMOS™ and NSC800™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.
Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

© 1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL/T/5085

CIM™-610 Voltage Regulator Board



- Supplies +5, +15, and -15 V_{DC} to CIBUS™ interface
- Accepts unregulated DC input from 10.5 to 17.0 volts
- Detects both AC and DC power failures
- Provides RAM backup power from on-board lithium battery
- Self-protects against overloads, transients, and shorts
- Provides connectors for direct mounting of CIM-611 Battery Charger Board
- P²CMOS™ and CMOS technology give high reliability at low power consumption
- Operating temperatures range from -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)
- CIBUS-compatible with SERIES/800™ line
- Small (100mm x 160mm) single-wide Eurocard form fits CIM-602/604 card cages
- Built solely with components burned in to A+ levels

Product Overview

The CIM-610 Voltage Regulator Board is a member of the SERIES/800 line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P²CMOS NSC800™ microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete

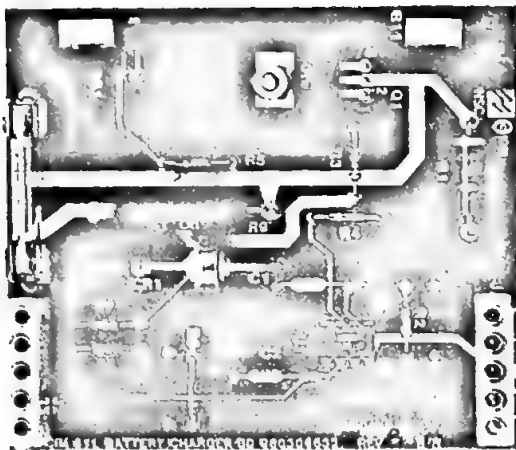
line is compatible with the CIBUS, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for many applications in harsh environments, such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterruptable power supplies.

The CIM-610 Voltage Regulator Board, operating on power input from either a system battery or an unregulated DC source in the range from 10.5 to 17.0

SERIES/800™, CIM™, CIBUS™, DIG™, NSC800™ and P²CMOS™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.
Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

© 1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TLJ15088

CIM™-611 Battery Charger Board



- Mounts directly on CIM-610 Voltage Regulator Board
- Automatically adjusts charge current to state of battery discharge
- Two charge rates — trickle and "fast"
- Operating temperature range from -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (-40°F to $+185^{\circ}\text{F}$)
- Built solely with components burned in to A+ levels

Product Overview

The CIM-611 Battery Charger Board is a member of the SERIES/800™ line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P²CMOS™ NSC800™ microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS™, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for many applications in harsh environments, such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterruptable power supplies.

The CIM-611 Battery Charger Board mounts directly on the CIM-610 Voltage Regulator Board and requires only a single +24 V_{DC} power supply. It monitors the state of discharge of the external system battery and automatically provides a fast or trickle charge as required. The use of the CIM-611 and an external battery in conjunction with the CIM-610 Voltage Regulator Board creates an effectively uninterruptable system power supply. See the CIM-610/611 Hardware Reference Manual (#420306590-001) for a complete description of the CIM-610 Voltage Regulator Board and CIM-611 Battery Charger Board.

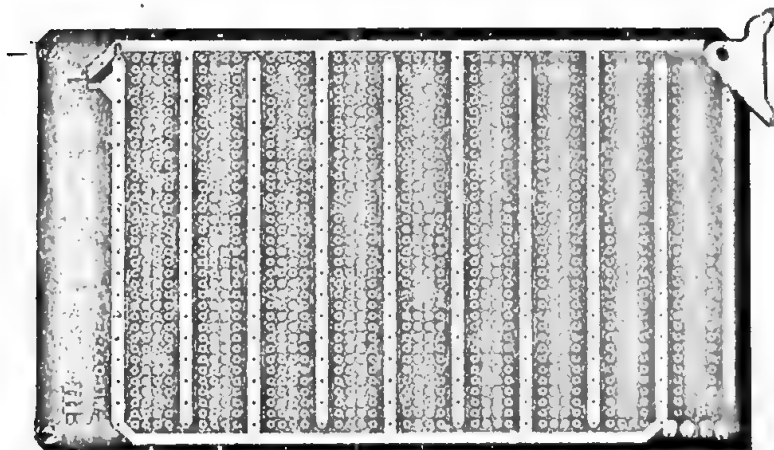
Functional Description

The CIM-611 Battery Charger Board mounts directly on the CIM-610 Voltage Regulator Board, and all connections to the CIM-611 are made through the CIM-610. The CIM-611 charges the external system battery, automatically adjusting the charge current according to the battery's state of discharge.

SERIES/800™, CIM™, CIMBUS™, NSC800™ and P²CMOS™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.
Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

© 1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL15067C

CIM™-630 Prototyping Board



- Permits addition of user-designed circuitry to a CIMBUS™ system

- Capacity for 32 16-pin DIPs
- Plugs directly into CIM-602/604 card cages

Product Overview

The CIM-630 Prototyping Board is a member of the SERIES/800™ line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P²CMOS™ NSC800™ microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for many applications in harsh environments,

such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterruptable power supplies.

The CIM-630 Prototyping Board, with a capacity of up to 32 16-pin DIPs, is a convenient, economical way for CIMBUS system users to include their own custom-designed circuitry. Completely compatible with the CIM-602/604 card cages, it plugs directly into the user's system.

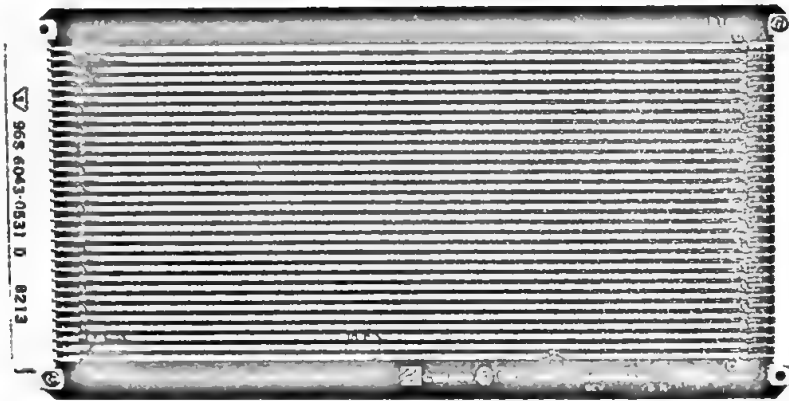
Physical Description

The CIM-630 Prototyping Board accepts up to 32 16-pin DIPs or an equivalent mix of 14-, 16-, 18-, 22-, 24-, 28-, and 40-pin configurations. It has a pin-in-socket DIN 41612 connector built in, and plugs directly into the CIM-602/604 card cages.

SERIES/800™, CIM™, CIMBUS™, NSC800™ and P²CMOS™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp. Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

© 1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL/T5086

CIM™-640 Extender Board



- Complete access to a CIMBUS™ board for troubleshooting or debugging
- Power isolation allows removal/insertion of boards without loss of data or functions as well as current measurement in a powered system
- Easily accessible test points for fast examination of bus and control signals

Product Overview

The CIM-640 Extender Board is a member of the SERIES/800™ line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P2CMOS™ NSC800™ microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for many applications in harsh environments, such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterrupted power supplies.

The CIM-640 Extender Board provides a means of extending CIMBUS boards away from the CIM-602/604 card cage to permit testing and debugging. Test points for examining bus and control signals are easily accessible, and the power lines contain jumpered openings for power removal at the extender board.

Physical Description

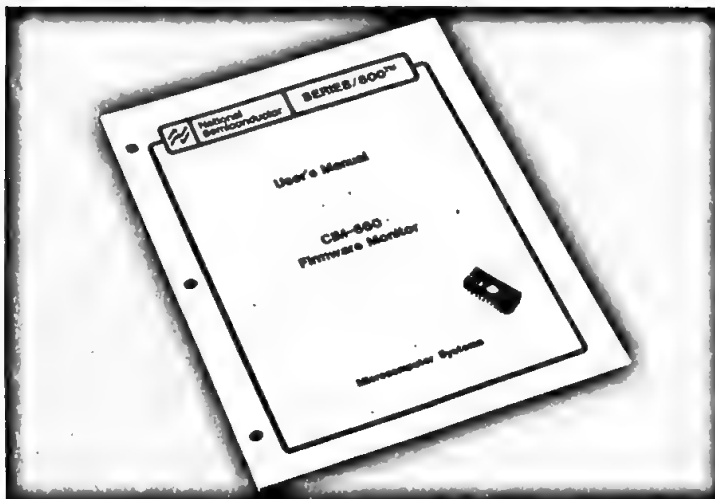
The CIM-640 Extender Board offers the SERIES/800 user the means to extend boards beyond the card cage for testing and debugging. Test points for bus and control signals are easily accessible.

In addition, the power traces on the CIM-640 have jumpered openings so that user can remove power at the board under examination rather than having to power down an entire system. The jumpered points in the power traces can also be used to insert instrumentation to measure the current to a board under power.

SERIES/800™ CIM™ CIMBUS™ NSC800™ and P2CMOS™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.
Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

© 1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL1/5089

CIM™-660 Firmware Monitor



- Single-chip system monitor for CIM-800 boards
- Display contents of memory or processor registers
- Modify contents of memory or processor registers
- Modify user programs dynamically
- Move blocks of data
- Perform hexadecimal arithmetic
- Search memory for specified data byte
- Execute user programs from monitor
- Insert breakpoints in user programs
- Input or output a byte of data
- Resides in a single NMC27C16 EPROM

Product Overview

The CIM-660 Firmware Monitor is a member of the SERIES/800™ line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P²CMOS™ NSC800™ microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS™, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the

CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for many applications in harsh environments, such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterruptable power supplies.

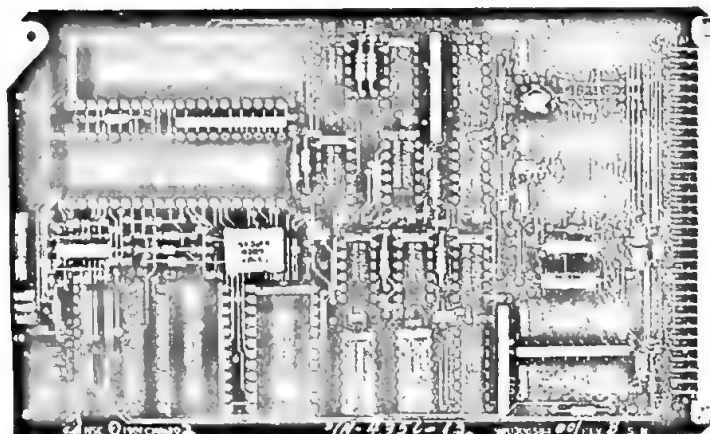
The CIM-660 Firmware Monitor is a single-chip (EPROM) system monitor that plugs into a socket provided on the CIM-800 Series Boards. Containing a complete software system, the CIM-660 provides the user all the functions usually associated with a microcomputer system monitor or debugging program and allows interactive program modification, testing, and execution.

SERIES/800™, CIM™, CIMBUS™, NSC800™ and P²CMOS™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.
Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

© 1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL/T/5085

CIM™-802

Industrial Microcomputer



- NSC800™-based computer board
- P²CMOS™ technology gives NMOS performance at CMOS power consumption levels
- NSC800 CPU—more than 158 instruction types programmable in Z80® code
- 2 MHz operation in harsh environments
- -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F) operating temperature range
- Battery backup/operation
- 2 16-bit counters/timers with prescalers
- 16 programmable I/O lines
- System-level fail-safe timer
- 2K bytes static RAM; 2K or 4K bytes PROM
- 12 vectored interrupts
- Built solely with components burned in to A+ levels

Product Overview

The CIM™-802 Microcomputer Board is a member of the SERIES/800™ line of CMOS Industrial Microcomputers (CIM) from National Semiconductor Corporation. SERIES/800 is a complete family, including CPU, memory expansion, and digital and analog I/O boards. Also included is a real-time, multitasking operating system, BLMX-80C. The line uses the P²CMOS™ NSC800 microprocessor, which combines the benefits of the execution speeds of NMOS microprocessors with the power dissipation and environmental characteristics of CMOS, and executes the Z80® instruction set. The complete line is compatible with the CIMBUS™, a documented scheme for board interconnection (see the CIMBUS specification). The CMOS technology employed, combined

with the single-wide Eurocard form factor of the boards, makes the SERIES/800 line appropriate for many applications in harsh environments, such as numeric machine control, pipeline monitoring and control, robotics, industrial instrumentation, and uninterruptible power supplies.

The CIM-802 is the board level computer that is the heart of the SERIES/800 CMOS Industrial Microcomputer board line. Featuring NSC's P²CMOS technology, this computer provides highly reliable performance over a wide range of harsh environmental conditions at low power consumption, and is eminently suitable for remote station and process control applications.

SERIES/800™, CIM™, CIMBUS™, D8™, P²CMOS™ and NSC800™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.

Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog, Inc.

©1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL/T/5082

COP440R/COP2440R Piggyback-EPROM Microcontroller

General Description

The COP440R/COP2440R Piggyback-EPROM microcontrollers are members of the COPSTM family. The COP440R and COP2440R devices are identical to the COP440 and COP2440, respectively, except that the program ROM has been removed. In place of the ROM, each device package incorporates the circuitry and socket to accommodate the Piggyback-EPROM.

The socket provided on the package accepts an MM2716 or NMC27C16. Each part is a complete microcontroller system with CPU, RAM, I/O, and EPROM sockets provided in a single 40-pin package. In a system, the Piggyback device will perform exactly as its mask-programmed equivalent.

The complete package allows field test of a system in its final electrical and mechanical configuration. This important benefit facilitates development and debug of a COP400 program prior to masking of a production part.

These devices are also economical in low and medium volume applications or when the program may change.

TRI STATE® is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.
COPSTM, MICROWIRE™, and MICROBUSTM are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.

Features

- Exact equivalent of the COP440/COP2440
- Socket and interface for industry standard EPROMs
- Two independent processors (COP2440)
- Dual CPU simplifies task partitioning—easy to program (COP2440)
- MICROWIRE™
- Enhanced, more powerful instruction set
- 160 × 4 RAM, addresses up to 2k × 8 ROM
- MICROBUSTM compatible
- Zero-crossing detect circuitry
- True multi-vectored interrupt from four selectable sources (plus restart)
- Four-level subroutine stack for each processor (in RAM)
- 4μs execution time per processor (non-overlapping)
- Single supply operation (4.5V–5.5V)
- Programmable time-base counter for real-time processing
- Software/hardware compatible with other members of COP400 family

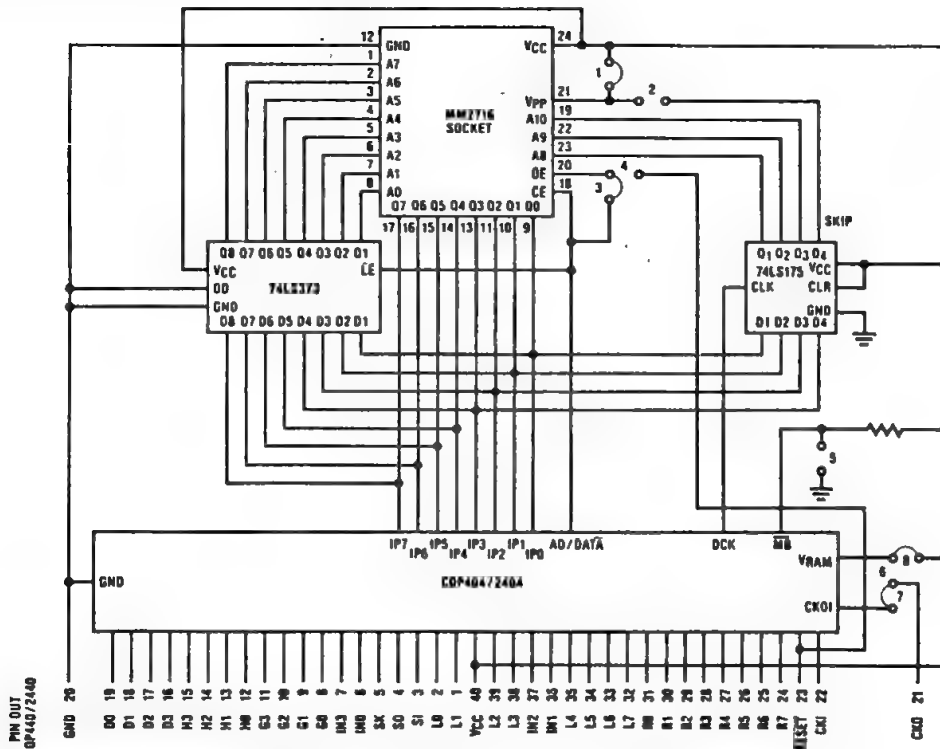


FIGURE 1. COP440R/COP2440R Block Diagram

DAC1280A, DAC1280 12-Bit Digital-to-Analog Converters

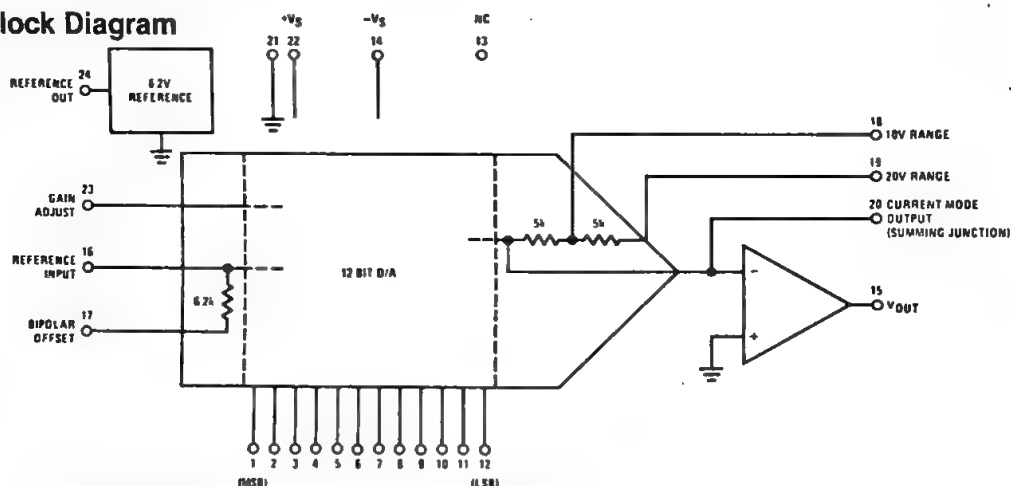
General Description

The DAC1280 series is a family of precision, low cost, fully self-contained digital-to-analog converters. The devices include 12 precision current switches, a 12-bit thin film resistor network, output amplifier, buffered internal reference, and several precision resistors, which allow the user to tailor his system needs to accommodate a variety of bipolar and unipolar output voltage and current ranges. Logic inputs are TTL and CMOS compatible, and are complementary binary (CBI) format. In all instances, a logic low ($\leq 0.8V$) turns a given bit ON, and a logic high ($\geq 2V$) turns a given bit OFF. Internally supplied resistor options provide low drift bipolar output voltage ranges of $\pm 2.5V$, $\pm 5V$, $\pm 10V$, and unipolar ranges of $0V$ to $5V$ or $0V$ to $10V$. Current mode output is 0 mA to 2 mA .

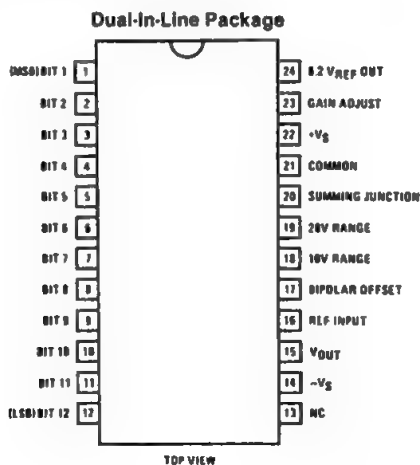
Features

- Completely self-contained with internal reference and output amplifier
- High reliability exact replacement for DAC80-CBI-V or DAC80Z-CBI-V
- $\pm 1/2$ LSB linearity max over 0°C to 70°C temperature range for DAC1280A
- $\pm 2.5V$, $\pm 5V$, $\pm 10V$, $0V$ to $5V$, $0V$ to $10V$ voltage outputs
- 0 mA to 2 mA current output
- Fast settling time: 300 ns current mode; $2.5\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ voltage mode
- Standard 24-pin IC package
- Low cost
- TTL CMOS compatible binary input logic over temperature

Block Diagram



Connection Diagram



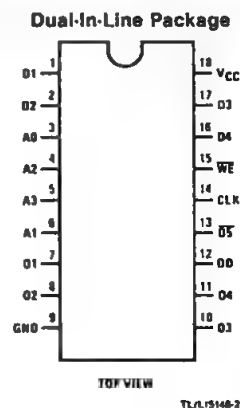
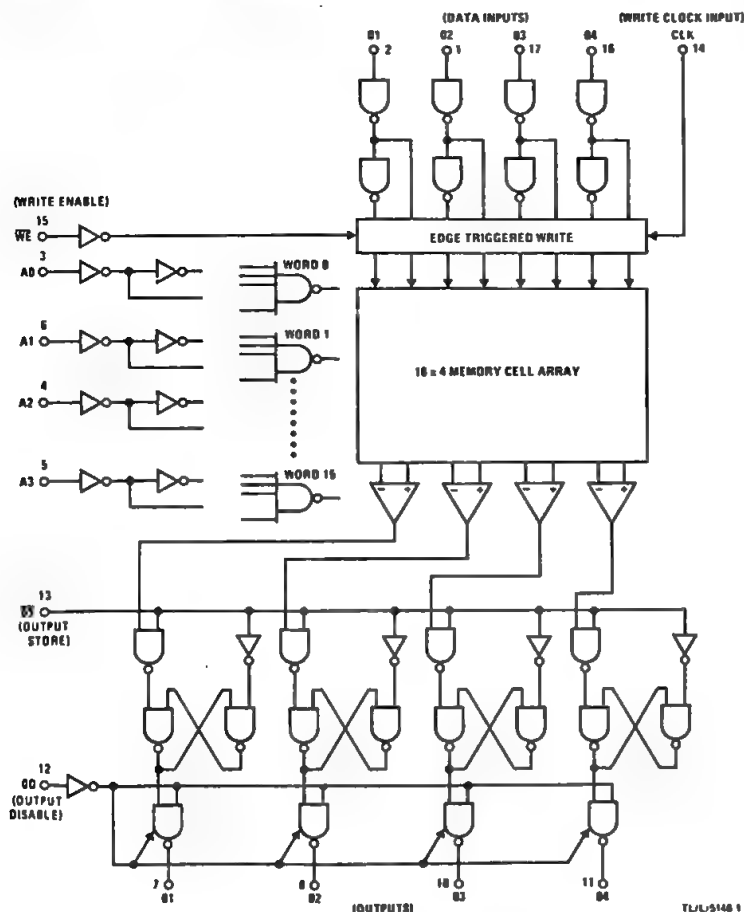
DM75S68/DM85S68 16 x 4 Edge Triggered Registers

Features

- On-chip output register
- PNP inputs reduce input loading
- Edge triggered write
- High speed—30 ns typ
- All parameters guaranteed over temperature
- TRI-STATE output
- Schottky-clamped for high speed
- Optimized for register stack applications
- Typical power dissipation—350 mW

Logic and Block Diagram

Connection Diagram



TRI-STATE[®] is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

DM77/87S321 and DM77/87S421 (4,096 × 8) 32,768-Bit TTL PROMs

General Description

These Schottky memories are organized in the popular 4,096 words by 8-bits configuration. Memory enable inputs are provided to control the output states. When the device is enabled, the outputs represent the contents of the selected word. When disabled, the eight outputs go to the "OFF" or high impedance state.

PROMs are shipped from the factory with lows in all locations. A high may be programmed into any selected location by following the programming instructions.

The DM77/87S321 and DM77/87S421 program the same as all other nonregistered PROMs from National.

Features

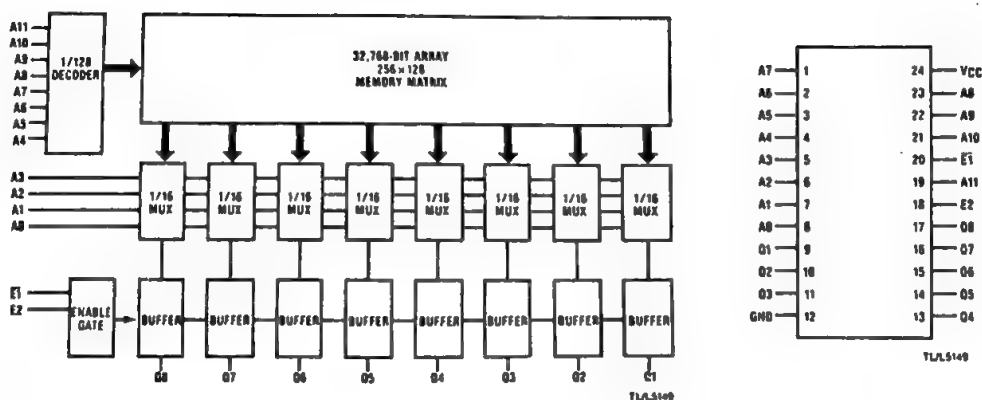
- Advanced fuse technology
- Schottky-clamped for high speed
 - Address access — 40ns typ.
 - Enable access — 20ns typ.
 - Enable recovery — 20ns typ.
- PNP inputs for reduced input loading
- All DC and AC parameters guaranteed over temperature
- Low voltage TRI-SAFE™ programming
- Generic programming.

	Military	Commercial	TRI-STATE®	Package
DM87S321		X	X	N,J
DM77S321	X		X	J
DM87S421		X	X	N,J*
DM77S421	X		X	J*

TRI-STATE® is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.
TRI-SAFE™ is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

*Thin-Dip (0.3") package

Block and Connection Diagrams



DM77S401/DM87S401, DM77S402/DM87S402

First-In, First-Out (FiFo)

64 x 4, 64 x 5 Serial Memories

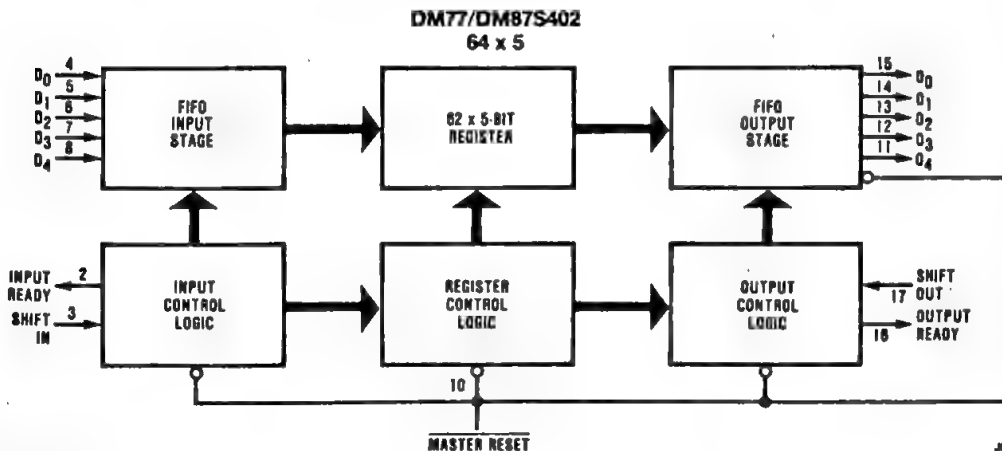
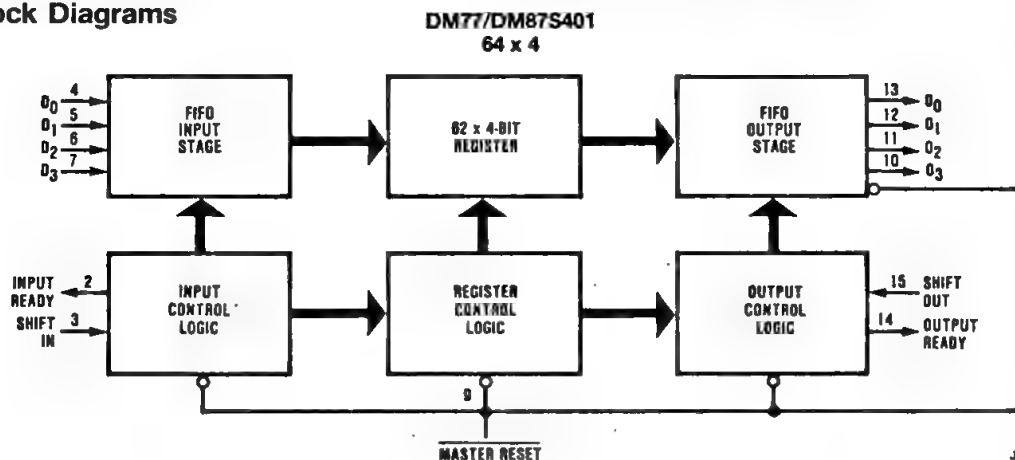
General Description

The DM77S401 is an expandable "fall-through" type high-speed First-in, First-out (FiFo) memory organized in 64-word by 4-bit, and 64-word by 5-bit structures respectively. A 20 MHz data rate allows usage in high-speed disc or tape controllers as well as PCM and communications buffer applications.

Features

- 20 MHz shift in, shift out
- TTL inputs and outputs
- Inputs and outputs are symmetrically placed on package
- Easily expandable word and bit dimensions
- Either synchronous or asynchronous operation
- Fairchild F3341 MOS FiFo pin compatible but 20 times faster!
- Twice as fast as MMI's 57/67401
- Choice of 4-bit or 5-bit data width

Block Diagrams

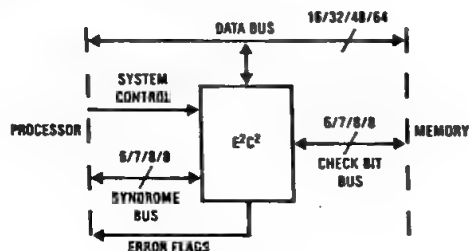




DP8400 — E²C² Expandable Error Checker and Corrector

General Description

The DP8400 Expandable Error Checker and Corrector (E²C²) aids system reliability and integrity by detecting errors in memory data and correcting single or double-bit errors. The E²C² data I/O port sits across the processor-memory data bus as shown, and the check bit I/O port connects to the memory check bits. Error flags are provided, and a syndrome I/O port is available. Fabricated using high speed Schottky technology in a 48-pin dual-in-line package, the DP8400 has been designed such that its internal delay times are minimal, maintaining maximum memory performance.



For a 16-bit word, the DP8400 monitors data between the processor and memory, with its 16-bit bidirectional data bus connected to the memory data bus. The DP8400 uses an encoding matrix to generate 6 check bits from the 16 bits of data. In a WRITE cycle, the data word and the corresponding check bits are written into memory. When the same location of memory is subsequently read, the E²C² generates 6 new check bits from the memory data and compares them with the 6 check bits read from memory to create 6 syndrome bits. If there is a difference (causing some syndrome bits to go high), then that memory location contains an error and the DP8400 indicates the type of error with 3 error flags. If the error is a single-bit error, the DP8400 will automatically correct it.

The DP8400 is easily expandable to other data configurations. For a 32-bit data bus with 7 check bits, two DP8400s can be used in cascade with no other ICs. Three DP8400s can be used for 48 bits, and four DP8400s for 64 data bits, both with 8 check bits. In all these configurations, single and double-error detection and single-error correction are easy to implement.

When the memory is more unreliable, or better system integrity is preferred, then in any of these configurations, double-error correction can be performed. One approach requires a further memory WRITE-READ cycle using complemented data and check bits from the DP8400. If at least one of the two errors is a hard error, the DP8400 will correct both errors. This implementation requires no more memory check bits or DP8400s than the single-error correct configurations.

The DP8400 has a separate syndrome I/O bus which can be used for error logging or error management. In addition, the DP8400 can be used in BYTE-WRITE applications (for up to 72 data bits) because it has separate byte controls for the data buffers. In 16 or 32-bit systems, the DP8400 will generate and check system byte parity, if required, for integrity of the data supplied from or to the processor. There are three latch controls to enable latching of data in various modes and configurations.

Operational Features

- Fast single and double-error detection
- Fast single-error correction
- Double-error correction after catastrophic failure with no additional ICs or check bits
- Functionally expandable to 100% double-error correct capability
- Functionally expandable to triple-error detect
- Directly expandable to 32 bits using 2 DP8400s only
- Directly expandable to 48 bits using 3 DP8400s only
- Directly expandable to 64 bits using 4 DP8400s only
- Expandable to and beyond 64 bits in fast configuration with extra ICs
- 3 error flags for complete error recording
- 3 latch enable inputs for versatile control
- Byte parity generating and checking
- Separate byte controls for outputting data in BYTE-WRITE operation
- Separate syndrome I/O port accessible for error logging and management
- On-chip input and output latches for data bus, check bit bus and syndrome bus
- Diagnostic capability for simulating check bits
- Memory check bit bus, syndrome bus, error flags and internally generated syndromes available on the data bus
- Self-test of E²C² on the memory card under processor control
- Full diagnostic check of memory with the E²C²
- Complete memory failure detectable
- Power-on clears data and syndrome input latches

Timing Features

16-BIT CONFIGURATION

WRITE Time: 35 ns from data-in to check bits valid

DETECT Time: 35 ns from data-in to Any Error (AE) flag set

CORRECT Time: 70 ns from data-in to correct data out

DP8409 Multi-Mode Dynamic RAM Controller/Driver

General Description

Dynamic memory system designs, which formerly required several support chips to drive the memory array, can now be implemented with a single IC. . . the DP8409 Multi-Mode Dynamic RAM Controller/Driver. The DP8409 is capable of driving all 16k and 64k Dynamic RAMs (DRAMs) as well as 256k DRAMs. Since the DP8409 is a one-chip solution (including capacitive-load drivers), it minimizes propagation delay skews, the major performance disadvantage of multiple-chip memory drive and control.

The DP8409's 8 modes of operation offer a wide selection of DRAM control capabilities. Memory access may be controlled externally or on-chip automatically; an on-chip refresh counter makes refreshing (either externally or automatically controlled) less complicated; and automatic memory initialization is both simple and fast.

The DP8409 is a 48-pin DRAM Controller/Driver with 9 multiplexed address outputs and 6 control signals. It consists of two 9-bit address latches, a 9-bit refresh counter, and control logic. All output drivers are capable of driving 500pF loads with propagation delays of 25ns. The DP8409 timing parameters are specified driving the typical load capacitance of 88 DRAMs, including trace capacitance.

The DP8409 has 3 mode-control pins: M2, M1, and M0, where M2 is in general REFRESH. These 3 pins select 8 modes of operation. Inputs B1 and B0 in the memory access modes (M2 = 1), are select inputs which select one of four RAS outputs. During normal access, the 9 address outputs can be selected from the Row Address Latch or the Column Address Latch. During refresh, the 9-bit on-chip refresh counter is enabled onto the address bus and in this mode all RAS outputs are selected, while CAS is inhibited.

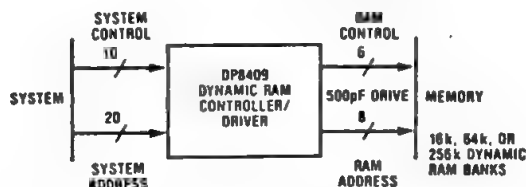
The DP8409 can drive up to 4 banks of DRAMs, with each bank comprised of 16k's, 64k's, or 256k's. Control signal outputs RAS, CAS, and WE are provided with the same drive capability. Each RAS output drives one bank of DRAMs so that the four RAS outputs are used to select the banks, while CAS, WE, and the multiplexed addresses can be connected to all of the banks of DRAMs. This leaves the non-selected banks in the standby mode (less than one tenth of the operating power) with the data outputs in TRI-STATE®. Only the bank with its associated RAS low will be written to or read from.

Operational Features

- All DRAM drive functions on one chip — minimizes skew on outputs, maximizes AC performance
- On-chip capacitive-load drives (specified to drive up to 88 DRAMs)
- Drives directly all 16k, 64k, and 256k DRAMs
- Capable of addressing 64k, 256k, or 1M words
- Propagation delays of 25ns typical at 500pF load
- CAS goes low automatically after column addresses are valid if desired
- Auto Access mode provides RAS, row to column select, then CAS automatically and fast
- WE follows WIN unconditionally—offering READ, WRITE or READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycles
- On-chip 9-bit refresh counter with selectable End-of-Count (127, 255, or 511)
- End-of-Count indicated by RF I/O pin going low at 127, 255, or 511
- Low input on RF I/O resets 9-bit refresh counter
- CAS inhibited during refresh cycle
- Fall-through latches on address inputs controlled by ADS
- TRI-STATE outputs allow multi-controller addressing of memory
- Control output signals go high-impedance logic "1" when disabled for memory sharing
- Power-up: counter reset, control signals high, address outputs TRI-STATE, and End-of-Count set to 127

Mode Features

- 8 modes of operation: 3 access, 3 refresh, and 2 set-up
- 2 externally controlled modes: 1 access and 1 refresh (Modes 0, 4)
- 2 auto-access modes RAS → R/C → CAS automatic, with $t_{RAH} = 20$ or 30ns minimum (Modes 5, 6)
- Auto-access mode allows Hidden Refreshing (Mode 5)
- Forced Refresh requested on RF I/O if no Hidden Refresh (Mode 5)
- Forced Refresh performed after system acknowledge of request (Mode 1)
- Automatic Burst Refresh mode stops at End-of-Count of 127, 255, or 511 (Mode 2)
- 2 All-RAS Access modes externally or automatically controlled for memory initialization (Modes 3a, 3b)
- Automatic All-RAS mode with external 8-bit counter frees system for other set-up routines (Mode 3a)
- End-of-Count value of Refresh Counter set by B1 and B0 (Mode 7)



DS8908 AM/FM Digital Phase-Locked Loop Frequency Synthesizer

General Description

The DS8908 is a PLL synthesizer designed specifically for use in AM/FM radios. It contains the reference oscillator, a phase comparator, a charge pump, an operational amplifier, a 120 MHz ECL/1²L dual modulus programmable divider, and a 19-bit shift register/latch for serial data entry. The device is designed to operate with a serial data controller generating the necessary division codes for each frequency, and logic state information for radio function inputs/outputs.

A 3.96 MHz pierce oscillator and divider chain generate a 1.98 MHz external controller clock, a 20 kHz, 10 kHz, 9 kHz, and 1 kHz reference signals, and a 50 Hz time-of-day signal. The oscillator and divider chain are sourced by the V_{CCM} pin thus providing a low power controller clock drive and time-of-day indication when the balance of the PLL is powered down.

The 21-bit serial data stream is transferred between the frequency synthesizer and the controller via a 3-wire bus system comprised of a data line, a clock line, and an enable line.

The first 2 bits in the serial data stream address the synthesizer thus permitting other devices such as display drivers to share the same bus. The next 14 bits are used for the PLL ($N + 1$) divide code. The 15th bit is used internally to select the AM or FM local oscillator input. A high level on this bit enables the FM input and a low level enables the AM input. The 16th and 17th bits are used to select one of the 4 reference frequencies. The 18th and 19th bits are connected via latches to open collector outputs. These outputs can be used to drive radio functions such as gain, mute, AM, FM, or charge pump current source levels.

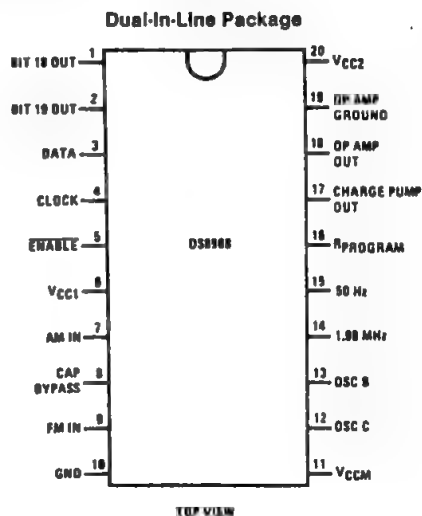
The PLL consists of a 14-bit programmable 1²L divider, an ECL phase comparator, an ECL dual modulus ($p/p + 1$) prescaler, a high speed charge pump, and an operational amplifier. The programmable divider divides by ($N + 1$), N being the number loaded into the shift register. The programmable divider is clocked through a $+7/8$ prescaler by the AM input or through a $+63/64$ prescaler by the FM input. The AM input will work at frequencies up to 15 MHz, while the FM input works up to 120 MHz. The VCO can be tuned with a frequency resolution of either 1 kHz, 9 kHz, 10 kHz, or 20 kHz. The buffered AM and FM inputs are self-biased and can be driven directly by the VCO through a capacitor. The ECL phase comparator produces very accurate resolution of the phase difference between the input signal and the reference oscillator. The high speed charge pump consists of a switchable constant current source and sink. The charge pump can be programmed to deliver from 75 μ A to 750 μ A of constant current by connection of an external resistor from pin $R_{PROGRAM}$ to ground or the open collector bit outputs. Connection of programming resistors to the bit outputs enables the controller to adjust the

loop gain for the particular reference frequency selected. The charge pump will source current if the VCO frequency is high and sink current if the VCO frequency is low. The low noise operational amplifier provided has a high impedance JFET input and a large output voltage range. The op amp's negative input is common with the charge pump output and its positive input is internally biased.

Features

- Uses inexpensive 3.96 MHz reference crystal
- F_{IN} capability greater than 120 MHz allows direct synthesis at FM frequencies
- FM resolution of either 10 kHz or 20 kHz allows usage of 10 7 MHz ceramic filter distribution
- Serial data entry for simplified control
- 50 Hz output for time-of-day reference driven from separate low power V_{CCM}
- 2 open collector buffered outputs for controlling various radio functions or loop gain
- Separate AM and FM inputs; AM input has 15 mV (typical) hysteresis
- Programmable charge pump current sources enable adjustment of system loop gain
- Operational amplifier provides high impedance load to charge pump output and a wide voltage range for the VCO input

Connection Diagram



DTSW-500 Digitalker™ Vocabulary Selection System

Product Description

The DTSW-500 Digitalker™ Vocabulary Selection System (DVSS) is a CP/M software package which provides 500 highly intelligible English words in a male speaking voice. These words are intended for users of National Semiconductor's Digitalker MM54104 Speech Processor Chip. The package provides complete menu driven software that allows users to create speech PROMs containing a vocabulary of words, phrases, or sentences put together from the 500 words supplied.

The DVSS package consists of 2 floppy disks and a functional specification. The first disk contains the speech data archive and the second contains the system software. Both floppy disks are standard 8" single-sided, single density disks written in CP/M format.

In a typical application, a user would start by developing a vocabulary for his envisioned talking product. This vocabulary could be composed of a list of single words, phrases, or sentences. A CP/M file is created containing the vocabulary list using any CP/M based text editor or the editor provided with the DVSS. This vocabulary list is checked to assure that all words on the list are contained in the current archive. Missing or misspelled words are flagged and the user must then return to the text editor to make corrections.

The DVSS software creates what is called a work file for the vocabulary from an error-free vocabulary list. This work file can then be submitted to the ROM building routine. The output is a ROM image in one of two formats, either binary or Intel hex hexadecimal. Either of these files in turn can be used to program PROMs.

In order to use the DVSS software, a user needs a computer system that runs CP/M and that can read two 8 inch single density, single sided CP/M formatted floppy disks simultaneously. The system must also include an 80 column by 24 line CRT. Otherwise, DVSS is a self contained software system.

The DVSS programs are easy to use. Menu selections guide the user through all program modules. A complete instruction manual and tutorial examples ensure that even a person unfamiliar with speech or programming will have little difficulty in producing vocabulary lists and speech PROMs.

The speech ROM images produced by the DVSS system will be nearly as memory efficient as speech ROMs produced at the National Semiconductor Speech Lab. The data rate for ROMs containing more than 50 words will be approximately 1200 bits per word. Smaller vocabularies result in slightly higher data rates.

Features

- Create your own speech ROMs
- Choose words from a large library
 - 500 words to start
 - Future library expansion
- Build sentences and phrases
- No previous knowledge of synthetic speech required
- Runs on most CP/M machines
- Easy to use menu driven program

Functional Description

THE SPEECH DATA ARCHIVE

The speech data disk supplied with the system contains 500 words. (See Table 3.) Each word stored on the floppy is a self-contained, stand-alone, playable entity. Adding further standard vocabulary or even custom words to the archive is a simple operation which is discussed in the software section below.

THE SOFTWARE

The DVSS software is a CP/M 2.2 applications program written in BDS C which will execute on most CP/M 2.2 compatible computers. The software requires the service of a CRT terminal. (Supported terminals are listed in Table 2.) The system manual explains how to add support for terminals which are not listed.

The entire program is operated by making menu-prompted choices. At every level of the program there is a "Help" option which provides on-line documentation of all available choices. The highest level menu selections (shown in Table 1) outline the basic functions of the software.

**TABLE 1. The Top Level DVSS Menu
Digitalker Vocabulary Selection System**

- Quit
- Help
- Operate on Speech Data Archives
- Prepare Vocabulary Lists
- Build Speech Data ROM images
- Program Speech Data EPROMs

Hit SPACE to move selector; hit RETURN to perform selection.

FOE380B-1/FOE380B-2 Fiber-Optic Emitter

General Description

The FOE380B is a series of self-contained Gallium Aluminum Arsenide infrared emitters designed for data transmission via optical fibers with the female portion of the connector integral to the low profile cast metal housing. The FOE380B series is designed to mount directly to PC boards with 0.5" or greater board-to-board spacing. To ensure reliable and repeatable optical coupling with minimum source-to-fiber alignment losses, the package mates with the Amphenol™ micro bayonet connector. When used with the FOR361B series of Fiber-Optic Receivers, the system is ideal for data rates from DC to 10Mbits/s NRZ.



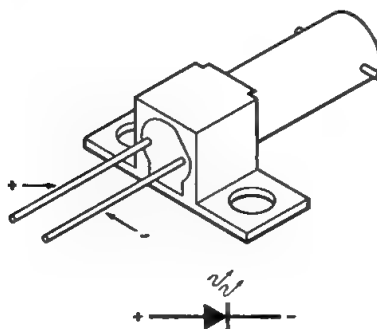
Features

- High efficiency 820nm emitter
- High-speed, fast response; 30ns
- Eliminates receptacle housing
- Lower total system cost
- Low profile — under 0.3"
- Quickly demountable Amphenol bayonet-type optical connector
- Efficient and reliable optical coupling
- Wavelength matched to minimum attenuation region of most glass fiber cables.

Applications

- Data communication networks
- Secure communications
- Peripheral control/communications
- Industrial machine control
- Video transmission
- FCC compliant interconnections

Connection Diagram



Amphenol™ is a trademark of Amphenol, an Allied Company

FOR261F-1/FOR261F-2 Monolithic TTL Fiber-Optic Receiver

General Description

The FOR261F is a series of high-speed monolithic fiber-optic receivers accepting optical input and providing TTL outputs at NRZ data rates to 10 Mbits/s with either 15 or 20 μ W of optical power. It is available in a short ferrule package which is compatible with Amphenol™ and AMP™ standard receptacles.



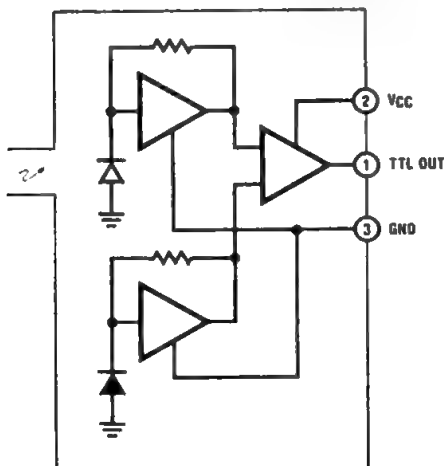
Features

- Single +5V supply
- Optical input, TTL output
- 10 Mbits/s NRZ data rate with fanout of 10
- < 10⁻¹⁰ bit error rate
- Short ferrule package with 400 μ M diameter optical port
- Compatible with AMP #227240-1 and Amphenol #905-135-5000 receptacle
- Temperature-compensated input
- DC coupled

Applications

- Data communications
- Optical modem
- Industrial machine control
- Peripheral control/communications

Equivalent Circuit and Connection Diagram



TLK5089-1

AMP™ is a trademark of AMP Corp.
Amphenol™ is a trademark of Amphenol an Allied Company.

FOR361B-1/FOR361B-2 Fiber-Optic Receiver

General Description

The FOR361B is a series of self-contained monolithic TTL-compatible receivers designed for data transmission via optical fibers with the female portion of the connector integral to the low profile cast metal housing. The FOR361B series is designed to mount directly to PC boards with 0.5" or greater board-to-board spacing. To ensure reliable and repeatable optical coupling with minimum source-to-fiber alignment losses, the package mates with the Amphenol™ micro bayonet connector. When used with the FOE380B series of Fiber-Optic Emitters, the system is ideal for data rates from DC to 10Mbits/s NRZ.

Features

- Single +5V supply
- Optical input, TTL output
- 10Mbits/s NRZ data rate
- $<10^{-10}$ bit error rate
- Low profile — under 0.3"
- Eliminates receptacle housing
- Quickly demountable Amphenol bayonet-type optical connector
- Efficient and reliable optical coupling
- Temperature compensated input

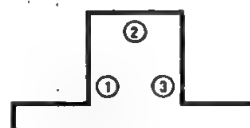
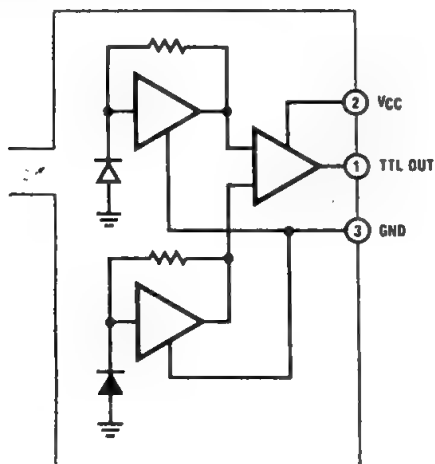
Amphenol™ is a trademark of Amphenol, an Allied Company

Applications

- Data communication networks
- Optical modem
- Industrial machine control
- Peripheral control/communications
- Secure communications
- Video transmission
- FCC compliant interconnections



Equivalent Schematic and Connection Diagram

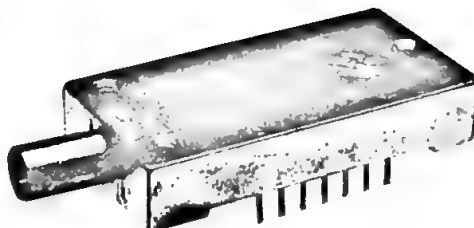


Back View

FOT180B Fiber-Optic Transmitter

General Description

The FOT180B is a high-speed fiber-optic transmitter. It is designed for digital data transmission via optical fibers with data rates up to 20Mbits/s NRZ. The package includes the driver circuitry, optical light source, and female portion of the connector. The bayonet-type connector on the package simplifies and ensures reliable optical coupling with minimal source to fiber alignment losses. The low-profile metal package is ideal for direct PC board mounting with 0.5" board-to-board spacing. When used with the FOR100B fiber-optic receiver, the pair provides a complete optical data link with TTL compatible interfacing. Connectors are available from Amphenol™.



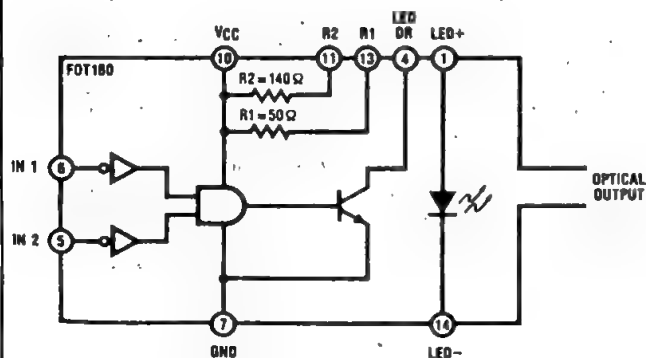
Features

- Single +5V supply
- DC to 20Mbits/s NRZ data rate
- Pin selectable optical output power
- LED built-in
- CMOS/TTL compatibility
- Data and enable inputs
- Quickly demountable Amphenol bayonet-type optical connector
- 14-pin low profile package (0.3") for direct PC board mounting
- Open collector output driver

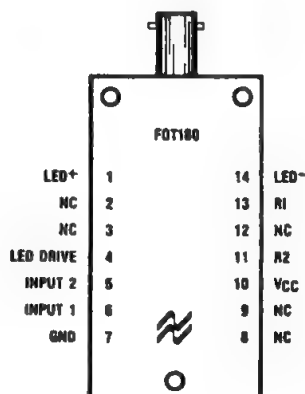
Applications

- Data communication networks
- Secure communications
- Peripheral control/communication
- Industrial machine control
- T1 and T2 telecom digital links
- Optical modems
- Video transmission

Schematic and Connection Diagram



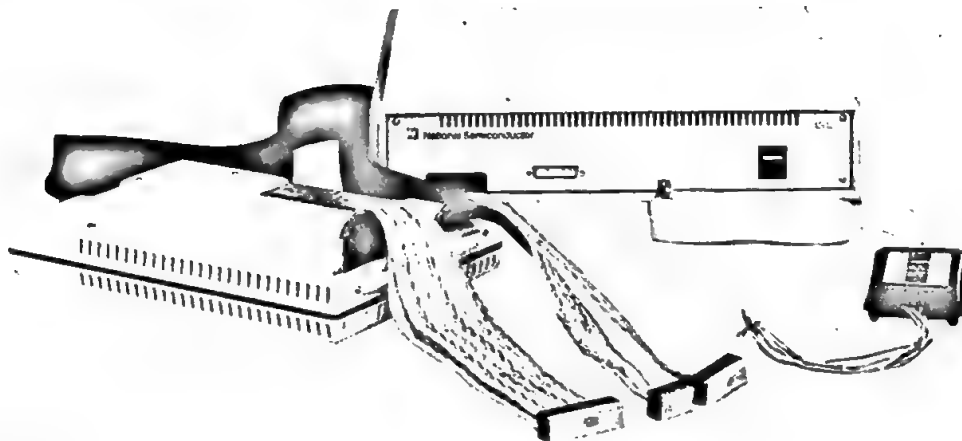
Case is isolated.



TOP VIEW

Amphenol™ is a trademark of Amphenol, an Allied Company

ISE/16™ NS16000 Family In-System Emulator



Features

- Operation up to 6 MHz
- Emulation of NS16032 Central Processing Unit, NS16082 Memory Management Unit, NS16201 Timing Control Unit
- Host resident high level language and assembly language symbolic debugger
- Generalized event driven system
- Memory mapping, up to 30K bytes
- Write protection/detection of 2K byte memory blocks
- Program flow tracing, up to 255 non-sequential fetches
- Complete bus activity trace
- Qualified tracing
- Pre-, post-, or center- triggering on trace
- Count-down event counter
- Count-up execution timer/counter
- Supports memory management unit functions
- Runs on VAX/11 (VMS) host
- Hierarchical help facility (on-line manual)
- Self-diagnostic

DEC, VAX, VMS are registered trademarks of Digital Equipment Corporation
ISETM and ISE/16™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.

1. Product Description

The NS16032 In-System Emulator (ISE/16™) is a powerful tool for both hardware and software development of NS16032 microprocessor-based products.

When used with a host system such as VAX (VMS), ISE/16 emulates a complete NS16000 chip set. This chip set includes the 16032 Central Processing Unit (CPU), the 16082 Memory Management Unit (MMU), and the 16201 Timing Control Unit (TCU). ISE/16 allows users to test and debug both hardware and software in their own hardware environment. ISE/16 operates in either of two modes: emulation mode, when ISE/16 is actually running the user's program, or monitor mode, when ISE/16 is communicating with the user via the host system.

ISE/16 is a complete unit, including an internal clock oscillator and 30K bytes of RAM. With ISE/16, users can easily stop emulation and examine the contents of CPU registers, slave processor registers, and memory.

ISE/16 consists of the ISETM hardware, the ISE monitor, and a host-dependent debugger (IDBG16).

ISE/16 hardware is the circuitry required for emulation of a user's target system. It interfaces to the host system with an RS232-compatible serial link and provides a second RS232 port for an optional terminal connection. The ISE/16 hardware also has three target cables for connections to the target system. The target cables plug into the target system CPU, MMU, and TCU sockets.

The ISE monitor is the ISE hardware control program that monitors the host system serial data link. The ISE monitor receives monitor commands from the host system, acknowledges these commands, and generates the appropriate responses. The ISE monitor also controls the target system emulation program.

IDBG16 is the interactive debugger program for ISE/16. It runs on the host system and makes the host system facilities available to the ISE/16 user. IDBG16 automatically translates commands entered at a host system terminal to the equivalent ISE monitor commands, and communicates with the ISE monitor via the serial data link.

LM1949 Injector Drive Controller

General Description

The LM1949 linear integrated circuit serves as an excellent control of fuel injector drive circuitry in modern automotive systems. The IC is designed to control an external power NPN Darlington transistor that drives the high current injector solenoid. The current required to open a solenoid is several times greater than the current necessary to merely hold it open; therefore, the LM1949, by directly sensing the actual solenoid current, initially saturates the driver until the "peak" injector current is four times that of the idle or "holding" current (*Figure 3-Figure 7*). This guarantees opening of the injector. The current is then automatically reduced to the sufficient holding level for the duration of the input pulse. In this way, the total power consumed by the system is dramatically reduced. Also, a higher degree of correlation of fuel to the input voltage pulse (or duty cycle) is achieved, since opening and closing delays of the solenoid will be reduced.

Normally powered from a 5-volt $\pm 10\%$ supply, the IC is typically operable over the entire temperature range (-55°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ambient) with supplies as low as 3 volts. This is particularly useful under "cold crank" conditions when the battery voltage may drop low enough to deregulate the 5-volt power supply.

The LM149 is available in the plastic miniDIP, (contact factory for other package options).

Features

- Low voltage supply (3V-5.5V)
- 22mA output drive current
- No RFI radiation
- Adaptable to all injector current levels
- Highly accurate operation
- TTL/CMOS compatible input logic levels
- Short circuit protection
- High impedance input
- Externally set holding current, I_H
- Internally set peak current ($4 \times I_H$)
- Externally set time-out
- Can be modified for full switching operation
- Available in plastic 8-pin miniDIP

Applications

- Fuel injection
- Throttle body injection
- Solenoid controls
- Air and fluid valves
- DC motor drives

Typical Application Circuit

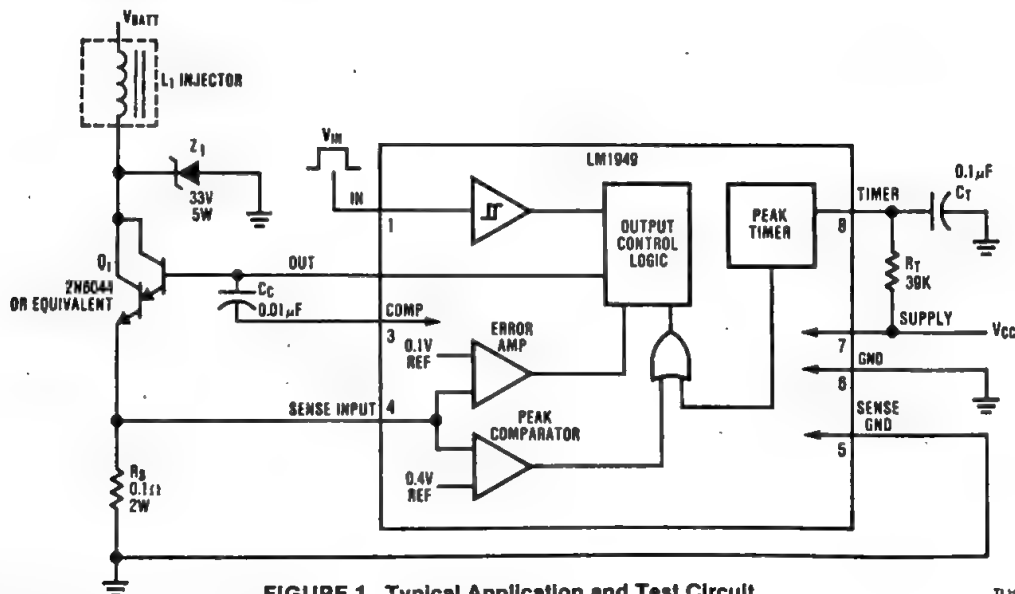


FIGURE 1. Typical Application and Test Circuit

TLX-5002-1

LP165/LP365 Micropower Programmable Quad Comparator

General Description

The LP165 series consists of four independent voltage comparators. The comparators can be programmed, four at the same time, for various supply currents, input currents, response times and output current drives. This is accomplished by connecting a single resistor between the V_{CC} and I_{SET} pins.

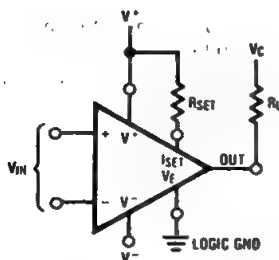
These comparators can be operated from split power supplies or from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages. The input can sense signals at ground level even with single supply operation. The unique output NPN transistor stages are uncommitted to either power supply. They can be connected directly to various logic system supplies so that they are highly flexible to interface with various logic families.

Application areas include battery power circuits, threshold detectors, zero crossing detectors, simple serial A/D converters, VCO, multivibrators, voltage converters, power sequencers, and high performance V/F converters, and RTD linearization.

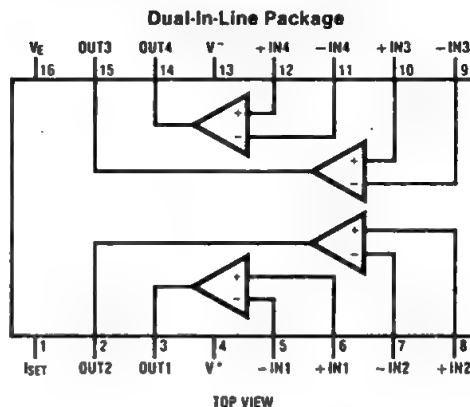
Features

- Single programming resistor to tailor power consumption, input current, speed and output current drive capability
- Wide single supply voltage range or dual supplies ($4 V_{DC}$ to $36 V_{DC}$ or $\pm 2.0 V_{DC}$ to $\pm 18 V_{DC}$)
- Low supply current drain ($10 \mu A$) and low power consumption ($10 \mu W/\text{comparator}$) @ $I_{SET} = 0.5 \mu A$, $V_{CC} = 5 V_{DC}$
- Uncommitted output stage — selectable output levels
- Output directly compatible with DTL, TTL, CMOS, MOS or other special logic families
- Input common-mode range includes ground
- Differential input voltage equal to the power supply voltage

Typical Connection



Connection Diagram



Programming Equation

$$I_{SET} = \frac{(V^+) - (V^-) - 1.3V}{R_{SET}}$$

$$I_{SUPPLY} \approx 22 \times I_{SET}$$

MA1136 12 V_{DC} Automotive/Instrument Clock Module

General Description

The MA1136 is an electronic digital automotive clock module featuring 4-digit high efficiency LED displays. It is designed to offer the user a low cost automotive or instrument clock module with electronic assembly capability. A minimum number of discrete components are needed to form a complete digital clock for 12 V_{DC} instrument panel applications. Additional components are needed to fully protect against automotive transients and battery reversal conditions.

The MA1136 may also be used with switches to produce a full-featured movement for use in DC operated alarm clock, clock radio, and appliance timer applications. Advanced packaging techniques allow minimum overall size and high reliability in finished products.

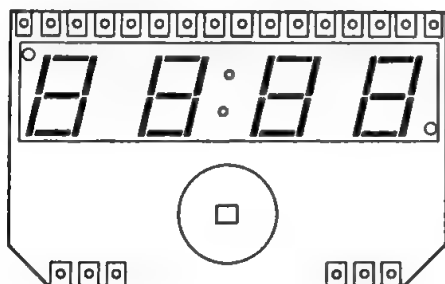
Applications

- In-dash auto clocks
- After-market auto/recreational vehicle clocks
- Aircraft-marine clocks
- 12 V_{DC} operated instruments
- Portable/battery powered instruments

Functional Features

- High intensity
- Available in 0.3" display size with adhesive mylar cover/diffuser and clear surface color
- Low power consumption
- Direct drive LED display/no RFI
- Display brightness control
- Selectable frequency alarm tone output, gated at a 2 Hz rate, provides an easy interface to an 8Ω speaker for alarm clock application
- DC level sleep output provides an easy interface for clock radio and timer applications
- 24-hour output for an optional calendar circuit
- Separate inputs for all settings and display modes
- "One finger" 59-minute sleep counter setting
- Multiple 9-minute snooze control
- 24-hour alarm with ON/OFF control
- PM, colon and alarm ON LED indicators
- Entire display flashes to indicate power loss
- Simple fast/slow setting controls
- Time-set "lockout" feature eliminates accidental time-setting without inhibiting alarm or sleep settings
- Five display modes (time, seconds, alarm, sleep and lamp test)
- Leading zero blanking

Display Outline



Ordering Information

MA1136XZW

- CLEAR
- ADHESIVE MYLAR
- DISPLAY COLOR
 - R = Red with Black Reflector Face
 - Y = Yellow with Gray Reflector Face
 - G = Green with Green Reflector Face

MA1142/MA1143 Series Low Cost Digital High Efficiency LED Clock Modules

General Description

The MA1142/MA1143 series of 4-digit LED electronic digital clock modules is designed to offer low cost in a digital clock assembly with a choice of three colors. In addition to a transformer and setting switches, a minimum number of discrete components are required to produce a full-featured movement for use in alarm clock, clock radio, instrument panel clock and appliance timer applications. Advanced packaging techniques guarantee minimum overall size and high reliability in finished products.

Key features include red, green or yellow display; multiple 9-minute snooze; "one finger" sleep setting; easy to use "fast and slow" setting controls; five display modes (time, seconds, alarm, sleep and lamp test); PM, alarm ON and LED colon indicators; power failure indication; time-set lockout; and back-up oscillator for battery powered time-keeping during power loss. All models are designed to generate a selectable frequency alarm tone output gated at a 2 Hz rate (provided the user adds an external resistor and capacitor). Worldwide market flexibility is provided by user-programmable 12 or 24-hour display format, 50 Hz or 60 Hz input frequency selection and fixed or blinking colon indicator. The display brightness level can be varied with a single external potentiometer for continuous control.

Applications

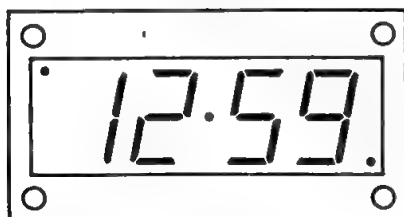
- Clock radio timers
- Alarm clocks
- Desk clocks
- TV, stereo timers
- Appliance timers
- Instrument panel clocks

Features

- Red, green or yellow LED display
- Available in two display sizes, 0.7" or 0.5", with or without clear or red lens filter
- "One finger" 59-minute sleep counter setting
- Multiple 9-minute snooze control
- 24-hour alarm with ON/OFF control
- PM, colon and alarm ON LED indicators
- Entire display flashes to indicate power loss
- Simple fast/slow setting controls
- Time set lockout feature eliminates accidental time-setting without inhibiting alarm or sleep settings
- Five display modes (time, seconds, alarm, sleep and lamp test)
- User selectable 12/24-hour, 50 Hz/60 Hz and fixed or flashing colon operation
- Leading zero blanking
- On board zener protection of LEDs
- Direct drive LED display/produces no RFI
- Display brightness control
- Back-up oscillator allows continuous timekeeping during power-line failure with an external 9V battery and 5 M Ω potentiometer

Display Outline

MA1142/MA1143



Ordering Information

M A 1 1 4 X X X X
DISPLAY SIZE

2 = 0.5"
3 = 0.7"

LENS
SURFACE COLOR

R = Red
W = Clear

SURFACE TYPE

Z = Adhesive Mylar
L = Plastic Lens
Cover with
Diffuser

DISPLAY COLOR

Y = Yellow
G = Green
R = Red



MCA600ECL/MCA1200ECL ECL 10,000 Macrocell Arrays

General Description

There are two macrocell array (MCA) products available that are compatible with the ECL 10,000 logic family, utilizing the OXISS II process. They have part numbers of MCA1200ECL and MCA600ECL. The MCA1200ECL has approximately 1192 equivalent gates, while the MCA600ECL has approximately 652 equivalent gates when full adders and latches are used in all the cells.

The MCA1200 ECL chip consists of a total of 106 cells. There are 48 major cells (M) or 96 half cells (H), 32 interface cells (I), and 26 output cells (O). The MCA600ECL chip contains 24 major cells (M) or 48 half cells (H), 25 interface cells (I), and 18 output cells (O). Each cell contains a fixed array of unconnected transistors and resistors, and all macrocell array chips are built from a standard semiconductor diffusion set. That is, all chips are identical, and can be prefabricated up to metallization step. The Macrocell Design Library contains more than 100 logic functions called macros. A macro (sometimes called macrocell) is a first layer metal intraconnection pattern that interconnects the components (transistors and resistors) of a cell into a specific logic function. The CAD system contains the required first layer metallization pattern for each macro as well as the I/O ports.

The macrocell array is voltage compensated for a 10% tolerance of V_{EE} . Thus, a system designed with the macrocell array can operate with a V_{EE} of $-4.68V$ resulting in approximately 10% less power at the same performance.

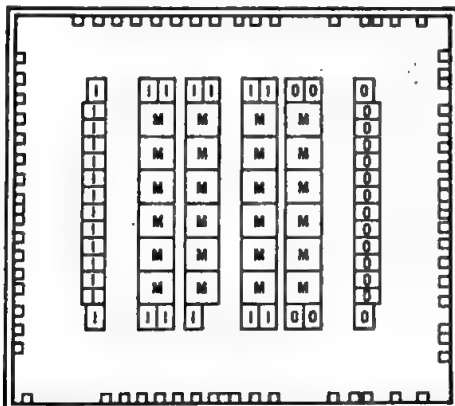
The maximum operating junction temperature is specified at $130^{\circ}C$ with the package capable of dissipating 5W of power. A recommended heat sink and 1000 lfm of air flow result in a thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , of only $10^{\circ}C/W$ for MCA1200 in a 68-pin leadless package. The ambient temperature range is $0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$.

The MCA600ECL requires only 500 lfm of air flow with no heat sink. This results in a typical θ_{JA} of $22^{\circ}C/W$ for all three package types (28-pin, 40-pin, and 68-pin packages).

Features

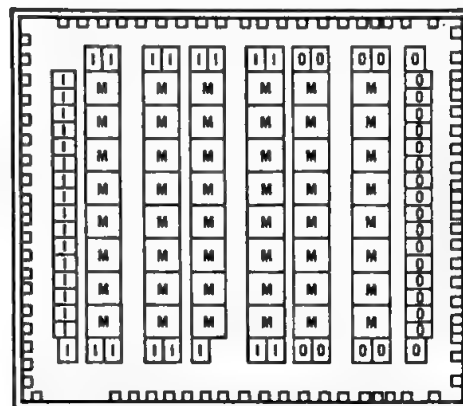
- 106 total cells for MCA1200, 67 total cells for MCA600
- Up to 1192 equivalent gates if full adders and latches are used in all the cells for MCA1200, 652 gates for MCA600
- Up to 904 equivalent gates if flip-flops and latches are used in all the cells for MCA1200, 508 gates for MCA600
- Die size— 221×252 mils for MCA1200, 174×185 mils for MCA600
- Power dissipation—4.0W typical for MCA1200, 2.2W typical for MCA600
- 4.4 mW per equivalent gate (for 904 gates and 4.0W)
- Interface cell delay—0.7 ns to 1.3 ns typ (1.05 ns to 1.7 ns max)
- Major cell delay—0.7 ns to 1.8 ns typ (1.05 ns to 2.35 ns max)
- Output cell delay—1.5 ns to 2.5 ns typ (2.8 ns to 3.8 ns max)
- 8 output cells can drive a 25Ω load
- All output cells can drive 50Ω loads
- Edge speed—1.5 ns typ, 20% to 80% (1.0 ns min)
- Ambient temperature range— $0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$ (with heat sink and 1000 lfm air flow for MCA1200, 500 lfm from MCA600)
- $\theta_{JA} = 10^{\circ}C/W$ with heat sink and 1000 lfm air flow for MCA1200 in a 68-pin leadless package
- Maximum operating junction temperature, $T_J = 130^{\circ}C$
- Voltage compensated, $V_{EE} = -5.2V \pm 10\%$
- Interfaces with ECL 10k

MCA600ECL



TLU/5115.1

MCA1200ECL



TLU/5115.2

MM52632 32,768-Bit (4096 x 8) MAXI-ROM®

General Description

The MM52632 is a static MOS 32,768-bit read-only memory organized in a 4096-word-by-8-bit format. It is fabricated using N-channel enhancement and depletion-mode technology which provides complete DTL/TTL compatibility and single power-supply operation.

Two programmable output-enable controls provide for memory expansion.

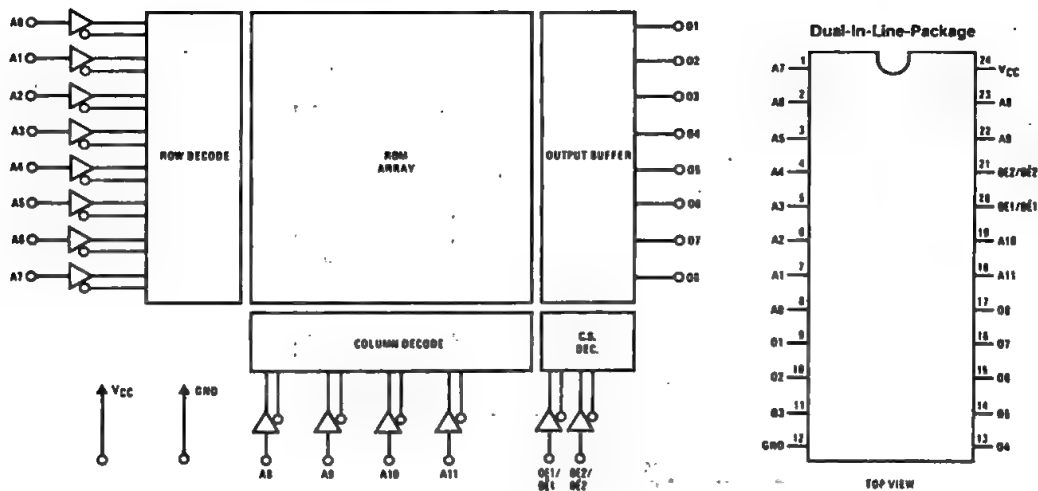
Features

- Fully decoded
- Single 5V power supply
- Inputs and outputs TTL compatible
- Outputs drive 2 TTL loads and 100 pF
- Static operation
- TRI-STATE® outputs for bus interface
- Programmable output enables
- 4096-word-by-8-bit organization
- Maximum access time 450 ns
- Industry standard pin outs

Applications

- Microprocessor instruction store
- Control logic
- Table look-up

Block and Connection Diagrams



TLB5157-1

MAXI-ROM® and TRI-STATE® are registered trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.

MM52664 65,536-Bit (8192 x 8) MAXI-ROM®

General Description

The MM52664 is a static MOS 65,536-bit read-only memory organized in an 8192-word by 8-bit format. It is fabricated using N-channel enhancement and depletion-mode technology which provides complete DTL/TTL compatibility and single power-supply operation.

One programmable output-enable control provides for memory expansion.

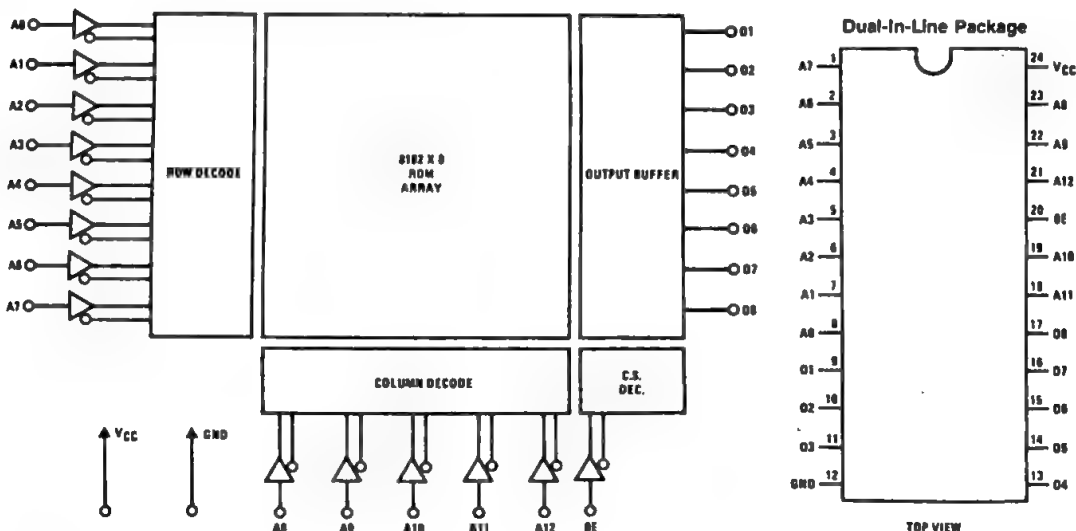
Features

- Fully decoded
- Single 5V power supply
- Inputs and outputs TTL compatible
- Outputs drive 2 TTL loads and 100 pF
- Static operation
- TRI-STATE® outputs for bus interface
- Programmable output-enable
- 8192-word-by-8-bit organization
- Maximum access time — 450 ns
- Industry standard pin outs

Applications

- Microprocessor instruction store
- Control logic
- Table look-up

Block and Connection Diagrams



TLB5158-1

MAXI-ROM® and TRI-STATE® are registered trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.

MM54HC10/MM74HC10 Triple 3-Input NAND Gate

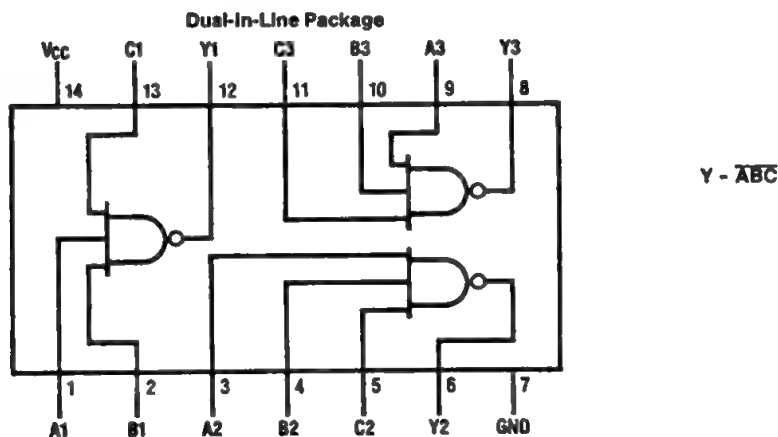
General Description

These logic gates utilize silicon gate CMOS technology to achieve operating speeds similar to LSTTL gates with the low power consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits. All gates have buffered outputs. All devices have high high noise immunity and the ability to drive 10 LSTTL loads (8 LSTTL loads for 54HC). The 54HC/74HC logic family is functionally as well as pin-out compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

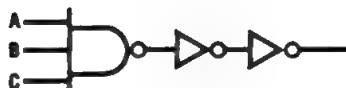
- Typical propagation delay: 8ns
- Wide power supply range: 2-6V
- Low quiescent current: 20 μ A maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads (74HC series)

Connection Diagram



TL/F/5153-1

Logic Diagram



TL/F/5153-2

MM54HC14/MM74HC14 Hex Inverting Schmitt Trigger

General Description

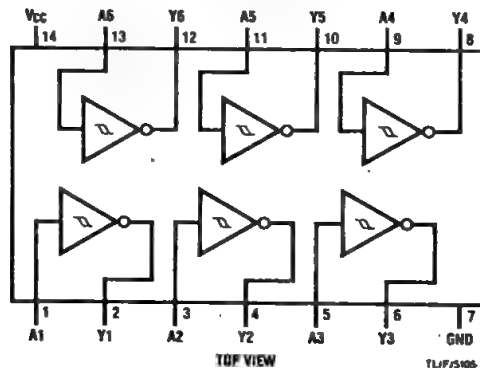
The MM54HC14/MM74HC14 is fabricated with high speed silicon gate CMOS technology. It has the low power dissipation and high noise immunity of standard CMOS, as well as the capability to drive 10 LS-TTL (8 LS-TTL loads for 54HC). The 54HC/74HC logic family is functionally and pinout compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

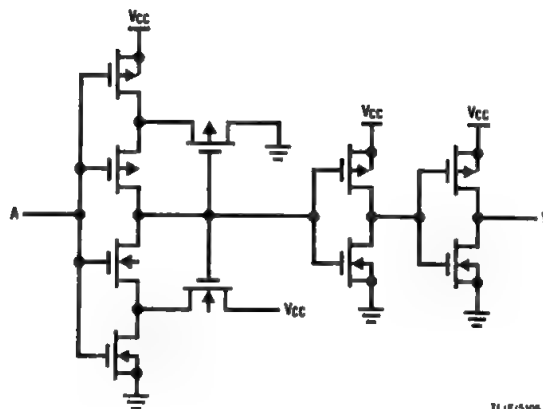
- Typical propagation delay: 13 ns
- Wide power supply range: 2V–6V
- Low quiescent current: 20 μ A maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads (74HC series)
- Typical hysteresis voltage: 0.9V

Connection Diagram

Dual-In-Line Package



Schematic Diagram



ADVANCED SCHOTTKY DATABOOK

DESCRIPTION

The DM54/74AS family of devices are designed to meet the needs of system designers who require the ultimate in speed. AS achieves the fastest prop delays bipolar technology can offer (2 ns per gate). The AS family also offers significant reduction in power dissipation (8 mW per gate) over present Schottky (54/74S) with toggle rate capability of up to 200 MHz.

The AS family is TTL pinout compatible and offers Schottky (54/74S) drive capability with better fan out, higher noise immunity and faster operation.

For maximum design flexibility and elimination of special drawings, the AS family will be introduced with $\pm 10\%$ VCC over the military and commercial full temp range as standard product. Furthermore, all switching characteristics are guaranteed over the full temperature and VCC range.

SPECIAL DISCOUNT
COUPON



\$2.00 Off

RELIABILITY HANDBOOK VOLUME I

DESCRIPTION

The Reliability Handbook Volume I penetrates the barrier of technical jargon and procedural ritual that has grown around the subject of semiconductor reliability, enabling the reader to arrive at a clearer understanding in the areas that bear direct concern in the application of semiconductors within the Military/Aerospace electronic systems.

This handbook focuses on areas of concern to all users of semiconductors where device reliability is of paramount importance. It examines the devices themselves and discusses the most widely accepted and specific test procedures designed to test reliability. Throughout, the relationship of electrical, mechanical, environmental and visual tests and inspections to the nature of the device is emphasized. Discussions include the MIL STD-883, MIL-M-38510, VLSI/VHSIC, 883B/RETS™, and 883S/RETS™.

The entire book is voluminously documented and comprehensively cross referenced.

SPECIAL DISCOUNT
COUPON



\$2.00 Off

Return this coupon to get \$2.00 off the regular price of \$5.00 on our 1982 ADVANCED SCHOTTKY LOGIC DATABOOK.

Send your order to: National Semiconductor Corporation
Literature Distribution M/S 14208
2900 Semiconductor Drive
Santa Clara, California 95051

☐ Charge my ☐ VISA* ☐ MASTERCARD*

Account # _____ Exp. Date _____

Name _____ Signature _____

Charge card billing address: _____
(Address)

(City) (State) (Zip)

☐ I have enclosed my check or money order made payable to N/S Publications*
Send my copy of the 1982 ADVANCED SCHOTTKY LOGIC DATABOOK to:

☐ Same as above ☐ Address below

(Name)

(Address)

(City) (State) (Zip)

*California residents must pay applicable sales tax. Allow 4-6 weeks for delivery.
Offer expires 6-30-83

Return this coupon to get \$2.00 off the regular price of \$7.00 on our 1982 RELIABILITY HANDBOOK, VOLUME I.

Send your order to: National Semiconductor Corporation
Literature Distribution M/S 14208
2900 Semiconductor Drive
Santa Clara, California 95051

☐ Charge my ☐ VISA* ☐ MASTERCARD*

Account # _____ Exp. Date _____

Name _____ Signature _____

Charge card billing address: _____
(Address)

(City) (State) (Zip)

☐ I have enclosed my check or money order made payable to N/S Publications*
Send my copy of the 1982 RELIABILITY HANDBOOK, VOLUME I to:

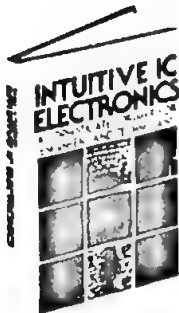
☐ Same as above ☐ Address below

(Name)

(Address)

(City) (State) (Zip)

*California residents must pay applicable sales tax. Allow 4-6 weeks for delivery.
Offer expires 6-30-83



Takes the mystery out of IC devices and how they work . . .

Never before has there been such a clear and simple explanation of the basic physical actions that take place within solid-state integrated circuits. With this handy guide, you'll be able to easily understand and "feel" the workings of all the devices used in the new semiconductor products—and make better use of them—from the many types of diodes to the bipolar transistors . . . the JFETs . . . the MOSFETs . . . and more.

INTUITIVE IC ELECTRONICS: A Sophisticated Primer for Engineers and Technicians

Thomas M. Frederiksen 183 pages, \$19.95

021923-0

Send me this book for 15 days' free examination. After that time I will remit the full price plus local tax, postage, and handling or return the book without obligation. I understand if I remit in full, plus local tax, with this order McGraw-Hill will pay all regular postage and handling and that refund privileges still apply.

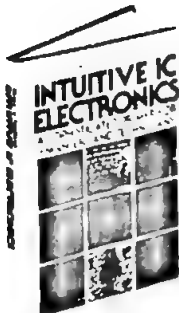
Name _____

Address/Apt. _____

City/State/Zip _____

This order subject to acceptance by McGraw-Hill.

Offer good only in the U.S. 03-K979-6572-3



Takes the mystery out of IC devices and how they work . . .

Never before has there been such a clear and simple explanation of the basic physical actions that take place within solid-state integrated circuits. With this handy guide, you'll be able to easily understand and "feel" the workings of all the devices used in the new semiconductor products—and make better use of them—from the many types of diodes to the bipolar transistors . . . the JFETs . . . the MOSFETs . . . and more.

INTUITIVE IC ELECTRONICS: A Sophisticated Primer for Engineers and Technicians

Thomas M. Frederiksen 183 pages, \$19.95

021923-0

Send me this book for 15 days' free examination. After that time I will remit the full price plus local tax, postage, and handling or return the book without obligation. I understand if I remit in full, plus local tax, with this order McGraw-Hill will pay all regular postage and handling and that refund privileges still apply.

Name _____

Address/Apt. _____

City/State/Zip _____

This order subject to acceptance by McGraw-Hill.

Offer good only in the U.S. 03-K979-6572-3



NO POSTAGE
NECESSARY
IF MAILED
IN THE
UNITED STATES

BUSINESS REPLY CARD

FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO 42 HIGHTSTOWN NJ

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY

McGraw-Hill Book Company

P.O. Box 400

Hightstown, New Jersey 08520



NO POSTAGE
NECESSARY
IF MAILED
IN THE
UNITED STATES

BUSINESS REPLY CARD

FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO 42 HIGHTSTOWN NJ

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY

McGraw-Hill Book Company

P.O. Box 400

Hightstown, New Jersey 08520



NEW DATA UPDATE 8 LITERATURE REQUEST CARD

Please send complete data sheets/applications literature as indicated on the NEW DATA UPDATE numbers I have circled:

Name _____ Title _____

Company _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

UPDATE NUMBER:

100595	101527	101989	102421	102715	102860	102868	103060	103069	103658
103800	104300	104315	104325	105600	106614	107690	108469	108674	108677
110670	110690	111535	111538	111542	111543	111560	111563	111570	111580
111601	111612	111616	111621	111623	111649	111652	111653	111709	111710
111850	112348	112357	112360	112361	113587	113588	114300	114350	114404
540095	630490								

ORDER NUMBER: _____

Note: Due to costs of handling and mailing we ask that you limit your requests to 5 items.

☐ I am not currently receiving the NEW DATA UPDATES; please add my name to the mailing list.
Offer expires May 31, 1983.

Use this card to request information from international office locations.

NEW DATA UPDATE 8 LITERATURE REQUEST CARD

Please send complete data sheets/applications literature as indicated on the NEW DATA UPDATE numbers I have circled:

Name _____ Title _____

Company _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

UPDATE NUMBER:

100595	101527	101989	102421	102715	102860	102868	103060	103069	103658
103800	104300	104315	104325	105600	106614	107690	108469	108674	108677
110670	110690	111535	111538	111542	111543	111560	111563	111570	111580
111601	111612	111616	111621	111623	111649	111652	111653	111709	111710
111850	112348	112357	112360	112361	113587	113588	114300	114350	114404
540095	630490								

ORDER NUMBER: _____

Note: Due to costs of handling and mailing we ask that you limit your requests to 5 items.

☐ I am not currently receiving the NEW DATA UPDATES; please add my name to the mailing list.
Offer expires May 31, 1983.



PLACE
POSTAGE
STAMP
HERE

National Semiconductor

Literature Department M/S 14208
1090 Kifer Road
Sunnyvale, CA 94086



PLACE
POSTAGE
STAMP
HERE

National Semiconductor

Use this card for mailing to international locations. Addresses of these locations are listed on the back cover of this book.

MM54HC32/MM74HC32 Quad 2-Input OR Gate

General Description

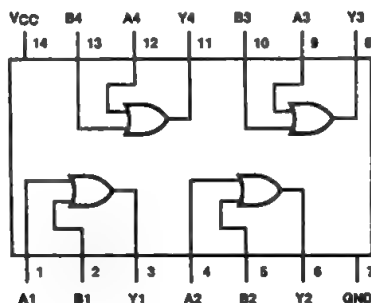
These OR gates utilize silicon gate CMOS technology to achieve operating speeds similar to LS-TTL gates with the low power consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits. All gates have buffered outputs, providing high noise immunity and the ability to drive 10 LS-TTL loads (8 LS-TTL loads for 54HC). The 54HC/74HC logic family is functionally as well as pin-out compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

- Typical propagation delay: 10ns
- Wide power supply range: 2-6V
- Low quiescent current: 20 μ A maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads (74HC series)

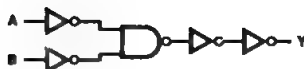
Connection Diagram

Dual-In-Line Package



$$Y = A + B$$

Logic Diagram



MM54HC73/MM74HC73 MM54HC107/MM74HC107 Dual J-K Flip-Flops with Clear

General Description

These high speed J-K Flip-Flops are fabricated with silicon gate CMOS technology. They possess the high noise immunity and low power dissipation of standard CMOS integrated circuits. These devices can drive 10 LS-TTL loads (8 LS-TTL loads for 54HC).

These flip-flops are edge sensitive to the clock input and change state on the negative going transition of the clock pulse. Each one has independent J, K, CLOCK, and CLEAR inputs and Q and \bar{Q} outputs. CLEAR is independent of the clock and accomplished by a low level on the input.

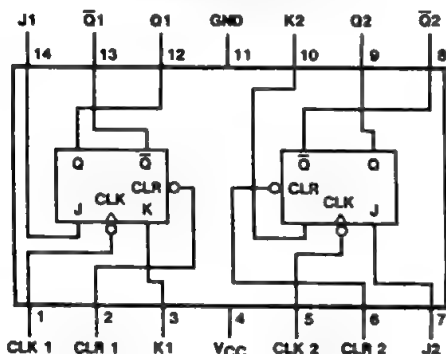
The 54HC/74HC logic family is functionally as well as pinout compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

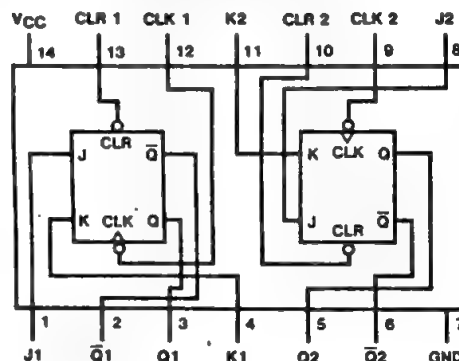
- Typical propagation delay: 16ns
- Wide operating voltage range: 2-6V
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Low quiescent current: 40 μ A (74 series)
- High output drive: 10 LS-TTL loads (74 series)

Connection Diagrams

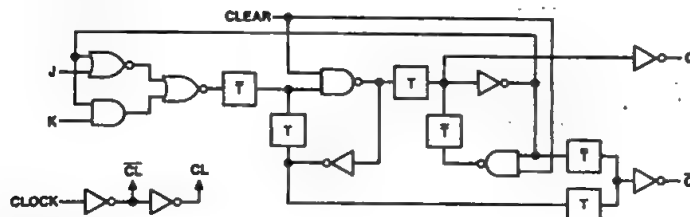
MM54HC73/MM74HC73
Dual-In-Line Package



MM54HC107/MM74HC107
Dual-In-Line Package



Logic Diagram



Truth Table

Inputs				Outputs	
CLR	CLK	J	K	Q	\bar{Q}
L	X	X	X	L	H
H	L	L	L	Q0	$\bar{Q}0$
H	L	H	L	H	L
H	L	L	H	L	H
H	L	H	H	TOGGLE	TOGGLE
H	H	X	X	Q0	$\bar{Q}0$

MM54HC74/MM74HC74

Dual D Flip-Flop with Preset and Clear

General Description

The MM54HC74/MM74HC74 utilizes silicon gate CMOS technology to achieve operating speeds similar to the equivalent LS-TTL part. It possesses the high noise immunity and low power consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits, along with the ability to drive 10 LS-TTL loads (8 LS-TTL loads for 54HC).

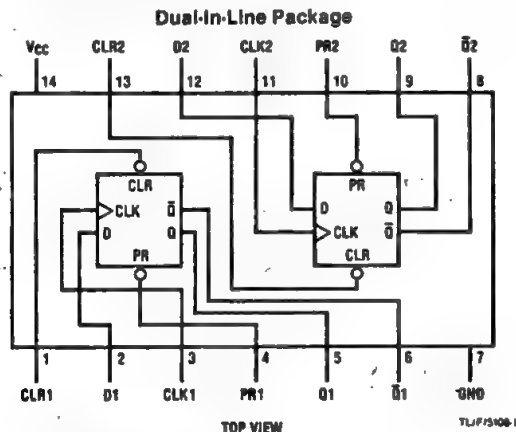
This flip-flop has independent data, preset, clear, and clock inputs and Q and \bar{Q} outputs. The logic level present at the data input is transferred to the output during the positive-going transition of the clock pulse. Preset and clear are independent of the clock and accomplished by a low level at the appropriate input.

The 54HC/74HC logic family is functionally and pinout compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

- Typical propagation delay: 20 ns
- Wide power supply range: 2V-6V
- Low quiescent current: 40 μ A maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads (74HC series)

Connection Diagram



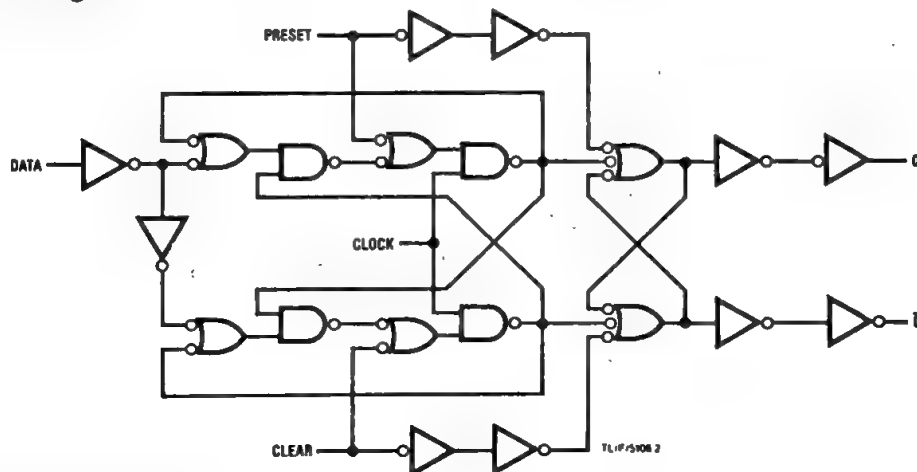
Truth Table

Inputs				Outputs	
PR	CLR	CLK	D	Q	\bar{Q}
L	H	X	X	H	L
H	L	X	X	L	H
L	L	X	X	H*	H*
H	H	1	H	H	L
H	H	1	L	L	H
H	H	L	X	Q0	$\bar{Q}0$

Note: Q0 = the level of Q before the indicated input conditions were established.

*This configuration is nonstable; that is, it will not persist when preset and clear inputs return to their inactive (high) level.

Logic Diagram



MM54HC113/MM74HC113 Dual J-K Flip-Flops with Preset

General Description

These high speed J-K Flip-Flops are fabricated with silicon gate CMOS technology. They possess the high noise immunity and low power dissipation of standard CMOS integrated circuits. These devices can drive 10 LS-TTL loads (8 LS-TTL loads for 54HC).

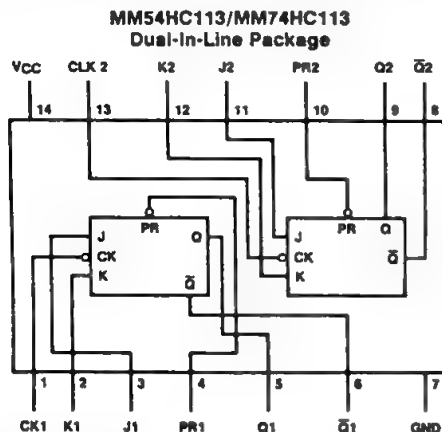
These flip-flops are edge sensitive to the clock input and change state on the negative going transition of the clock pulse. Each one has independent J, K, CLOCK, and PRESET inputs and Q and \bar{Q} outputs. PRESET is independent of the clock and accomplished by a low level on the input.

The 54HC/74HC logic family is functionally as well as pinout compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

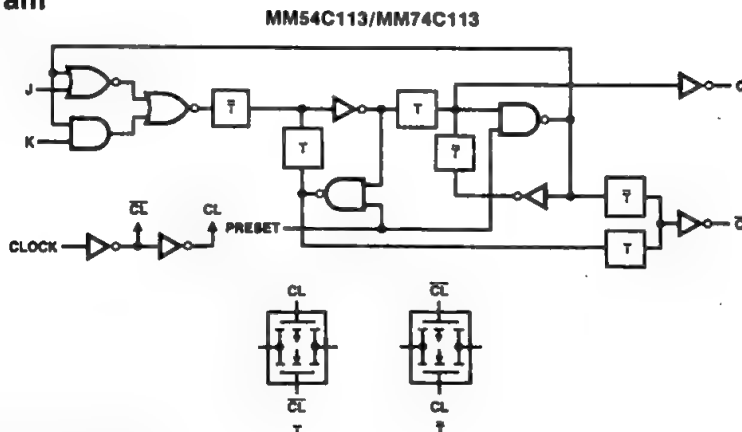
- Typical propagation delay: 16ns
- Wide operating voltage range: 2-6V
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Low quiescent current: 40 μ A (74 series)
- High output drive: 10 LS-TTL loads (74 series)

Connection Diagram and Truth Table



Inputs				Outputs	
PR	CLK	J	K	Q	\bar{Q}
L	X	X	X	H	L
H	\downarrow	L	L	Q0	$\bar{Q}0$
H	\downarrow	H	L	H	L
H	\downarrow	L	H	L	H
H	\downarrow	H	H	TOGGLE	TOGGLE
H	H	X	X	Q0	$\bar{Q}0$

Logic Diagram



MM54HC138/MM74HC138 3-to-8 Line Decoder

General Description

These devices are high speed silicon gate CMOS decoders, and are well suited to memory address decoding or data routing applications. Both circuits feature high noise immunity and low power consumption usually associated with CMOS circuitry, yet have speeds comparable to low power Schottky TTL logic.

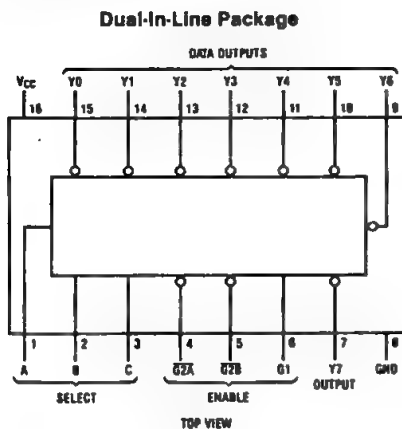
The MM54HC138/MM74HC138 have 3 binary select inputs (A, B, and C). If the device is enabled these inputs determine which one of the eight normally high outputs will go low. Two active low and one active high enables (G1, G2A and G2B) are provided to ease the cascading of decoders.

The decoder's outputs can drive 10 low power Schottky TTL equivalent loads (8 loads for 54HC), and are functionally and pin equivalent to the 54LS138/76LS138. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by diodes to V_{CC} and ground.

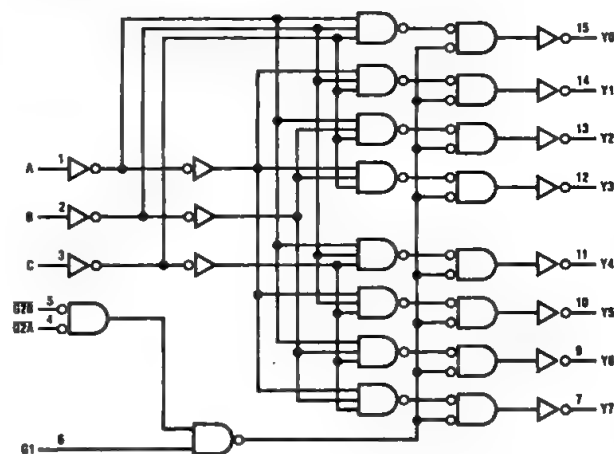
Features

- Typical propagation delay: 20 ns
- Wide power supply range: 2V-6V
- Low quiescent current: 80 μ A maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads (74HC series)

Connection Diagram



Logic Diagram



Truth Table

Inputs		Outputs							
Enable	Select								
G1 G2*	C B A	Y0	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6	Y7
X H	X X X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L X	X X X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
H L	L L L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
H L	L L H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
H L	L H L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H
H L	L H H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H
H L	H L L	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H
H L	H L H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H
H L	H H L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H
H L	H H H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L

$$* G2 = G2A + G2B$$

H = high level, L = low level, X = don't care

MM54HC153/MM74HC153 Dual 4-Input Multiplexer

General Description

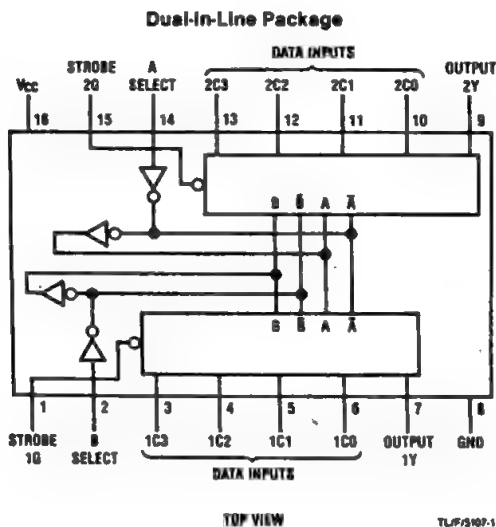
This 4-to-1 line multiplexer is manufactured with high speed silicon gate CMOS technology. It has the low power consumption and high noise immunity of standard CMOS integrated circuits. This device is fully buffered, allowing it to drive 10 LS-TTL loads (8 LS-TTL loads for 54HC). Information on the data inputs of each multiplexer is selected by the address on the A and B inputs, and is presented on the Y outputs. Each multiplexer possesses a strobe input which enables it when taken to a low logic level. When a high logic level is applied to a strobe input, the output of its associated multiplexer is taken low.

The 54HC/74HC logic family is functionally and pinout compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharged by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

- Typical propagation delay: 24 ns
- Wide power supply range: 2V-6V
- Low quiescent current: 80 μ A maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads (74HC series)

Connection Diagram



Truth Table

Select Inputs		Data Inputs				Strobe	Output
B	A	C0	C1	C2	C3	G	Y
X	X	X	X	X	X	H	L
L	L	L	X	X	X	L	L
L	L	H	X	X	X	L	H
L	H	X	L	X	X	L	L
L	H	X	H	X	X	L	H
H	L	X	X	L	X	L	L
H	L	X	X	H	X	L	H
H	H	X	X	X	L	L	L
H	H	X	X	X	H	L	H

Select inputs A and B are common to both sections.

H = high level, L = low level, X = don't care.

MM54HC160/MM74HC160
Synchronous Decade Counter with Asynchronous Clear
MM54HC161/MM74HC161
Synchronous Binary Counter with Asynchronous Clear
MM54HC162/MM74HC162
Synchronous Decade Counter with Synchronous Clear
MM54HC163/MM74HC163
Synchronous Binary Counter with Synchronous Clear
General Description

The MM54HC160/MM74HC160, MM54HC161/MM74HC161, MM54HC162/MM74HC162, and MM54HC163/MM74HC163 synchronous presettable counters utilize silicon gate technology and internal look-ahead carry logic for use in high speed counting applications. They offer the high noise immunity and low power consumption inherent to CMOS with speeds similar to low power Schottky TTL. The 'HC160 and the 'HC162 are 4 bit decade counters, and the 'HC161 and the 'HC163 are 4 bit binary counters. All flip-flops are clocked simultaneously on the low to high transition (positive edge) of the CLOCK input waveform.

These counters may be preset using the LOAD input. Presetting of all four flip-flops is synchronous to the rising edge of CLOCK. When LOAD is held low counting is disabled and the data on the A, B, C, and D inputs is loaded into the counter on the rising edge of CLOCK. If the load input is taken high before the positive edge of CLOCK the count operation will be unaffected.

All of these counters may be cleared by utilizing the CLEAR input. The clear function on the MM54HC162/MM74HC162 and MM54HC163/MM74HC163 counters are synchronous to the clock. That is, the counters are cleared on the positive edge of CLOCK while the clear input is held low.

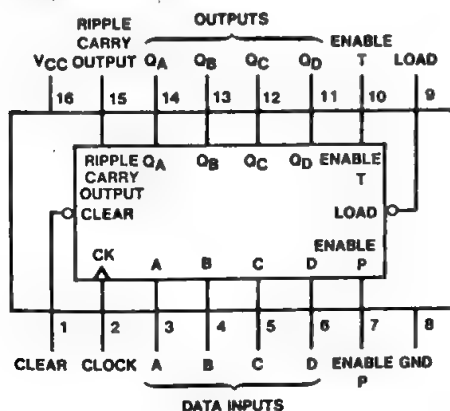
The MM54HC160/MM74HC160 and MM54HC161/MM74HC161 counters are cleared asynchronously. When the CLEAR is taken low the counter is cleared immediately regardless of the CLOCK.

Two active high enable inputs (ENP and ENT) and a RIPPLE CARRY (RC) output are provided to enable easy cascading of counters. Both ENABLE inputs must be high to count. The ENT input also enables the RC output. When enabled, the RC outputs a positive pulse when the counter overflows. This pulse is approximately equal in duration to the high level portion of the QA output. The RC output is fed to successive cascaded stages to facilitate easy implementation of N-bit counters.

All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by diodes to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

- Typical operating frequency: 40MHz
- Typical propagation delay; clock to Q: 18ns
- Low quiescent current: 80μA maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1μA maximum
- Wide power supply range: 2-6V

Connection Diagram

Truth Tables
'HC160/'HC161

CLK	CLR	ENP	ENT	Load	Function
X	L	X	X	X	Clear
X	H	H	L	H	Count & RC disabled
X	H	L	H	H	Count disabled
X	H	L	L	H	Count & RC disabled
1	H	X	X	L	Load
1	H	H	H	H	Increment Counter

H = high level, L = low level
X = don't care, 1 = low to high transition

'HC162/'HC163

CLK	CLR	ENP	ENT	Load	Function
1	L	X	X	X	Clear
X	H	H	L	H	Count & RC disabled
X	H	L	H	H	Count disabled
X	H	L	L	H	Count & RC disabled
1	H	X	X	L	Load
1	H	H	H	H	Increment Counter

MM54HC192/MM74HC192 Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counters

MM54HC193/MM74HC193 Synchronous Binary Up/Down Counters

General Description

These high speed synchronous counters are fabricated utilizing silicon gate CMOS technology. They possess the high noise immunity and low power consumption of CMOS technology, along with the speeds of low power Schottky TTL. The MM54HC192/MM74HC192 is a decade counter, and the MM54HC193/MM74HC193 is a binary counter. Both counters have two separate clock inputs, an UP COUNT input and a DOWN COUNT input. All outputs of the flip-flops are simultaneously triggered on the low to high transition of either clock while the other input is held high. The direction of counting is determined by which input is clocked.

These counters may be preset by entering the desired data on the DATA A, DATA B, DATA C, and DATA D inputs. When the LOAD input is taken low the data is loaded independently of either clock input. This feature allows the counters to be used as divide-by-n counters by modifying the count length with the preset inputs.

In addition both counters can also be cleared. This is accomplished by inputting a high on the CLEAR input. All 4 internal stages are set to a low level independently of either COUNT input.

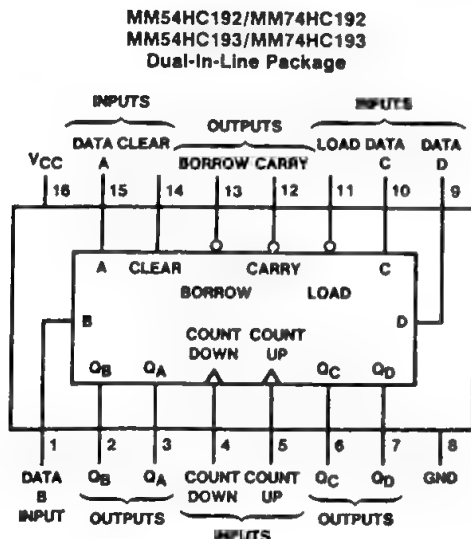
Both a BORROW and CARRY output are provided to enable cascading of both up and down counting functions. The BORROW output produces a negative going pulse when the counter underflows and the CARRY outputs a pulse when the counter overflows. The counters can be cascaded by connecting the CARRY and BORROW outputs of one device to the COUNT UP and COUNT DOWN inputs, respectively, of the next device.

All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by diodes to VCC and ground.

Features

- Typical propagation delay,
Clock to output: 20ns
- Typical operating frequency: 27MHz
- Wide power supply range: 2-6V
- Low quiescent supply current: 80 μ A maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum

Connection Diagram



Truth Table

Count		Clear	Load	Function
Up	Down			
1	H	L	H	Count up
H	1	L	H	Count Down
X	X	H	X	Clear
X	X	L	L	Load

H = High level
L = Low level
X = Don't care
1 = Transition from low-to-high

MM54HC253/MM74HC253

Dual 4-Channel TRI-STATE® Multiplexer

General Description

The MM54HC253/MM74HC253 is fabricated with high speed silicon gate CMOS technology. It has the low power consumption and high noise immunity of standard CMOS integrated circuits, along with the capability to drive 10 LS-TTL loads (8 LS-TTL loads for 54HC). The large output drive and TRI-STATE features of this device make it ideally suited for interfacing with bus lines in bus organized systems. When the output control input is taken high, the multiplexer outputs are sent into a high impedance state.

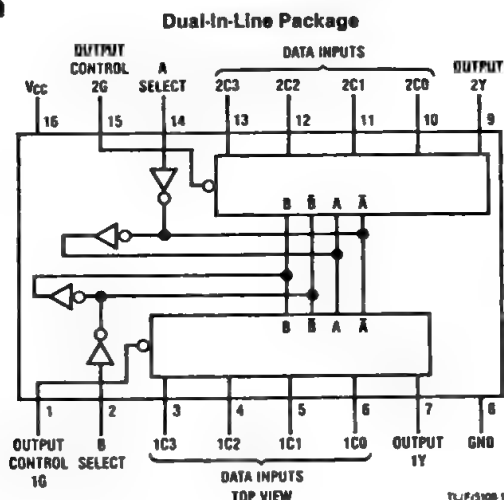
When the output control is held low, the associated multiplexer chooses the correct output channel for the given input signals determined by the select A and B inputs.

The 54HC/74HC logic family is functionally and pinout compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

- Typical propagation delay: 24 ns
- Wide power supply range: 2V-6V
- Low quiescent current: 80 μ A maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads (74HC series)

Connection Diagram



Truth Table

Select Inputs		Data Inputs				Output Control	Output
B	A	C0	C1	C2	C3	G	Y
X	X	X	X	X	X	H	Z
L	L	L	X	X	X	L	L
L	L	H	X	X	X	L	H
L	H	X	L	X	X	L	L
L	H	X	H	X	X	L	H
H	L	X	X	L	X	L	L
H	L	X	X	H	X	L	H
H	H	X	X	X	L	L	L
H	H	X	X	X	H	L	H

Select inputs A and B are common to both sections.

H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off).

TRI-STATE® is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

MM54HC253/MM74HC253 Dual 4-Channel TRI-STATE® Multiplexer

MM54HC280/MM74HC280

9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker

General Description

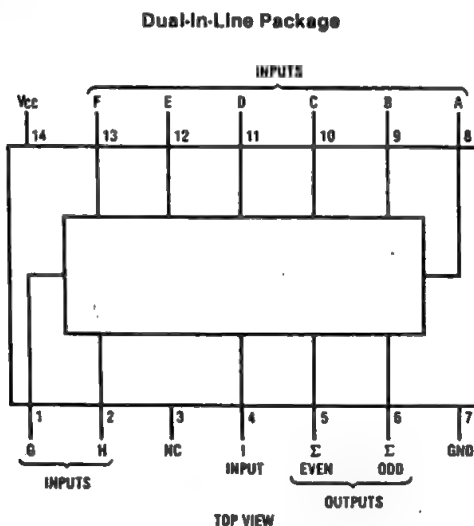
The MM54HC280/MM74HC280 is fabricated with high speed silicon gate CMOS technology. Along with the high noise immunity and low power consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits, it possesses the ability to drive 10 LS-TTL loads (8 LS-TTL loads for 54HC).

This parity generator/checker features odd/even outputs to facilitate operation of either odd or even parity applications. The word length capability is easily expanded by cascading devices. The 54HC/74HC logic family is speed, function, and pinout compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

- Typical propagation delay: 28 ns
- Wide power supply range: 2V-6V
- Low quiescent current: 80 μ A maximum (74HC)
- Low Input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads (74HC)

Connection Diagram



Function Table

Number of Inputs A thru I that are High	Outputs	
	Σ Even	Σ Odd
0, 2, 4, 6, 8	H	L
1, 3, 5, 7, 9	L	H

H = high level, L = low level



MM54HC374/MM74HC374 TRI-STATE[®] Octal D-Type Flip-Flop MM54HC534/MM74HC534 TRI-STATE Octal D-Type Flip-Flop with Inverted Outputs

General Description

These high speed Octal D-Type Flip-Flops are manufactured with silicon gate CMOS technology. They possess the high noise immunity and low power consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits, as well as the ability to drive 15 LS-TTL loads (12 LS-TTL loads for 54HC). Due to the large output drive capability and the TRI-STATE feature, these devices are ideally suited for interfacing with bus lines in a bus organized system.

The MM54HC374/MM74HC374 and MM54HC534/MM74HC534 are positive edge triggered flip-flops. Data at the D inputs, meeting the setup and hold time requirements, are transferred to the Q(374) or \bar{Q} (534) outputs on positive going transitions of the CLOCK (CK) input. When a high logic level is applied to the OUTPUT CONTROL (OC) input, all outputs go to a high impedance state, regardless of what signals are present at the other inputs and the state of the storage elements.

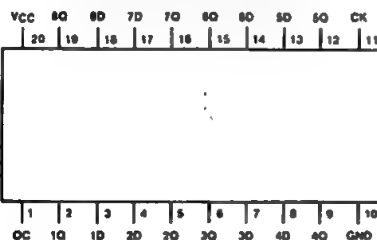
The 54HC/74HC logic family is speed, function, and pinout compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

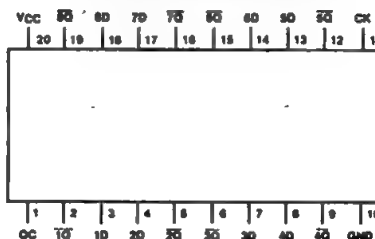
- Typical propagation delay: 15ns
- Wide operating voltage range: 2-6V
- Low input current: 1μA maximum
- Low quiescent current: 80μA maximum
- Compatible with bus-oriented systems
- Output drive capability: 15 LS-TTL loads (74HC series), 12 LS-TTL loads (54HC series)

Connection Diagrams

MM54HC374/MM74HC374
Dual-In-Line Package



MM54HC534/MM74HC534
Dual-In-Line Package



Truth Table

Output Control	Clock	Data	Output (374)	Output (534)
L	1	H	H	L
L	1	L	L	H
L	L	X	Q ₀	\bar{Q}_0
H	X	X	Z	Z

H = High Level, L = Low Level,
X = Don't Care
1 = Transition from low-to-high
Z = High impedance state
Q₀ = The level of the output before steady state input conditions were established

TRI-STATE[®] is a Registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corp

MM54HC4002/MM74HC4002 Dual 4-Input NOR Gate

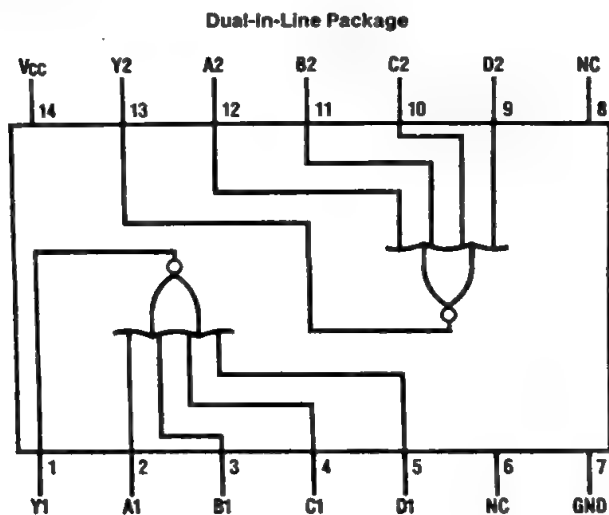
General Description

These NOR gates utilize silicon gate CMOS technology to achieve operating speeds similar to LS-TTL gates with the low power consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits. All gates have buffered outputs, providing high noise immunity and the ability to drive 10 LS-TTL loads (8 LS-TTL loads for 54HC). The 54HC/74HC logic family is functionally as well as pin-out compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. The 54HC4002/74HC4002 is functionally equivalent and pin-out compatible with the CD4002B. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

- Typical propagation delay: 11ns
- Wide power supply range: 2–6V
- Low quiescent current: 20 μ A maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads (74HC series)

Connection Diagram



TOP VIEW

$$Y = A + B + C + D$$

TL/F/5154-1

MM54HC4075/MM74HC4075 Triple 3-Input OR Gate

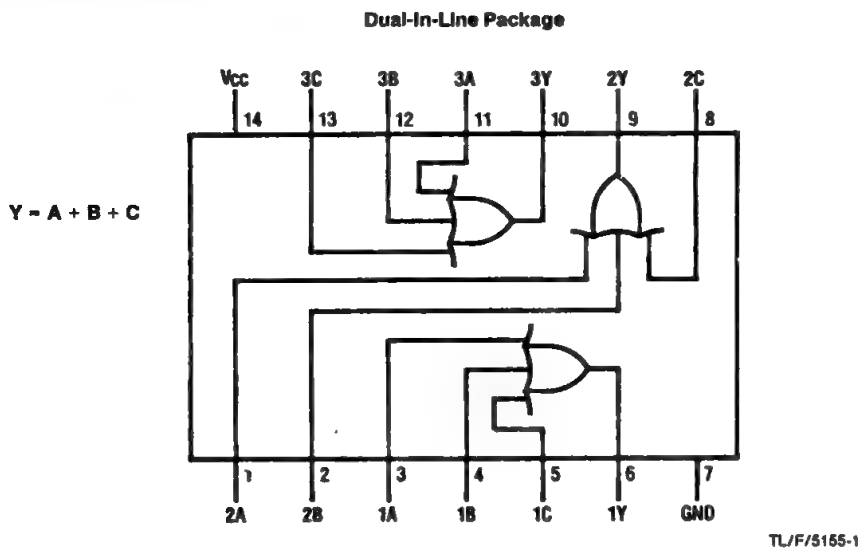
General Description

These OR gates utilize silicon gate CMOS technology to achieve operating speeds similar to LS-TTL gates with the low power consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits. All gates have buffered outputs, providing high noise immunity and the ability to drive 10 LS-TTL loads (8 LS-TTL loads for 54HC). The 54HC/74HC logic family is functionally as well as pin-out compatible with the standard 54LS/74LS logic family. The 54HC4075/74HC4075 is functionally equivalent and pin-out compatible with the CD4075B and MC14075B metal gate CMOS devices. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

- Typical propagation delay: 11ns
- Wide power supply range: 2-6V
- Low quiescent current: 20µA maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1µA maximum
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads (74HC series)

Connection Diagram



MM54HC4078/MM74HC4078 8-Input NOR/OR Gate

General Description

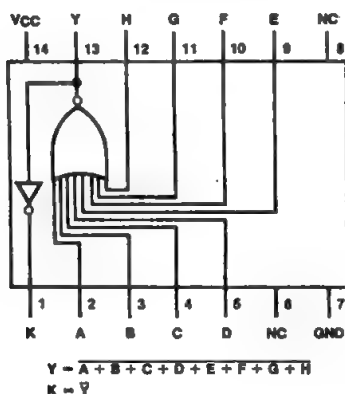
These NOR gates utilize silicon gate CMOS technology to achieve operating speeds similar to LS-TTL gates with the low power consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits. Both outputs are buffered, providing high noise immunity and the ability to drive 10 LS-TTL loads (8 LS-TTL loads for the 54HC). The 54HC4078/74HC4078 is functionally equivalent and pin-out compatible with the CD4078B. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

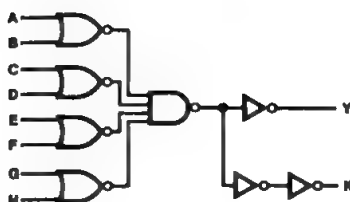
- Typical propagation delay: 15ns
- Wide power supply range: 2-6V
- Low quiescent current: 20 μ A maximum (74HC series)
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads (74HC Series)

Connection Diagram

Dual-In-Line Package



Logic Diagram





MM74C945, MM74C947 4-Digit Up/Down Counter/Latch/Decoder Driver

General Description

The MM74C945, MM74C947 are 4-digit counters for directly driving LCD displays. The MM74C945 contains a 4-decade up/down counter, output latches, counter/latch select multiplexer and 7-segment decoders. Also included are the backplane oscillator/driver, segment drivers and display blanking circuitry.

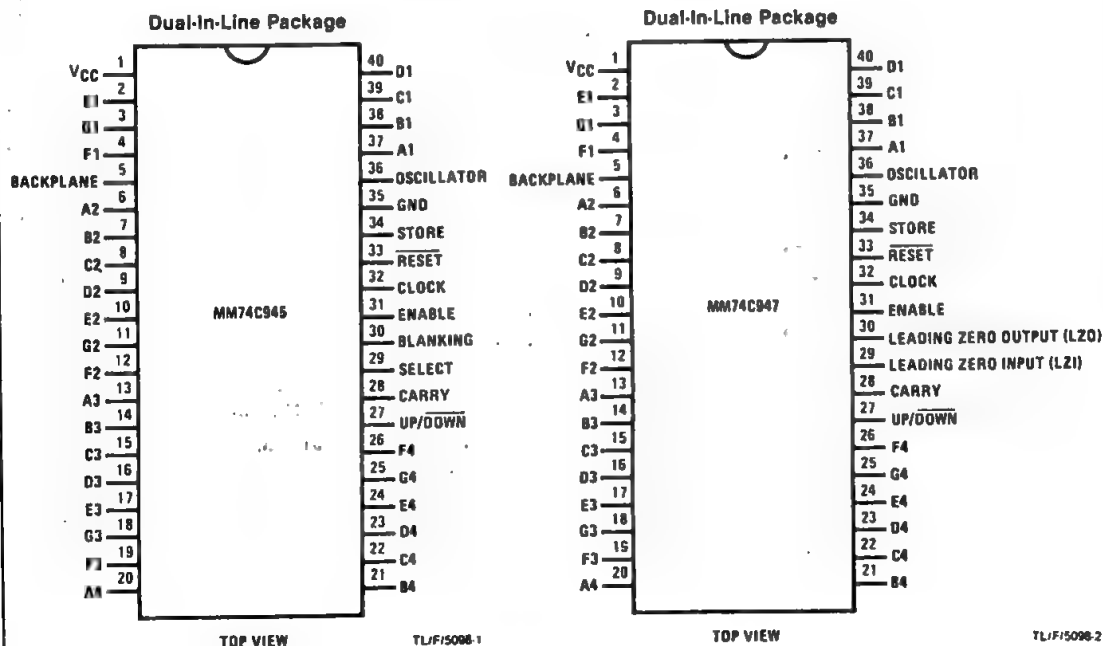
The MM74C947 differs from the MM74C945 in that it has no counter/latch multiplexer, but provides true leading zero blanking. All leading zeroes are automatically blanked except the least significant digit, which can be optionally blanked.

Both devices provide 28-segment outputs to drive a 4-digit display. Segment and backplane waveforms are generated internally, but can also be slaved to an external signal. This facilitates cascading of multiple displays.

Features

- 4-decade up/down count
- Direct 4-digit drive for high contrast and long display life
- Carry/borrow out for cascading counters
- Schmitt trigger clock input
- MM74C945 has display select to allow viewing of counter or latch
- Store and reset inputs allow operation as frequency or period counter
- MM74C947 has true ripple blanking; least significant digit may be optionally blanked

Connection Diagrams



MM74C946 4½-Digit Counter/Decoder/ Driver for LCD Displays

General Description

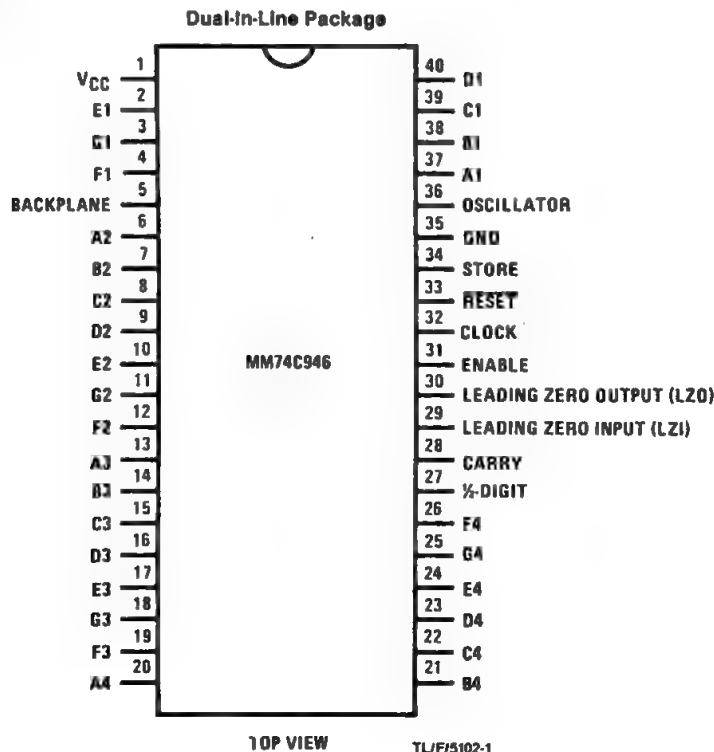
The MM74C946 is a 4½-digit CMOS counter which contains a counter chain, decoders, output latches, LCD segment drivers, count inhibit and backplane oscillator/driver circuitry. This device also contains leading zero blanking and a carry output to increase flexibility and facilitate cascading of multiple 4-digit sections.

This device provides 29 segment outputs to drive a standard 4½-digit liquid crystal display. An on-chip backplane oscillator/driver is also provided. This can be disabled by grounding the oscillator pin, thus allowing the device to be slaved to an external backplane signal via the backplane pin.

Features

- Low power operation—less than 100 μ W quiescent
- Direct 4½-digit 7-segment display drive for higher contrast and long display life
- Pin compatible to Intersil's ICM7224
- Store and Reset inputs permit operation as frequency or period counter
- True count inhibit disables first counter stage
- Carry output for cascading 4-digit blocks
- Schmitt trigger on the clock input allows operation in noisy environments or with slowly changing inputs
- Leading zero blanking input and output for correct leading zero blanking with cascaded devices
- On-chip backplane oscillator/driver which can be disabled to permit slaving of multiple devices to an external backplane signal

Connection Diagram



National Masked Logic (NML) Family

General Description

National Masked Logic (NML) is an extension of Programmable Array Logic (PAL[®]) technology which substitutes metal interconnects, fabricated during the manufacturing process, for the field programmable fuse links found on the PAL approach when sufficient quantities per pattern are required. While the exact number of units to justify the masked approach varies over time due to increasing and decreasing component and labor costs, it should remain in the several thousands per pattern.

PAL/NML technology allows the user to replace several SSI/MSI logic devices with a single 20- or 24-pin thin-DIP PAL/NML device. Typical chip count reduction runs from 4:1 to 12:1.

The family lets the systems engineer customize his chip by configuring AND and OR gates to perform his desired logic function. Complex interconnections which previously required time-consuming layout are thus transferred from PC board to silicon where they can be easily modified during prototype check-out by using PALs and then switching to the NML parts when high volume production is achieved.

The NML transfer function is the familiar sum of products with a single array of program links. Unlike the ROM, the NML is a programmable AND array driving a fixed OR array (the ROM is a fixed AND array driving a programmable OR array). In addition, the NML provides these options:

- Variable input/output pin ratio
- Programmable 3-state outputs
- Registers with feedback

Registers consist of D-type flip-flops which are loaded on the low-to-high transition of the clock. Logic diagrams are shown with all cross points disconnected, enabling the designer use of the diagrams as coding sheets.

The PAL version of this family is programmed on conventional PROM programmers with appropriate personality and socket adapter cards. Once the PAL is programmed and verified, two additional fuses may be blown to make verification difficult. This feature gives the user a proprietary circuit which is very difficult to copy. Specifications for the PAL and NML devices are identical, which permit substitution of one device for the other with a minimum of difficulty.

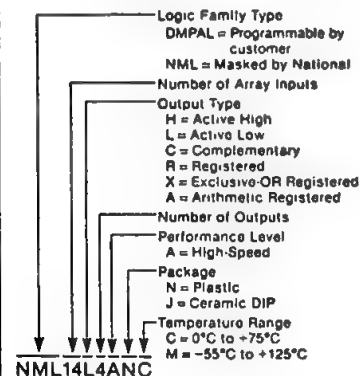
Features

- Programmable replacement for conventional TTL logic
- 20-pin DIP packages
- Programmable prototyping tool (PALs)
- Special feature reduces possibility of copying by competitors

PAL is a registered trademark of and used under license with Monolithic Memories, Inc.

Ordering Information

Part Number System



20-Pin Family

Part Number	Description
NML10H8	OCTAL 10 Input AND OR Gate Array
NML12H6	HEX 12 Input AND OR Gate Array
NML14H4	QUAD 14 Input AND OR Gate Array
NML16H2	DUAL 16 Input AND OR Gate Array
NML16C1	16 Input 16 Input AND OR AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML10L8	OCTAL 10 Input AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML12L6	HEX 12 Input AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML14L4	QUAD 14 Input AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML16L2	DUAL 16 Input AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML16L8	OCTAL 16 Input AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML16R8	OCTAL 16 Input Registered AND OR Gate Array
NML16R6	HEX 16 Input Registered AND OR Gate Array
NML16R4	QUAD 16 Input Registered AND OR Gate Array
NML16X4	QUAD 16 Input Registered AND OR XOR Gate Array
NML16A4	QUAD 16 Input Registered AND CARRY OR XOR Gate Array

24-Pin Family

Part Number	Description
NML12L10	DECA 12 Input AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML14L8	OCTAL 14 Input AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML16L6	HEX 16 Input AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML18L4	QUAD 18 Input AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML20L2	DUAL 20 Input AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML20L1	20 Input AND OR AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML20L10	DECA 20 Input AND OR INVERT Gate Array
NML20X10	DECA 20 Input Registered AND OR XOR Gate Array
NML20X8	OCTAL 20 Input Registered AND OR XOR Gate Array
NML20X4	DUAL 20 Input Registered AND OR XOR Gate Array

NS16008S-6, NS16008S-4 High-Performance 8-Bit Microprocessors

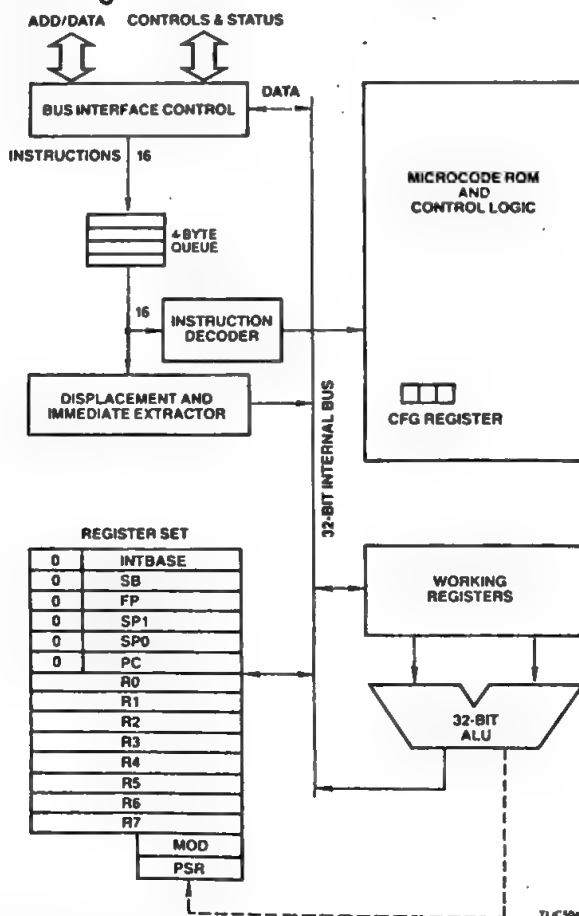
General Description

The NS16008 functions as a Central Processing Unit (CPU) in National Semiconductor's NS16000 microcomputer family. It has been designed to optimally support microprocessor users who need the ability to use a large addressing space for large programs and/or large data structures. Because large programs must realistically be generated and maintained in high-level languages, the NS16000 architecture provides for very efficient compilation while remaining easy to program at the assembler level for optimizations. The NS16008 represents an implementation of this architecture for 8-bit systems. High-performance Floating-Point instructions are provided with the NS16081 Floating-Point Unit (FPU). The NS16008S-4 and NS16008S-6 have different timing parameters. Refer to Section 4 for timing specifications.

Features

- 32-Bit Architecture and Implementation
- 8-bit Bus for Low System Cost
- 16-MByte Uniform Addressing Space
- Powerful Instruction Set
 - General Two-Address Capability
 - Very High Degree of Symmetry
 - Addressing Modes Optimized for High-Level Language References
 - Expansion via Slave Processors or Traps
- High-Speed XMOS Technology
- Single 5V Supply
- 48-Pin Dual-In-Line Package

NS16008 CPU Block Diagram



TLC5049

TRI-STATE® is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

STARPLEX II™ is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

NS16081 Floating-Point Unit

General Description

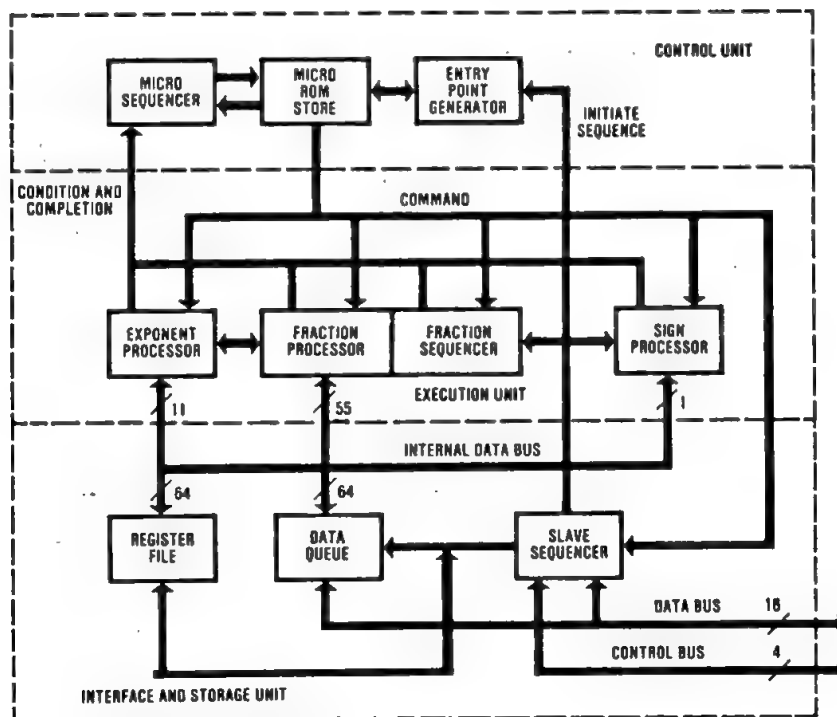
The NS16081 is the Floating-Point Unit (FPU) in the NS16000 microprocessor family. The NS16081 operates as a slave processor, and the NS16081 instruction set appears to the programmer as part of the NS16000 instruction set. Thus, the user can utilize all the powerful addressing modes and data types present in the NS16000 architecture. The FPU performs both single-precision (32-bit) and double-precision (64-bit) floating-point arithmetic, and conforms to the proposed IEEE format. The FPU instruction set includes Add, Subtract, Multiply, Divide, and other popular arithmetic operations. The FPU is compatible with all microprocessors in the NS16000 family.

Features

- Both 32-bit and 64-bit operation
- Eight on-board, general-purpose, 32-bit registers
- Conforms to proposed IEEE format
- Accepts direct memory-to-memory operation
- High-speed execution—typical values (at 10MHz) are:

	32-bit	64-bit
Add	7.4 μ s	7.4 μ s
Multiply	4.8 μ s	6.2 μ s
Divide	8.9 μ s	11.8 μ s

- High-speed XMOS™ technology
- Single, +5V supply
- 24-pin package



FPU Block Diagram

OC1799-1

NS16201-6 Timing Control Unit

General Description

The NS16201 Timing Control Unit (TCU) is a 24-pin device fabricated on a Schottky bipolar process. It provides the 2 phase MOS clock drivers, system control logic (read, write, and data buffer enable) and cycle extension logic for the NS16000 family.

A crystal or external signal may be used as the 2 x frequency source. Besides the 2 phase MPU clock outputs (PHI1 and PHI2), there are two other clock outputs (TTL-compatible) available for system timing use. One of these is a fast clock (FCLK), at twice the MPU clock frequency (i.e., at the crystal frequency). The other is a TTL version of PHI1 (CTTL).

The cycle extension features include:

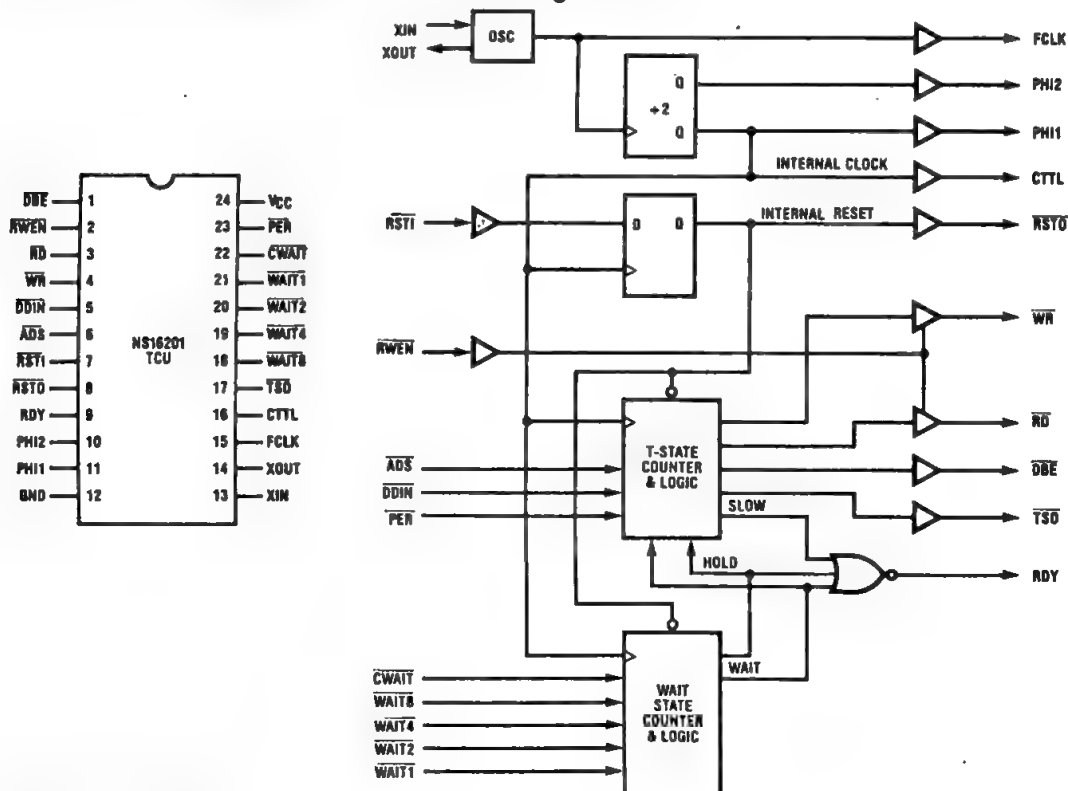
- Digitally programmable wait state inputs (WAITn)
- Peripheral (slow) cycle to accommodate slower MOS peripheral interface ICs (where just adding wait states is not adequate)
- Cycle Hold between the first (T1) and second (T2) timing states to allow additional time for arbitration prior to generating control signals.

Features

- 2 phase full V_{CC} swing high capacitance clock drivers
- 4-bit input (WAITn) allowing precise specification of from 0 to 15 wait states
- Cycle Hold for system arbitration and/or memory refresh
- System timing (CTTL and FCLK) and control (\overline{RD} , \overline{WR} , and \overline{DBE}) outputs
- General purpose Timing State Output (TSO) that identifies internal states
- Support of slow MOS peripheral interface ICs (e.g., 8080 series)
- Provides "ready" (RDY) output for NS16000 MPUs
- Synchronous system reset generation from Schmitt trigger input
- Single 5V power supply
- 24-pin dual-in-line package

TRI-STATE® is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

NS16201 TCU Connection and Block Diagrams



NS16202 Interrupt Control Unit

General Description

The NS16202 Interrupt Control Unit (ICU) is the interrupt controller for the NS16000 microprocessor family. It is a support circuit that minimizes the software and real-time overhead required to handle multi-level, prioritized interrupts. A single NS16202 manages up to 16 interrupt sources, resolves interrupt priorities, and supplies a single-byte interrupt vector to the CPU.

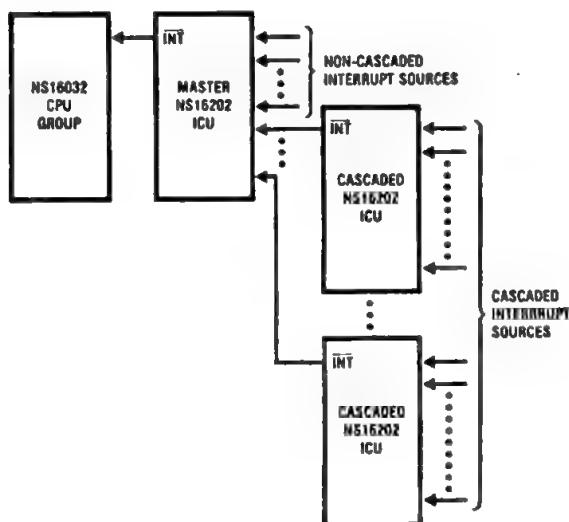
The NS16202 can operate in either of two data bus modes: 8-bit and 16-bit. In the 8-bit mode, up to 16 hardware interrupts with programmable priorities can be handled. In the 16-bit mode, 8 hardware and 8 software interrupts are possible. In either mode, up to 16 additional ICUs may be cascaded to handle a maximum of 256 interrupts.

Two 16-bit counters, which may be concatenated under program control into a single 32-bit counter, are also available for real time applications.

Features

- 16 maskable interrupt sources, cascadable to 256
- Programmable 8- or 16-bit data bus mode
- Edge or level triggering for each hardware interrupt with individually selectable polarities
- 8 software interrupts
- Fixed or rotating priority modes
- Two 16-bit, DC to 10MHz counters, that may be concatenated into a single 32-bit counter
- Optional 8-bit I/O port available in 8-bit data bus mode
- High-speed XMOS technology
- Single, +5V supply
- 40-pin, dual in-line package

NS16202 Basic System Configuration



TL/C/5117-1



**National
Semiconductor**

PRELIMINARY
November 1982

NS16032S-6, NS16032S-4 High-Performance Microprocessors

General Description

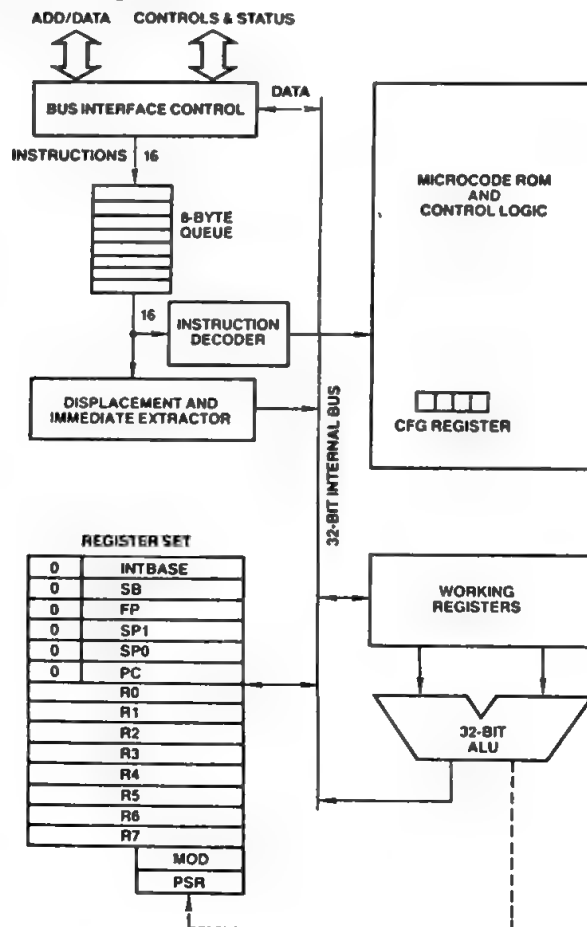
The NS16032 functions as a central processing unit (CPU) in National Semiconductor's NS16000 microprocessor family. It has been designed to optimally support microprocessor users who need the ability to use a large addressing space for large programs and/or large data structures. Because large programs must realistically be generated and maintained in high-level languages, the NS16000 architecture provides for very efficient compilation while remaining easy to program at the assembler level for optimizations. NS16000 architecture provides for full virtual memory capability, in conjunction with the NS16082 Memory Management Unit (MMU). High performance floating-point instructions are provided with the NS16081 Floating-Point Unit (FPU). The NS16032S-4 and NS16032S-6 have different timing parameters. Refer to Section 4 for timing specifications.

Features

- 32-bit Architecture and Implementation
- 16-MByte Uniform Addressing Space
- Powerful Instruction Set
 - General 2-Address Capability
 - Very High Degree of Symmetry
 - Addressing Modes Optimized for High-Level Language References
- High-Speed XMOS Technology
- Single 5V Supply
- 48-pin Dual-In-Line Package

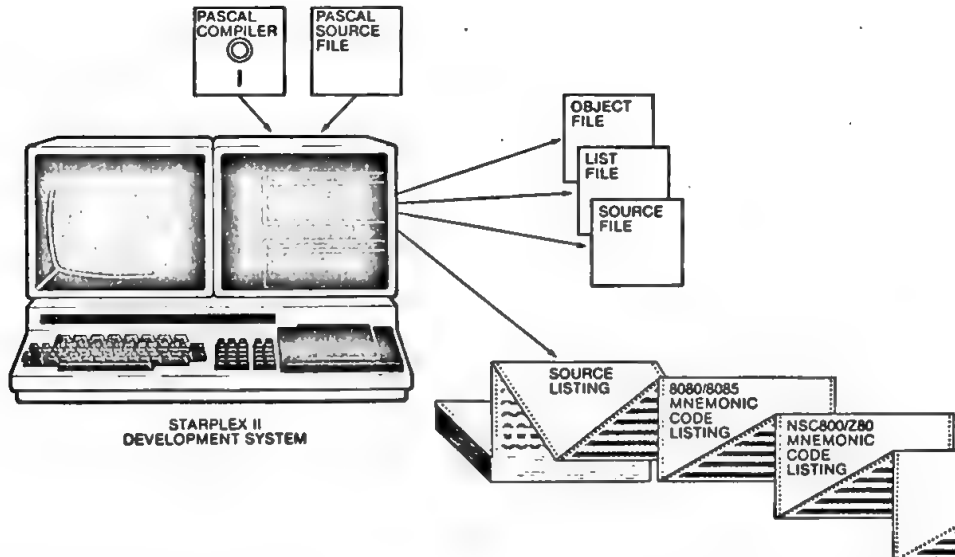
STARPLEX II™ is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.
VAX™ is a trademark of Digital Equipment Corp.

NS16032-6 CPU Block Diagram



PASCAL

PASCAL High Level Language Compiler For STARPLEX II™ Development Systems



- Executes On All STARPLEX II Development Systems
- Compatible With Existing ISO Standard PASCAL
- Highly Portable And Extended Source Programs
- Code Generation For 8080/8085 and NSC800™/Z80® Microprocessors
- Relocatable And Linkable Object Code Output
- Reentrant Procedures as Specified by User
- Extensions For Easy Hardware Access Via High Level Statements (Absolute Addresses and Input/Output Ports)

Product Description

PASCAL is a high level language compiler designed for STARPLEX II Development Systems. Available in two versions, this highly efficient and powerful compiler generates relocatable object code for 8080/8085 and NSC800/Z80 microprocessors.

PASCAL has proven to be one of the most popular, effective and powerful program development tools available today. With STARPLEX II PASCAL, programmer productivity is greatly improved because the programmer can concentrate on system development rather than all the details of assembly languages. Since PASCAL uses data structures that are very close to typical microprocessor architectures, it allows for efficient use of the machine. PASCAL programs are efficiently converted to assembly language instructions thus requiring fewer statements. Software development and maintenance costs are significantly reduced.

bly language instructions thus requiring fewer statements. Software development and maintenance costs are significantly reduced.

Free form PASCAL source programs are efficiently and effectively converted into 8080/8085 and NSC800/Z80 assembly language instructions. A given program, when written in PASCAL, requires much fewer statements than would the equivalent program written in assembly language. Thus, software development and maintenance costs are significantly reduced due to the block oriented structure that results naturally from the use of PASCAL. User programming conventions and structured programming techniques are easily accommodated by the free form source statements of PASCAL.

NSC800™ & STARPLEX™ are trademarks of National Semiconductor Corp.

Z80® is a registered trademark of Zilog

©1982 National Semiconductor Corp. TL/R/5108

Circle DATA UPDATE No. 114404

SCX 6224A High-Performance 2.4k CMOS Gate Array With 2 μ Gate Feature Sizes

General Description

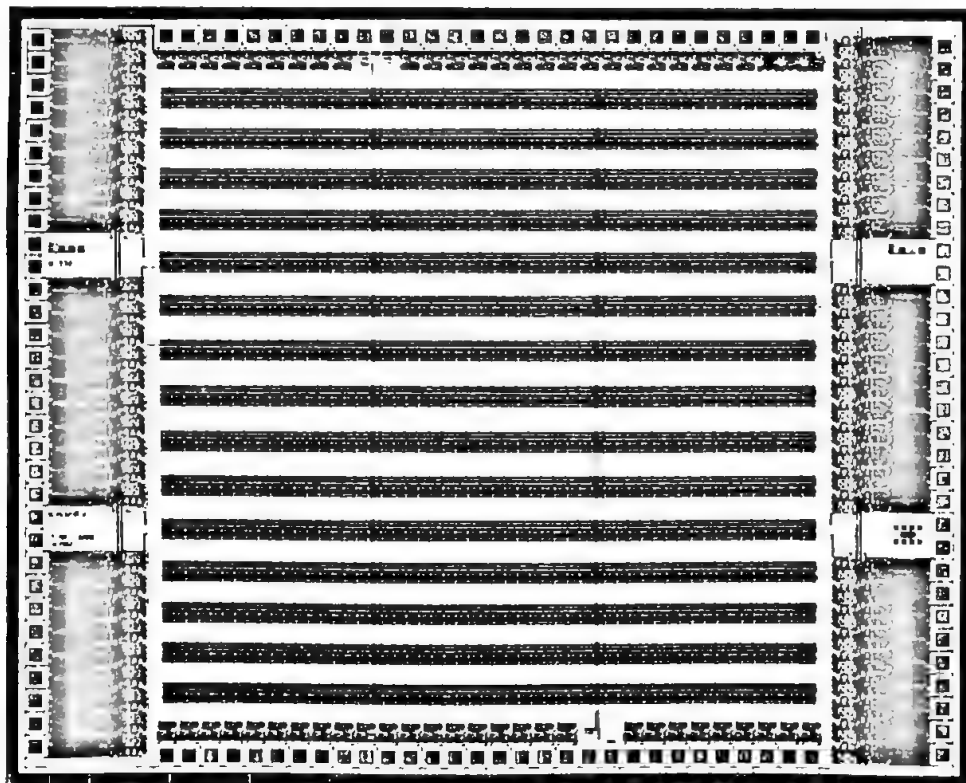
This versatile 2.4k gate array utilizes silicon-gate dual-layer metal CMOS (M²CMOS) technology with 2 μ gate feature sizes to achieve operating speeds better than S-TTL with the inherent lower power consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits. All outputs have the ability to drive 10 LSTTL loads. All inputs have high noise immunity and are protected from damage due to static discharge

To enhance user applications, the device is offered in three attractive 124-pin package options. Smaller pin count packages are available upon request.

Features

- 2.4k gates
- 1.0ns internal t_{pd}
- CMOS power dissipation
- "LS" drive capability
- Full design automation support
 - 80% utilization
 - 100% auto place and route
- 124 pins maximum
 - 55 inputs
 - 56 I/Os
 - 6 V_{DD}
 - 6 V_{SS}
 - 1 test

SCX 6224A Topology



TRI-STATE® is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

SCX 6324A M²C²MOS™ Gate Array NS000U Option User's Note

Introduction

The SCX 6324A CMOS 2.4k Gate Array is fabricated on a 3-micron, dual metal, N-Well, 5V M²C²MOS Process which typically provides internal propagation delay of <2ns for a 2-input NAND gate driving an IPF load.

The Test Chip Option of the SCX 6324A (NS000U option) contains all macro cells currently available for design (as of October, 1982). It is intended for engineering evaluation and as a sampling part for AC performance demonstration.

A schematic drawing follows and a test setup scheme is shown on page 5.

Test Set Up

The Test Chip option of the SCX 6324A contains many circuitries for engineering evaluation of macro functions that are currently available. Some circuits may have unprotected inputs/outputs, thus evaluations should be done under a controlled environment. Users are advised to use only those circuits that are mentioned in this note. Connections to any other pins may cause damage to the device.

A test set-up scheme is suggested in Figure 4 for reference, together with a selection table for each macro given in Table 1.

Input Pull-Up: All inputs (except pins 87 and 88) are provided with internal pull-up; grounded inputs will source approximately 8μA each at 25°C and V_{DD} = 5V.

AC Performance of a Macro: The outputs of all macros are fed to the external pins via a MUX and an output buffer, so their exact AC performance should be found by subtracting the delay due to these MUXs and buffers. Pins 59 and 55 (labelled as "Input signal reference") can be used to determine this extra delay.

Internal TRI-STATE® Macro: S9 and S10 are TRI-STATE buffers intended for use within the array. They are brought out to the external pin in this Test Chip option. A scope probe with low loading should be used to give better approximation of their performance. A low capacitance FET probe is recommended. It is unlikely that much less than 8-10pF of parasitic loading can be achieved. (See Note 2.)

Unprotected I/O Pins: There are I/O pins in this option that are not protected. Extreme care should be exercised in using them to avoid latch-up, oxide rupture, etc.

Metal Loading Evaluation: Three strings of inverters are included in this Test Chip for the metal loading evaluation. One is without any extra metal loading except for interconnect; the other two are loaded with 200-mil run of either metal 1 or metal 2 at each inverter stage. Refer to the schematic drawing for details. (See Note 1.)

1. Other than on these gate strings (see "Metal Loading Evaluation" above), no additional loading capacitance is added. All other macros are generally connected with a minimal amount of interconnect—the amount of parasitic strays incurred is not shown.
2. All macros intended for internal array use, but brought directly to output pins, are *not* protected against latch-up. (All true output buffer options of the I/O are fully protected.)

On-Chip Test Circuit

All options of the SCX 6324A are provided with an on-chip test circuitry, at the cost of a single input pin, to create TEST MODE. With this pin active (LOW), two additional pre-defined inputs are jointly employed to force all outputs to HIGH, LOW or Hi-Z states and thus reduce test time in gathering output parametrics at sort. These two pins further function as conventional inputs (either TTL or CMOS when in TEST MODE, HIGH) with no performance penalty apparent to the user.

TEST MODE (TMC): A LOW at this input will activate the test circuitry. All output buffers are to be driven by TEST DATA (DT) and TRI-STATE (TEST) pins.

TRI-STATE (TEST): A LOW at this input, together with TMC low, puts all TRI-STATE output buffers to Hi-Z state.

TEST DATA (DT): Input to this pin, with TMC low, forces all outputs to either HIGH or LOW.

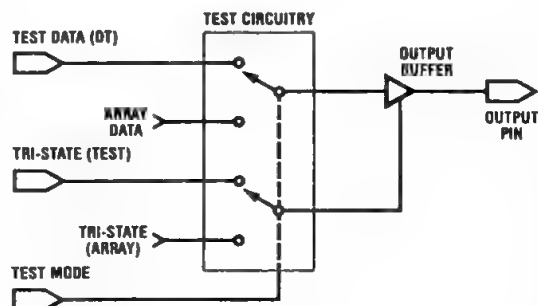


FIGURE 1

THE DATA BOOKSHELF: TOOLS FOR THE DESIGN ENGINEER

National Semiconductor's Data Bookshelf is a compendium of information about a product line unmatched in its breadth in the industry. The fifteen independent volumes that comprise the Bookshelf—about 8000 pages—describe in excess of 8100 solid-state devices; devices that span the entire spectrum of semiconductor processes, and that range from the simplest of discrete transistors to microprocessors—those most-sophisticated marvels of modern integrated-circuit technology.

Active and passive devices and circuits; hybrid and monolithic structures; discrete and integrated components ... complete electrical and mechanical specifications; charts, graphs, and tables; test circuits and waveforms; design and application information...whatever you need, you'll find it in the designer's ultimate reference source—National Semiconductor's Data Bookshelf.

ADVANCED BIPOLAR LOGIC DATABOOK

This is the Advanced Bipolar Logic Databook from National Semiconductor. The book contains information on the Advanced Schottky family, as well as the most up-to-date information available from National on the Advanced Low Power Schottky family.

Both of these advanced logic families are in their early production phases and will be continually expanded in future National Databook publications.

Contact your National Semiconductor Representative for more information concerning these next generation logic families or any of the other extensive logic families.

Page Count: 214 Price: \$5.00 Year: 1982

ADVANCED SCHOTTKY DATABOOK

The DM54/74AS family of devices are designed to meet the needs of system designers who require the ultimate in speed. AS achieves the fastest prop delays bipolar technology can offer (2 ns per gate). The AS family also offers significant reduction in power dissipation (8 mW per gate) over present Schottky (54/74S) with toggle rate capability of up to 200 MHz.

The AS fanout is TTL pinout compatible and offers Schottky (54/74S) drive capability with better fanout, higher noise immunity and faster operation.

For maximum design flexibility and elimination of special drawings, the AS family will be introduced with $\pm 10\%$ V_{CC} over the military and commercial full temp range as standard product. Furthermore, all switching characteristics are guaranteed over the full temperature and V_{CC} range.

Page Count: 172 Price: \$5.00 Year: 1982

COPS MICROCONTROLLERS DATABOOK

The COPS Microcontrollers Databook offers the most current information available from National Semicon-

ductor on the COPS microcontroller family. Included in this publication are sections on: single-chip, ROMless and piggyback microcontrollers, standard controllers, MICROWIRE peripherals, EPROMs and support circuits, and development systems and user's manuals, as well as the applications for these products.

COPS products offer cost efficiency and design flexibility as well as development ease, and will be continually upgraded and expanded. Continue to look for future databooks providing information on new developments which may improve your capability to bring your ideas to market.

For more information, contact your National Semiconductor Representative concerning any of our COPS family products.

Page Count: 834 Price: \$6.00 Year: 1982

48-SERIES MICROCOMPUTER HANDBOOK

This handbook contains detailed design-related information pertaining to the National Semiconductor 48-Series single-chip microcomputers and microprocessors.

The material presented is at a level of detail to aid in the design and development of systems using the 48-Series microcomputers.

Topics include the 48-Series architecture, expansion, and instruction set.

Additional hardware examples, integrated with the required software, and various data sheets of compatible devices are given.

Page Count: 192 Price: \$5.00 Year: 1980

HYBRID PRODUCTS DATABOOK

The Hybrid Products Databook is the only National Semiconductor publication that contains complete information on all of our hybrid semiconductor products.

Included are precision thin film and thick film products which provide the user with standard functions from operational amplifiers to converters with capabilities beyond those of current monolithic technology.

Product selection guides and an application section are also included.

Page Count: 792 Price: \$7.00 Year: 1982

THE INTERFACE DATABOOK

In National Semiconductor's Interface Databook, 702 pages of specifications describe one of the industry's broadest lines of interface products.

Over 300 data sheets have been compiled, covering transmission line drivers/receivers, bus transceivers, peripheral/power drivers, level translators/buffers, display drivers, MOS and magnetic memory interface circuits, microprocessor support circuits, applicable TTL and CMOS logic circuits.

An industry cross reference guide gives National Semiconductor's exact replacement for 7 other manufacturers. Product selection guides and a complete product applications section make it easy to find the correct part number for these specialized ICs.

Page Count: 702 Price: \$6.00 Year: 1980

LINEAR APPLICATIONS HANDBOOK

This 712 page handbook provides a fully indexed and cross referenced collection of 110 linear circuit applications using both monolithic and hybrid circuits from National Semiconductor's broad line of linear products.

Thought provoking applications, written by National's engineers, are an excellent reference source for linear design problems.

Consumer applications, frequency, temperature and drift compensation, and improving signal-to-noise ratios are just a few of the design requirements considered.

Page Count: 712 Price \$16.00 Year: 1980

LINEAR DATABOOK

This new 1982 edition of the National Semiconductor Linear Databook is the most comprehensive available. It presents approximately 2000 pages of specifications for our high-technology linear products. Applications, descriptions, features and diagrams in this databook include detailed sections for Voltage Regulators, Op Amps, Voltage Comparators, A to D, D to A Converters, Industrial Blocks and Audio, and TV Circuits.

The databook also features advanced telecommunication devices and speech synthesis (DIGITALKER™), plus other non-state-of-the-art linear products offering performance, economy, quality and reliability.

Page Count: 1952 Price: \$12.00 Year: 1982

LOGIC DATABOOK

National's new Logic Databook covers five of their logic families: TTL (54/74), Schottky (54S/74S), low power Schottky (54S/74LS), high speed (54H/74H), and low power (54L/74L).

The Logic Databook—especially organized for quick and easy referencing—offers two complete functional indices and selection guides, one for SSI and one for MSI devices. In addition, it includes over 100 connection diagrams and test waveforms to help speed the design-in cycle.

All in all, it's probably the most comprehensive collection of practical information ever assembled on such a broad line of practical components.

Page Count: 624 Price: \$9.00 Year: 1981

NSC800 MICROPROCESSOR FAMILY HANDBOOK

Contained in this manual are 224 pages of design-related information about National Semiconductor's 800-family series of high-performance-power microprocessor components.

Included are hardware functions, software operations, system support and design considerations for the NSC800 CPU, the NSC810 I/O Timer, and the NSC830 ROM I/O.

Completing this current edition are data sheets, application notes, and physical dimensions for many of the NSC800 components fabricated using the P²CMOS process.

Page Count: 224 Price: \$5.00 Year: 1981

PAL™ DATABOOK

This book is intended to be a complete reference for the design of digital systems using Programmable Array Logic (PAL) devices. In addition to data sheets for all currently available devices, this book also contains extensive application notes intended to give design examples for a number of PAL devices. It also contains a step-by-step procedure for PAL design and programming, including the listing for PALASM™, which is a FORTRAN IV program that converts logic equations to PAL programming information.

Portions of this book have been reprinted with the permission of Monolithic Memories Inc., the originator of the PAL concept.

Page Count: 176 Price: \$6.00 Year: 1982

RELIABILITY HANDBOOK VOLUME I

The Reliability Handbook Volume I penetrates the barrier of technical jargon and procedural ritual that has grown around the subject of semiconductor reliability, enabling the reader to arrive at a clearer understanding in the areas that bear direct concern in the application of semiconductors within the Military/Aerospace electronic systems.

This handbook focuses on areas of concern to all users of semiconductors where device reliability is of paramount importance. It examines the devices themselves and discusses the most widely accepted and specific test procedures designed to test reliability. Throughout, the relationship of electrical, mechanical, environmental, and visual tests and inspections to the nature of the devices is emphasized. Discussions include the MIL-STD-883, MIL-M-38510, VLSI/VHSIC, 883B/RETS™, and 883S/RETS™.

The entire book is voluminously documented and comprehensively cross referenced.

Page Count: 285 Price: \$7.00 Year: 1982

TRANSISTOR DATABOOK

National Semiconductor has added many new transistors and product families since publication of the last databook. Many have already been widely acclaimed by users.

In addition to small-signal, power-bipolar and field-effect transistors that have been the mainstay of our catalog, there is a section for multiple-field-effect transistors. More part numbers will be added as market needs expand.

To keep current on all new National transistors, please contact your National sales representative or franchised distributor and ask to be placed on the customer mailing list.

Page Count: 558 Price: \$6.00 Year: 1982

VOLTAGE REGULATOR HANDBOOK

With the variety of fixed- and variable-regulator technology currently available, the 336-page Voltage Regulator Handbook becomes a must for the selection of three-terminal and dual tracking components that meet the system requirement while utilizing the most cost-effective approach.

Beginning with product selection procedure and a data sheet summary, the text continues with easily accessible information about booster circuitry, power transformer and filter specifications, test methods, manufacturers' cross reference, and extended use applications for National's regulators.

Page Count: 336 Price: \$7.00 Year: 1982

DATA BOOKSHELF ORDER FORM

Please send me the volumes of the National Semiconductor DATA BOOKSHELF that I have selected below.

Name _____ Company _____

Street Address _____

City _____ State/Country _____ Zip _____

☐ Please charge my:

☐ VISA*

☐ MasterCard*

Account # _____ Exp. Date _____

Signature _____

Charge Account Billing Address _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Telephone () _____

☐ I have enclosed my check or money order made payable to N/S Publications.*

*California residents must pay applicable sales tax. Allow 4-6 weeks for delivery.

_____ copies @ \$5.00	Advanced Bipolar Logic Databook 1982	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$5.00	Advanced Schottky Logic Databook 1982	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$5.00	Audio/Radio Handbook 1980	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$6.00	COPS™ Microcontrollers Databook 1982	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$5.00	48-Series Microcomputer Handbook 1980	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$7.00	Hybrid Products Databook 1982	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$6.00	Interface Databook 1980	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$16.00	Linear Applications Handbook 1980	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$12.00	Linear Databook 1982	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$9.00	Logic Databook 1981	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$6.00	Memory Databook 1980	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$3.00	Microprocessor Applications in Business, Science, and Industry	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$5.00	NSC800 μ P Family Handbook 1981	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$6.00	PAL® Databook 1982	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$7.00	Reliability Handbook, Vol. I, 1982	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$4.00	SC/MP Microprocessor Applications Handbook	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$6.00	Transistor Databook 1982	Total	\$ _____
_____ copies @ \$7.00	Voltage Regulator Handbook 1982	Total	\$ _____
	Subtotal	\$	_____
	California Residents Add 6% Sales Tax*	\$	_____
	Grand Total	\$	_____

MAIL TO:

National Semiconductor Corporation, ATTN: Literature Distribution MS/14208
2900 Semiconductor Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95051

For U.S. Domestic use only—see your local sales representative for international offices.

Price of books includes postage. Please allow 4-6 weeks for delivery.

All orders subject to availability. All prices subject to change without notice.

* San Francisco Bay Area residents add 6 1/2% sales tax.

INDEX OF AVAILABLE APPLICATION NOTES AND BRIEFS FROM THE "NATIONAL ARCHIVES"

ORDER NUMBER APPLICATION NOTES

100020	AN-20 An Application Guide for Op Amps
100022	AN-22 ICs for Digital Data Transmission
100024	AN-24 Simplified Test Set for Op Amp Characterization
100040	AN-40 Systems Approach to Character Generators
100051	AN-51 Monolithic AGC/Squelch Amplifier
100055	AN-55 Low-Frequency Operation with Dynamic Shift Registers
100070	AN-70 LM381A Dual Preamplifier for Ultra-Low Noise
100072	AN-72 The LM3900 - A New Current-Differencing Quad of Input Amplifiers
100074	AN-74 LM139/LM239/LM339 - A Quad of Independently Functioning Comparators
100075	AN-75 Applications for a High-Speed FET-Input Op Amp
100082	AN-82 LM125 Dual-Tracking Regulators
100083	AN-83 Data Bus and Differential Line Drivers and Receivers
100089	AN-89 How to Design with Programmable Logic Arrays
100097	AN-97 Versatile Timer Operates from Micro-seconds to Hours
100099	AN-99 Driving 7-Segment LED Displays with National Semiconductor Circuits
100100	AN-100 Custom ROM Programming
100103	AN-103 LM340 Series Three-Terminal Positive Regulators
100104	AN-104 Noise Specs Confusing?
100108	AN-108 Transmission-Line Characteristics
100109	AN-109 Solid-State Altimeter for Transponder Applications
100110	AN-110 Fast IC Power Transistor with Thermal Protection
100112	AN-112 Calculator Chip Makes a Counter
100114	AN-114 Microprocessors - An Introduction
100115	AN-115 Wide-Range Function Generator
100116	AN-116 Use the LM158/LM258/LM358 Dual, Single-Supply Op Amp
100117	AN-117 Data Handling with the IMP-8
100118	AN-118 CMOS Oscillators
100123	AN-123 A Microprogram Development System
100127	AN-127 LM143 Monolithic High-Voltage Op Amp Applications
100129	AN-129 A Linear Multiple Gain-Controlled Amplifier
100143	AN-143 Using National Clock Integrated Circuits In Timer Applications
100144	AN-144 Designing Memory Systems Using MM5262
100149	AN-149 Handheld Calculator Battery Systems
100158	AN-158 CMOS Line Drivers
100159	AN-159 Data Acquisition System Interface to Computers
100160	AN-160 Increasing Throughput for IMP-16 Serial Input/Output
100161	AN-161 IC Voltage Reference has 1ppm-per-Degree Drift
100164	AN-164 A Data Concentrator Using Pace

ORDER NUMBER APPLICATION NOTES

100165	AN-165 Dual-Polarity 3 1/2-Digit DVM Realized with Simple CMOS Interface
100167	AN-167 DM8678 Bipolar Character Generator
100168	AN-168 MM5865 Universal Timer Applications
100169	AN-169 A 4-Digit, 7-Function Stopwatch/Timer
100170	AN-170 Mounting Techniques for Multidigit LED Numeric Displays
100171	AN-171 PROM Power-Down Circuits
100172	AN-172 Pulsed Power Supply Operation of Selected MM2102 Static RAM
100173	AN-173 IC Zener Eases Reference Design
100174	AN-174 Microprocessor Security Systems Made Easy
100177	AN-177 Designing with MM74C908, MM74C918 Dual High Voltage CMOS Drivers
100178	AN-178 Application for Adjustable IC Power Regulator
100179	AN-179 A/D Converter Testing
100180	AN-180 RMS Converters and Their Applications
100181	AN-181 3-Terminal Regulator Is Adjustable
100182	AN-182 Improving Power-Supply Reliability with IC Power Regulators
100183	AN-183 A Cheap and Easy DC-DC Converter
100184	AN-184 References for A/D Converters
100186	AN-186 Number Cruncher (MM57109) Interface to Microprocessor
100188	AN-188 Clock Considerations for SC/MP-II
100190	AN-190 Serial Data Transfers with SC/MP-II
100191	AN-191 SC/MP as an Analog-to-Digital Converter
100192	AN-192 12-Bit Analog/Digital-Digital/Analog Conversion Card for SC/MP
100196	AN-196 Programmable TV Timer/Time-Channel Display
100197	AN-197 Multiprocessing with SC/MP
100198	AN-198 Simplify CRT Terminal Design with the DP8350
100199	AN-199 A Low-Component-Count Video Data Terminal Using the DP8350 CRT Controller and the INS8080 CPU
100200	AN-200 CMOS A/D Converter Chips Easily Interface to 8080A Microprocessor Systems
100201	AN-201 Motor RPM Control: An INS8060 Multi-processor Example
100203	AN-203 Bit-Slice Microprocessor Design Takes a Giant Step Forward with "Schottky-Coupled-Logic" Circuits
100210	AN-210 New PLLs Have Advantages as F-to-V Converters (and more)
100212	AN-212 Graphics Using the DP8350 Series of CRT Controllers
100215	AN-215 Digital Telephone and the Integrated Circuit CODEC
100216	AN-216 Summary of Electrical Characteristics of Some Well-Known Digital Interface Standards
100217	AN-217 Hi-Speed Bit-Slice Microsequencing Design
100219	AN-219 Gain Measurements In a CODEC System
100220	AN-220 Details of INS1771 FDC
100221	AN-221 Hybrid Active Filters
100222	AN-222 Super-Matched Bipolar Transistor Pair Sets New Standards for Drift and Noise

To order the application notes/briefs listed above, write the order number in the space provided on the reply card.

INDEX OF AVAILABLE APPLICATION NOTES AND BRIEFS FROM THE "NATIONAL ARCHIVES"

ORDER NUMBER APPLICATION NOTES

100225	AN-225 IC Temperature Sensor Provides Cold-Junction Compensation
100227	AN-227 Applications of Wideband Buffers
100228	AN-228 Designing with 16k and 64k Dynamic RAMs
100229	AN-229 PROM Power Switching Alternatives
100230	AN-230 Fine-Tuning the ALU Carry Path
100231	AN-231 Bipolar Character Generator Reduces CRT Parts Count, Improves Operation
100233	AN-233 The A/D Easily Allows Many Unusual Applications
100234	AN-234 A Microprocessor-Controlled Pressure Regulator
100235	AN-235 AUTOMATIC MULTIPOINT PRESSURE MEASUREMENT: Pressure is Measured and Controlled by Microcomputer with 12-Bit A/D Resolution
100236	AN-236 An Introduction to the Sampling Theorem
100237	AN-237 CONVOLUTION: Digital Signal Processing
100240	AN-240 Wide-Range Current-to-Frequency Converters
100241	AN-241 Working with High Impedance Op Amps
100242	AN-242 Applying a New Precision Op Amp
100243	AN-243 Graphics/Alphanumerics Systems Using the DP8350
100244	AN-244 Introduction to Practical Fiber Optics
100245	AN-245 Application of the ADC1210 CMOS A/D Converter
100247	AN-247 Using the ADC0808/ADC0809 8-Bit μ P Compatible A/D Converters with 8-Channel Analog Multiplexer
100248	AN-248 Electrostatic Discharge Prevention - Input Protection Circuits and Handling Guide for CMOS Devices
100252	AN-252 Speech Synthesis
100253	AN-253 LH0024 and LH0032 High Speed Op Amp Applications
100254	AN-254 Expanding 48-Series Program Space in 4k Byte Increments
100255	AN-255 Power Spectra Estimation
100256	AN-256 Circuitry for Inexpensive Relative Humidity Measurement
100257	AN-257 Simplified Multi-Digit LED Display Design Using MM74C911/MM74C912/MM74C917 Display Controllers
100259	AN-259 DS3662, the Bus Optimizer
100260	AN-260 A 20-Bit (1ppm) Linear Slope-Integrating A/D Converter
100261	AN-261 Low Distortion Wideband Power Op Amp
100262	AN-262 Applying Dual and Quad FET Op Amps
100263	AN-263 Sine Wave Generation Techniques
100264	AN-264 Applications of Audio Amplifier-Transistor Array ICs
100265	AN-265 An Electronic Watt-Watt-Hour Meter
100266	AN-266 Circuit Applications of Sample-and-Hold Amplifiers
100267	AN-267 An Optical Fiber, RS232C-Compatible Data Communication Link

ORDER NUMBER APPLICATION NOTES

100269	AN-269 Circuit Applications of Multiplying CMOS D-to-A Converters
100270	AN-270 Software Design for a High Speed (38.4 kbaud) Data Terminal
100271	AN-271 Applying the New CMOS Micro-DACS™
100272	AN-272 Op Amp Booster Designs
100278	AN-278 Designing with a New Super-Fast Dual Norton Amplifier
100280	AN-280 A/D Converters Easily Interface with 70-Series Microprocessors
100281	AN-281 Data Acquisition Using INS8048
100282	AN-282 INS8048 Display Driver Interface
100283	AN-283 INS8070 Multiprocessing Systems Programming
100285	AN-285 An Acoustic Transformer Powered Super-High Isolation Amplifier
100286	AN-286 Applications of the LM392 Comparator Op Amp IC
100287	AN-287 Voice Recording Techniques for Speech Synthesis
100288	AN-288 System-Oriented DC-DC Conversion Techniques
100289	AN-289 Circuit Applications of Analog Data Multiplexers
100290	AN-290 Application of the MM53200 Encoder/Decoder
100293	AN-293 Control Applications of CMOS DACs
100294	AN-294 Special Sample and Hold Techniques
100295	AN-295 A High Performance Industrial Weighing System
100296	AN-296 Crystal/INS8048 Oscillator
100297	AN-297 NS80CX48 Extra Features
100298	AN-298 Isolation Techniques for Signal Conditioning
100300	AN-300 Simple Circuit Detects Loss of 4-20 mA Signal
100303	AN-303 HC-CMOS Power Dissipation
100307	AN-307 Introducing the MF10: A Versatile Monolithic Active Filter Building Block
100310	AN-310 High-Speed CMOS (MM54HC/MM74HC) Processing
100311	AN-311 Theory and Applications of Logarithmic Amplifiers
100312	AN-312 Clock Modules
100313	AN-313 DC Electrical Characteristics of MM54HC/MM74HC High-Speed CMOS Logic
100314	AN-314 Interfacing to MM54HC/MM74HC High-Speed CMOS Logic
100316	AN-316 The Subscriber Line Card in a Distributed Control Switching System
100317	AN-317 AC Characteristics of MM54HC/MM74HC High-Speed CMOS

APPLICATION BRIEFS

101998	CN-3 COP420 Based Telephone-Line Powered Repertory Dialer
--------	---

To order the application notes/briefs listed above, write the order number in the space provided on the reply card.

INDEX OF AVAILABLE APPLICATION NOTES AND BRIEFS FROM THE "NATIONAL ARCHIVES"

ORDER NUMBER	APPLICATION BRIEFS	ORDER NUMBER	APPLICATION BRIEFS
101999	CN-4 The COP444L Evaluation Device 444L-EVAL	114675	MB-8 Digital Display Systems
102000	CN-7 Testing of COPS™ Chips	114676	MB-9 MOS Clock Drivers
102001	CN-6 Triac Control Using the COP400 Microcontroller Family	114679	MB-12 MOS Goes Bipolar
114490	AB 1 DP8408, DP8409 Application Hints	114680	MB-13 7 x 9 Display Character Generator
114491	B-1 D/A Conversion with the MM5450 Series LED Drivers	114683	MB-16 Double-Clocking Cuts Standard Registers to Nonstandard Sizes
114501	DB-5 Programmable Divide by N Counter	114750	μB-1 Downloader
114600	LB-28 General Purpose Power Supply	114751	μB-2 Multi-Microprocessor Software
114609	LB-37 Low Current Ammeter	114752	μB-3 Comparison Study NSC800 vs 8085, Z80™
114610	LB-38 Wide Range Timer	114753	μB-4 Software Comparison NSC800 vs 8085, Z80
114611	LB-39 Circuit Techniques for Avoiding Oscillations in Comparator Applications	114825	OB-1 Switching Time Testing of Opto-Couplers
114612	LB-40 Two Wire Circuit Transmitters	114826	OB-2 The Odd Coupler
114614	LB-42 Get Fast Stable Response from Improved Unity-Gain Followers	114410	SA-2 Set Point Monitoring, Alarm and Control Using the BLC-8737 Analog Board
114615	LB-43 Compare Accurate Reciprocals with Super-Matched Transistors	114411	SA-3 Using Assembler Routines with FORTRAN Makes STARPLEX™ More Versatile
114616	LB-44 Get More Power Out of Dual or Quad Op Amps	114412	SA-4 Designing Floppy Disk Systems (and a Sample CP/M Implementation)
114617	LB-45 Frequency-to-Voltage Converter Uses Sample-and-Hold to Improve Response and Ripple	114413	SA-5 Getting Started with BLC in Test Equipment Design
114618	LB-46 A New Production Technique for Trimming Voltage Regulators	114450	SA-7 Using NSC800 & 8085 ISE™ as Automatic Test Equipment
114619	LB-47 High Voltage Adjustable Power Supplies	114440	SB-1 BLC-8737 Analog Board
114620	LB-48 Simple Voltmeter Monitors TTL Supplies	114442	SB-6 Getting Started with National's High Performance (Z80 Based) Single Board Computer
114621	LB-49 Programmable Power Regulators Help Check Out Computer System Operating Margins	114445	SB-9 STARPLEX and Programmable Array Logic Implementation, a Sample Application
114622	LB-50 Using the LM1524/LM3524 in Switching Servo Amplifier Applications	114446	SB-10 Interfacing STARPLEX to a Data I/O Model 17 or 19 PROM Programmer for Programmable Array Logic
114623	LB-51 Add Kelvin Sensing and Parallel Capability to 3-Terminal Regulators	114455	SB-8 STARPLEX's "Submit Utility" Speeds Program Development
114624	LB-52 A Low-Noise Precision Op Amp		
114625	LB-53 μP Interface for a Free-Running A/D Allows Asynchronous Reads	ORDER NUMBER	TECHNICAL PAPERS
114626	LB-54 Circuit for Evaluation of Custom Vocabulary EPROM Prototype Set	113900	TP-14 Low Voltage Techniques
114670	MB-3 The MM5290 Power Story	113902	TP-15 Reducing DC Errors in Op Amps
114672	MB-5 MOS Clock Savers	113903	TP-16 Controlling Secondary Breakdown in Bipolar Power Transistors
114674	MB-7 TTL/MOS/DTL Interfaces	113905	TP-18 Implementation of a Speech Synthesizer

To order the application notes/briefs listed above, write the order number in the space provided on the reply card.

NOTES

NOTES

NOTES

NOTES

NOTES

NOTES

NOTES

NOTES

NOTES

REGIONAL AND DISTRICT SALES OFFICES

ARIZONA

* National Semiconductor
Rocky Mountain Regional Office
3225 N. 75th Street, Suite 2
Scottsdale, AZ 85251
(602) 941-1780
TWX: 910-951-1151

CALIFORNIA

* National Semiconductor
Northwest Regional Office
1333 Lawrence Expressway
Suite 258
Santa Clara, CA 95051
(408) 247-6397
TWX: 910-338-0537

* National Semiconductor
Los Angeles Regional Office
4827 Sepulveda, Suite 180
Sherman Oaks, CA 91403
(213) 995-6335
TWX: 910-495-1134

* National Semiconductor
Western Area Office
17870 Sky Park Circle #107
Irvine, CA 92714
(714) 957-1626
TWX: 910-595-2593

* National Semiconductor
District Sales Office
4617 Ruffner Street, Suite 206
San Diego, CA 92111
(714) 560-8330
TWX: 910-335-1566

COLORADO

National Semiconductor
District Sales Office
7120 E. Orchard Road
Suite 120
Englewood, CO 80111
(303) 850-7511
TWX: 910-320-2989

CONNECTICUT

* National Semiconductor
Northeast Regional Sales Office
Piersall Building, Suite 217
Wilton Center
Wilton, CT 06897
(203) 762-0378
TWX: 710-479-3512

DELAWARE

* National Semiconductor
Liberty Regional Office
275 Commerce Drive, Suite 207
Ft. Washington, PA 19034
(215) 643-4910
TWX: 510-661-3986

FLORIDA

* National Semiconductor
Eastern Area Office
560 N.W. 165th Street
Suite 103
Miami, FL 33169
(305) 949-3162
TWX: 810-845-4115

GEORGIA

* National Semiconductor
Dixie Regional Office
41 Perimeter Center East
Suite 660
Atlanta, GA 30346
(404) 393-2626
Telex: 700-553

ILLINOIS

* National Semiconductor
West-Central Regional Office
2030 Algonquin Road
Schmaburg, IL 60195
(312) 397-8777
TWX: 910-689-3346

INDIANA

* National Semiconductor
North-Central Regional Office
6910 North Shadeland, Suite 204
Indianapolis, IN 46220
(317) 842-5006
TWX: 810-260-1437

MARYLAND

* National Semiconductor
Capitol Regional Office
8970 Route 108, Suite G
Columbia, MD 21045
Baltimore: (301) 995-0820
Washington: (301) 621-5621
TWX: 710-861-0505

MASSACHUSETTS

* National Semiconductor
Northeast Area Office
111 So. Bedford St., Suite 108
Burlington, MA 01803
(617) 273-3170
TWX: 710-322-6924

MICHIGAN

* National Semiconductor
District Sales Office
7001 Orchard Lake Road
Suite 320N
West Bloomfield, MI 48033
(313) 855-0166
TWX: 810-242-2902

MINNESOTA

* National Semiconductor
Central Area Office
1801 E. 79th Street, Suite #1
Bloomington, MN 55420
(612) 854-8200
TWX: 910-576-3165

MISSOURI

* National Semiconductor
District Sales Office
3217 Broadway, Suite 205
Kansas City, MO 64111
(816) 931-9600

NEW JERSEY

North

* National Semiconductor
Mid-Atlantic Regional Office
140 Rte. 17 North, Suite 201
Paramus, NJ 07652
(201) 967-5300
TWX: 710-990-4962

South

* National Semiconductor
Liberty Regional Office
275 Commerce Drive, Suite 207
Ft. Washington, PA 19034
(215) 643-4910
TWX: 510-661-3986

NEW YORK

Upstate Area

* National Semiconductor
Empire Regional Office
6493 Ridings Road
Syracuse, NY 13206
(315) 463-8047
TWX: 710-541-0418

National Semiconductor
IBM District Sales Office
4 Haight Avenue
Poughkeepsie, NY 12603
(914) 473-8330
TWX: 510-248-0043

Metropolitan Area

* National Semiconductor
Mid-Atlantic Regional Office
(516) 222-1543
TWX: 710-990-4962

OHIO

* National Semiconductor
East Central Regional Office
293 Alpha Park
Highland Heights, OH 44143
(216) 461-0191
TWX: 810-427-2972

OHIO—Continued

* National Semiconductor
District Sales Office
1121-D Lyons Road
Dayton, OH 45459
(513) 435-6886
TWX: 810-473-2985

PENNSYLVANIA

East

* National Semiconductor
Liberty Regional Office
275 Commerce Drive, Suite 207
Ft. Washington, PA 19034
(215) 643-4910
TWX: 510-661-3986

West

* National Semiconductor
East Central Regional Office
293 Alpha Park
Highland Heights, OH 44143
(216) 461-0191
TWX: 810-427-2972

TEXAS

* National Semiconductor
Central Regional Office
1201 Richardson Drive
Suite 214
Richardson, TX 75080
(214) 690-4552
TWX: 910-867-4741

WASHINGTON

* National Semiconductor
Cascade Regional Office
1800 - 112th Avenue NE
Suite 260E
Bellevue, WA 98004
(206) 453-9944
TWX: 910-443-2318

CANADA

British Columbia

* National Semiconductor
Cascade Regional Office
1800 - 112th Avenue NE
Suite 260E
Bellevue, WA 98004
(206) 454-4600
TWX: 910-443-2318

Eastern Provinces

* National Semiconductor
Canadian Regional Office
5955 Airport Road, Suite 208
Mississauga, Ontario L4V 1R9
(416) 678-2920
TWX: 810-492-8863

PUERTO RICO

* National Semiconductor
Paradise Commercial Center
Matadero Road, Suite 10
Puerto Nuevo, PR 00920
(809) 782-3844

* Applications Engineer Available



National Semiconductor Corporation
2900 Semiconductor Drive
Santa Clara, California 95051
(408) 721-5000
TWX: (910) 339-9240

INTERNATIONAL SALES OFFICES

National Semiconductor Corporation
2900 Semiconductor Drive
Santa Clara, California 95051
Tel: (408) 721-5000
TWX: (910) 339-9240

Electronica NSC de Mexico SA
Hegel No. 153-204
Mexico 5 D.F. Mexico
Tel: (905) 531-1689, 531-0569
Telex: 017-73550

**National Semicondutores
Do Brasil Ltda.**
Avda Brigadeiro Faria Lima 830
8 Andar
01452 Sao Paulo, Brasil
Telex: 1121008 CABINE SAO PAULO
113193 INSB R

National Semiconductor GmbH
Furstenriederstrasse Nr.5
D-8000 Munchen 21
West Germany
Tel: (089) 56 01 20
Telex: 522772

National Semiconductor (UK) Ltd.
301 Harpur Centre
Horne Lane
Bedford MK40 1TR
United Kingdom
Tel: 0234-47147
Telex: 826 209

National Semiconductor Benelux
Ave. Charles Quint 545
B-1080 Bruxelles
Belgium
Tel: (02) 4661807
Telex: 61007

National Semiconductor (UK) Ltd.
1, Bianco Lunos Alle
DK-1868 Copenhagen V
Denmark
Tel: (01) 213211
Telex: 15179

National Semiconductor
Expansion 10000
28, Rue de la Redoute
F-92 260 Fontenay-aux-Roses
France
Tel: (01) 660-8140
Telex: 250956

National Semiconductor S.p.A.
Via Solferino 19
20121 Milano
Italy
Tel: (02) 345-2046/7/8/9
Telex 332835

National Semiconductor AB
Box 2016
Stensättravägen 4/11 TR
S-12702 Skarholmen
Sweden
Tel: (08) 970190
Telex: 10731

National Semiconductor
Calle Nunez Morgado 9
(Esc. Dcha. 1-A)
E-Madrid 16
Spain
Tel: (01) 733-2954/733-2958
Telex: 46133

National Semiconductor Switzerland
Alte Winterthurerstrasse 53
Postfach 567
CH-8304 Wallisellen-Zurich
Tel: (01) 830-2727
Telex: 59000

National Semiconductor
Pasilanraito 6C
SF-00240 Helsinki 24
Finland
Tel: (90) 14 03 44
Telex: 124854

NS Japan K. K.
POB4152 Shinjuku Center Building
1-25-1 Nishishinjuku, Shinjuku-ku
Tokyo 160, Japan
Tel: (03) 349-0811
TWX: 232-2015 NSCJ-J

National Semiconductor (Hong Kong) Ltd.
1st Floor
Cheung Kong Electronic Bldg.
4 Hing Yip Street
Kwun Tong
Kowloon, Hong Kong
Tel: 3-899235
Telex: 43866 NSEHK HX
Cable: NATSEMI HX

NS Electronics Pty. Ltd.
Cnr. Stud Rd. & Mtn. Highway
Bayswater, Victoria 3153
Australia
Tel: 03-729-6333
Telex: AA32096

National Semiconductor (PTE), Ltd.
10th Floor
Pub Building, Devonshire Wing
Somerset Road
Singapore 0923
Tel: 652700047
Telex: NAT SEMI RS 21402

**National Semiconductor (Far East) Ltd.
Taiwan Branch**
P.O. Box 68-332 Taipei
3rd Flr. Apollo Bldg. No. 218-7
Chung Hsiao E. Rd., Sec. 4
Taipei, Taiwan R.O.C.
Tel: 7310393-4, 7310465-6
Telex: 22837 NSTW
Cable: NSTW TAIPEI

**National Semiconductor (HK) Ltd.
Korea Liaison Office**
6th Floor, Kunwon Bldg.
No. 2, 1-GA Mookjung-Dong
Choong-Ku, Seoul
C.P.O.Box 7941 Seoul
Tel: 267-9473
Telex: K24942